Largest Evening Paper In the United States.

St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

Largest Circulation In the City of St. Louis.

VOL. XXXIV. ST. LOUIS, FRIDAY, DECEMBER 4, 1885. NO. 140.

Santa Claus

Is Now to be Found at His Headquarters,

THE GREAT BROADWAY BAZAAR

—OF—

D. CRAWFORD & CO.

With the Grandest Stock of

TOYS

AND

FANCY GOODS!

Ever Shown on This Continent!

GO AND SEE HIM.

Neuralgia

CAN BE CURED WITHOUT THE USE OF OPIUM OR MORPHINE!

The *Medical Brief*, published at St. Louis, says in the June, 1884, issue: "Many have become victims to the use of opium or morphine, from the use of those drugs for the relief of Neuralgia. It is gratifying to observe that such dangerous consequences may be averted by the use of TONGALINE, which is almost a specific in the acute form of Neuralgia."

Tongaline HIGHLY RECOMMENDED BY PHYSICIANS

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

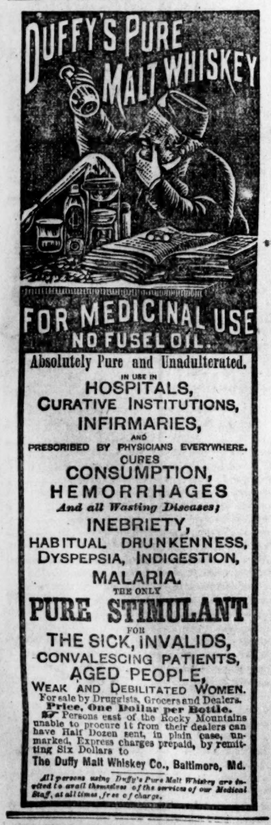
A. A. MELLIER, Sole Proprietor, 709 and 711 WASHINGTON AVENUE, ST. LOUIS

"Used Tongaline in a case of Neuralgia of 12 or 15 years standing which had resisted all treatment. This was six months since and the patient has enjoyed perfect freedom from her complaint."
E. L. ROWE, M. D., Gentryville, Mo.

"Have given Tongaline a fair trial in Neuralgia. To use my patient's own expression, 'It's the medicine for that disease.'" J. P. RINKEL, Brighton, Ill.

"I consider Tongaline the best preparation for Neuralgia I have ever tried."
C. V. DUVAL, M. D., Pineville, Mo.

PRICE ONE DOLLAR PER BOTTLE.



FOR MEDICINAL USE NO FUSEL OIL

Absolutely Pure and Unadulterated.

IN USE IN HOSPITALS, CURATIVE INSTITUTIONS, INFIRMARIES, AND PRESCRIBED BY PHYSICIANS EVERYWHERE.

CURES CONSUMPTION, HEMORRHAGES *And all Wasting Diseases;* INEBRIETY, HABITUAL DRUNKENNESS, DYSPEPSIA, INDIGESTION, MALARIA.

THE ONLY PURE STIMULANT FOR THE SICK, INVALIDS, CONVALESCING PATIENTS, AGED PEOPLE, WEAK AND DEBILITATED WOMEN.

For sale by Druggists, Grocers and Dealers.

Price, One Dollar per Bottle.

☞ Persons east of the Rocky Mountains unable to procure it from their dealers can have Half Dozen sent, in plain case, unmarked, Express charges prepaid, by remitting Six Dollars to

The Duffy Malt Whiskey Co., Baltimore, Md.

All persons using Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey are invited to avail themselves of the services of our Medical Staff, at all times, free of charge.

SPENCERIAN STEEL PENS

Possess 3 IMPORTANT CHARACTERISTICS. UNIFORMITY, DURABILITY, SUPERIORITY OF METAL.

Used by the best Penmen in the U. S. and Canada. Sample card of special numbers sent on application. ASK FOR CARD NO. 1.

Ivison, Blakeman, Taylor & Co., 753 and 755 Broadway, New York.

IMPORTANT TO

Consumers of Soap!

NEW YORK, November 20, 1885.

CHAS. S. HIGGINS, Esq.

Dear Sir:

I have analyzed samples of your Toilet Soap, designated as "La Belle," also samples of Colgate's "Cashmere Bouquet" and of "Lubin's Toilet Soap," with the following results:

I find your soap to be free from all impurities, whereas

Colgate's Cashmere Bouquet

contains 0.297 per cent of Silicate of Magnesia, or Talc, with traces of Iron, and

LUBIN'S contains 0.6372 per cent of Silicate of Magnesia, with Traces of Iron.

The late Prof. Justus Liebig said that "the degree of civilization of a people may be judged by the amount of soap used by it." I will add that the purity of the article employed by humanity for toilet purposes indicates their intelligence.

You have demonstrated that a perfectly Pure Soap may be made.

It is to be regretted that names world renowned in the making of toilet soap would employ adulterants.

Bodies foreign to a pure soap, however small in quantity, though lucrative to the makers of the soap, are no benefit to the consumers.

Ladies should not and do not desire to irritate the delicate surface of the skin, or fill its minute pores and thus obstruct their healthy action, which would result from the constant use of an adulterated soap.

I therefore commend to them and to the community in general the employment of

Your Pure "LA BELLE" Toilet Soap

over every adulterated article.

Yours respectfully,

R. OGDEN DOREMUS, M. D. LL. D.,

Professor Chemistry and Toxicology in Bellevue Hospital Medical College, and Professor Chemistry and Physics in College City of New York.

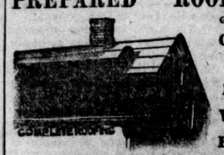
T. C. N. R.

JOHN MAGUIRE,

REAL ESTATE AGENT

539 NUTT, BETWEEN FIFTH AND SIXTH.

PREPARED ROOFING.



Guaranteed CHEAP and Durable Water & Fire PROOF.

Just the thing to put on over

OLD SHINGLE ROOFS.

ESTIMATES FURNISHED.

M. EHRET, Jr., & CO., Man'frs.

W. E. Campe, Agt., 9th and Olive Sts.

GREAT ANNUAL SALE

—OF—

HOLIDAY HANDKERCHIEFS

PENNY & GENTLES

Will continue our Annual Sale of Holiday Handkerchiefs by offering eight special lots, amounting to nearly 3,000 dozen. This sale will eclipse anything ever attempted before. See the marvelous bargains we are offering this week:

At 12 1-2c, worth 25 cents.
Lot 1. 300 dozen Ladies' Initial Handkerchiefs at 12 1-2c, actual value 25c.

At 25c, worth 40 cents.
Lot 2. 175 dozen Ladies' Sheer Linen Initial Handkerchiefs at 25c, actual value 40c.

At 25c, worth 40 cents.
Lot 3. 400 dozen Gents' All-Linen Initial Handkerchiefs at 25c, actual value 40c.

At 35c, or three for $1.
Lot 4. 290 dozen Gents' Pure Linen 2-in. H. S. handsome Initial Handkerchiefs, three for $1; actual value 50c.

At 5c, worth 8 1-3 cents.
Lot 5. 500 doz. Children's Printed Border Handkerchiefs at 5c, actual value 8 1-3c.

At 10c, worth 15 cents.
Lot 6. 175 dozen Ladies' Printed Border Handkerchiefs at 10c, actual value 15c.

At 25c, worth 45 cents.
Lot 7. 600 doz. Ladies' Pure Sheer Linen Lawn Handkerchiefs, in block patterns, embroidered, scolloped and hemstitched, at 25c, actual value 45c.

At 15c, worth 25c.
Lot 8. 400 dozen Gents' Printed Border Handkerchiefs, newest patterns, at 15c, worth 25c.

We will also offer 500 dozen Gents' China Silk Handkerchiefs, full size, at 40c; actual value 65c.

Immense Bargains in Hosiery, Gloves and Cloaks for Saturday.

PENNY & GENTLES, S. W. Cor. Broadway & Franklin Av.

PARISIAN CLOAK Co

PARISIAN CLOAK Co

The Only Exclusive Cloak House

In the City, Offers

One lot of 50 Boucle and Bison Cloth Short Wraps for $10; former price $12 50 and $15.

One lot of 35 Boucle and Bison Cloth Short Wraps, handsomely trimmed in Plush and Fur Tails, $12 50 and $15; former prices $16 50, $18 50 and $20.

Received this week 75 Short Wraps in Brocade Velvet, Frize and Matelasse, handsomely trimmed in Feather, Fur and Tails to suit, $16 50, $18 50, $22 50, $25 to $35; and every garment a bargain.

SPECIAL—75 Imported Diagonal Cloth Newmarkets, Astrachan Cuffs and Collars, for $6 50; former price $8 50.

75 Black Diagonal and Beaver Cloth Newmarkets for $8; former price $10 and $12.

500 Beaver, Imported Diagonal, Boucle and Berlin Cloth Newmarkets, $10, $12 50, $15, $16 50 up to $25; all nicely and elegantly trimmed, and on which you save 25 to 35 per cent.

We offer special low prices on Children's and Misses' Cloaks in Boucle and Beaver Cloths. We manufacture every Cloak and will save you 25 to 35 per cent on every one you buy.

Cloaks Laid Aside on a Deposit.

PARISIAN CLOAK CO.,

N. E. Cor. 5th and Washington Avenue.

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING

EPPS'S COCOA.

BREAKFAST.

"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—*Civil Service Gazette.*

Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in half-pound tins by grocers, labelled thus:

James Epps & Co., Homœopathic Chemists, London, England.

HERNSTEIN & PRINCE,

PRACTICAL OPTICIANS,

Opera and Field Glasses, Surveyors', Engineers' and Architects' Supplies,

317 N. FOURTH ST

Artificial Eyes a Specialty.

TO WEAK MEN suffering from the effects of youthful errors, early decay, lost manhood, etc. I will send you a valuable treatise upon the above diseases, also directions for self-cure, free of charge. Address Prof. F. C. FOWLER, Moodus, Conn.

HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED

STOMACH BITTERS

Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is an admirable remedy for disorders of the liver, when dormant, and promoting the secretion and flow of healthy bile into the proper channel. It relaxes without weakening or convulsing the bowels, and checks their irregularity. It arrests a growing tendency to rheumatism, depurating the blood, and increasing the activity of the kidneys, and it is the best remedy in existence for chills and fever and bilious remittent. For sale by all Druggists and Dealers, to whom apply for Hostetter's Almanac for 1886.

DRUNKENNESS

Or the Liquor Habit, Positively Cured by Administering Dr. Haines' Golden Specific.

It can be given in a cup of coffee or tea without the knowledge of the person taking it, is absolutely harmless, and will effect a permanent and speedy cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. It has been given in thousands of cases, and in every instance a perfect cure has followed. It never fails. The system once impregnated with the Specific, it becomes an utter impossibility for the liquor appetite to exist.

FOR SALE BY

M. W. ALEXANDER, Druggist, Broadway (5th) & Olive, ST. LOUIS, MO.

Call or write for pamphlet containing hundreds of testimonials from the best women and men from all parts of the country.

MEN ONLY. A Quick, Permanent Cure for Lost Vitality, Debility and Nervousness. Weakness. No quackery. Pamphlet sent free. Address Dr. [illegible]

GRACE'S GRIEVANCE

The Suit of New York's Mayor Against Mr. Joseph Pulitzer.

The Action Based on Published Articles Regarding Mr. Grace's Transactions With Grant & Ward and the Marine National Bank—Damages Placed at $50,000.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, December 4.—Yesterday afternoon about 2 o'clock David McGonigal, the affable deputy sheriff, called at the WORLD office and sent his card to Mr. Joseph Pulitzer. On the corner of the card appeared the rather ominous statement: "Mortgages foreclosed." The supposition being that Mr McGonigal had called to see about some advertising, the young man in charge of the elevator was directed to show him up. He appeared in a few moments and found Mr. Pulitzer engaged at the editorial council. In the politest manner possible he made known the fact that he had an order for arrest at the instance of the Lord High Mayor of the City of New York, Wm. Rosecommon Grace, esq., in a suit for civil damages on account of alleged libel, the actual injury being laid at $50,000. Mr. McGonigal, who was as polite a gentleman as one would wish to see, passed to Mr. Pulitzer a formidable bundle of papers, which he modestly admitted he had not read, and stated that it would be necessary for him to take a bond for the appearance of Mr. Pulitzer when required, in the sum of $5,000. Mr. Pulitzer proposed to give him Government bonds to that amount, and tendered him a check in any required sum, but Mr McGonigal thought the names of two bondsmen would look better. This was arranged in a few moments, without the necessity of Mr. Pulitzer leaving the building, and Mr. McGonigal courteously bowed himself out.

On examination of the voluminous documents it was found that Mr. Grace based his claim to damages on certain articles in relation to his connection with the Marine Bank and the firm of Grant & Ward, published from time to time in the WORLD.

"A NEWSPAPER OF VERY GENERAL CIRCULATION",—the same being set forth in the form of a protected complaint preceded by a deposition designed to establish the well-known fact that Joseph Pulitzer is the owner and editor of said paper. In this deposition Mr. Grace asserts: "That all and singular, the matters and things and the transactions between the city and Marine Bank and said firm of Grant & Ward and said Marine Bank, out of which any loss came to the city, occurred and took place during the years 1883 and 1884, while deponent was out of office." That these facts were well known to the defendant is clearly shown by this fact: "That in a certain copy of the said WORLD newspaper published on the 9th day of October, 1885, the defendant, after stating the fact that the transactions of the late Chamberlain Tappan with the firm of Grant & Ward extended only from August 1883 to May 1884 a period of only nine months," and continued as follows: "That the said Chamberlain, who held the people's money in his hands and deposited one million of it in the Marine Bank, is a debtor of Grant and Ward, actually interested in the firm at that time $4,147,000 and drew out $4,864,000." This was under Mayor Edison's term and illustrates the looseness with which the city's affairs were then conducted, "showing that the said defendant, at that time, was perfectly well aware that the transactions, and all of them out of which any loss arose to the city of New York began and ended during the years 1883 and 1884, and that during that time plaintiff was not the mayor of the city of New York and had no more control over the affairs than any private citizen.

"Deponent further says that no previous application has been made for the order now sought, and that the plaintiff is about to commence by the summons an action in the court against the defendant upon the causes of action stated in the complaint."

The complaint sets forth that plaintiff was Mayor of New York from January 1, 1881, to January 21, 1884, inclusive, and was again elected Mayor for the term beginning January 1, 1885, and ending December 31, 1886, that the Marine National Bank was a corporation doing a banking business in New York long prior to the year 1880; that said bank was and had been long prior to plaintiff's first term as mayor a depository of the moneys of the city of New York; that in May, 1884, the said bank failed, owing the city as one of its depositors about one million dollars, it is further set forth that during and prior to 1880, and during part of 1884, the firm of Grant & Ward, of which Ferdinand Ward and James D. Fish were members, was doing business as bankers and brokers in New York; that said Fish was also president of said Marine National Bank; that in May, 1884, the said firm failed; that it was and ever since has been a matter of common talk that the failure

WAS DISHONEST AND FRAUDULENT;

that for a long time prior to the failure the firm had been engaged in fraudulent practices and had defrauded large numbers of people; that by these frauds the firm had caused the failure of the Marine National Bank, and by fraudulent collusion caused the loss to the city of New York of the amounts deposited by the city in the bank. In this connection the plaintiff affirms that during the year 1883 and 1884 and prior thereto, he had certain business dealings with said firm of Grant & Ward, and at the time of the failure of the firm held its paper to a considerable amount.

The plaintiff then alleges that defendant published in the WORLD, on or about October 14, 1885, a false, scandalous, malicious and defamatory libel, as follows: "Mr. Grace says, and the accounts show, that the notes of the firm discounted by him were indorsed by James D. Fish, the president of the Marine Bank. This proves that Mayor Grace knew that President Fish was a partner in these wildcat and dangerous speculations. Yet the Mayor allowed the city deposits to be placed in Marine Bank. Output no. Mr. Grace, as a business man, to have known that a bank involved in such transactions, with only $500,000 capital, must have been unsafe depository, that the city was in danger of losing its money, and did, eventually, lose to the extent of $1,000,000?"

For a second cause of action the plaintiff alleges that on or about August 15, 1885, the defendant published about as follows: "Mr. Grace allowed city money to be placed on deposit in the Marine Bank, the President and two of the directors of which he knew were interested with himself in Grant & Ward's gambling ventures. That this was a shade of fraud manifestation is proved by the fact that the city lost by it $1,000,000."

For a third cause of action the plaintiff alleges that about October 15, 1885, the defendant wrote and published in the WORLD, "the same having a very large circulation in the city of New York and throughout the United States," another libelous article as follows: "It is seen that a close combination existed between the city authorities and the rascals who were swindling everybody they could draw into their net. It is startling to think that a Comptroller whose bond men were the Auburn convict Williams and the Ludlow street prisoner, Ward, was actually almost onto the city by its close associate and chum, Mayor Edison, as a purely business and honest reform appointment; that the officer who more than any other confronted the city's mother (meaning plaintiff) was a creditor of Ward's and a sharer in his contract speculations, and that he actually gave

THE ACCOMPLISHED SWINDLER,

Ward, the privilege of buying millions of the company's bonds sometimes without any security, and sometimes without any security for payment a day's 'credit' in the Marine Bank. Grace, Edson, Hastings, Grant, Nelson, J. Tappan, James D. Fish and Ferdinand Ward, formed the sharer in Ferdinand Ward's profits. Edson appointing Grant Comptroller in the name of Reform; Tappan (a partner of Fish & Ward), Fish, the dishonest bank, Ward, the acknowledged swindler—what a nice combination for the city to be drawn into! And what a satisfaction to know that Grace is still Mayor of the city, and one of the careful, united Tappan, because Chamberlain in place of Nelson J. Tappan."

In the fourth count, the plaintiff again calls attention to the fact that the WORLD has a large circulation in New York and the United States, and alleges a further libel on or about October 20, 1885, as follows: "By the way, $1,000,000 is just the sum the city loses by the joint stock operations of Grace, Hasting, Grant, Edson, Ferd Ward and the Marine Bank.

The fifth count refers to the publication in the WORLD (of large circulation in said city) of the following editorial matter in its issue of October 18, 1885: "No doubt New York is an expensive place to govern but it costs not so much as such as it does. There may be no direct stealing, but there are plenty of leakages. No one now carries the donations of the barrel, but a great many suits are based on the city. Why the upkeep is often left running and the 'reports' are consciously inserted in the bung hole, all in the case of $1,000,000 lost in a lump in the Marine Bank, through the joint operations of Grace, Edson, Tappan and C. H. Grant.

As a SIXTH cause of action the following is quoted from the WORLD of November 8, 1885 also averred to be "of large circulation:" "The covetous financiers who supplied Ferdinand Ward with the capital to carry on his swindling operations in consideration of a large share in the profits can, evidently, be reached through the United States courts. The money with which they fed the fraudulent game was used to obtain the credit with the banks which tempted Fish into the operation and finally wrecked the Marine Bank. Hence, it is clear they became accomplices in fraud and in destroying the National Bank, and were guilty of crime under the United States statutes. Mayor Grace was one of those who aided and abetted Ward in

WRECKING THE MARINE BANK

and sharing in the profits of the nefarious transactions."

The plaintiff alleges as a seventh cause of action the publication of the following matter by the defendant on or about November 13, 1885, in the WORLD," "of large circulation:" "The people lost the $1,000,000 deposited with the Marine Bank, except such trifling sum as may be recovered as a dividend, because Mayor Grace, Mayor Edson, Comptroller C. H. Grant, Chamberlain Tappan and probably others were using Ferdinand Ward and making money out of him. The public interests suffered, no doubt, from the monopoly of the revenue bonds of the city granted to Ferdinand Ward under the administration of Mayors Grace and Edson for the same reason. A Mayor who controls the city deposits, pretending to be too conscientious to hold a directorship in a bank which is named as a depository bank, yet advancing money to a swindling operator who is one of the directors and sharing the profits of his rascalities at the rate of 400 or 500 per cent per annum on his loans. It is outrageous that such developments should be allowed to rest where they are, while Wm. R. Grace is still Mayor, and the whole of the city's finances, to the amount of millions, is in the hands of his young cousin, whose appointment, as Chamberlain, was a scandal to the city and an insult to the people."

In the eighth count, still insisting that the WORLD on December 2, 1885, had a very large circulation in the city of New York and the United States," the plaintiff alleges the following article in the course of comment on the recent disclosures of official corruption to be libelous in its reference to him. "What other results could be anticipated? At the head of the city government is a Mayor who, though enormously rich and above the female complication of poverty which led to Gen. Shaler's fall, was a sharer in transactions which has already sent two men to State Prison and caused the indictment of two others."

The ninth count, still maintaining that the WORLD has "a very large circulation throughout the United States," avers that on or about October 18, 1885, the defendant published the following letter, also held to be libelous: "Under the proceeding the city could get back some of the money it lost by the failure of the Marine Bank. This would do only the simple justice, as the $1,000,000 was owed up to the time the Bank failure was lost through the acts of Grace, ex-Comptroller Grant, Tappan and Edson, and some of it actually went into the pockets of Grace, Tappan, and probably C. H. Grant, all city officials at the time of their association with the Marine Bank, its convict president, and the swindler Ward."

Concluding, the plaintiff says: "That all and singular the wrongs aforesaid committed by said defendant have been of great damage to plaintiff, and plaintiff demands judgment against defendant for the sum of $50,000, besides cost of this action."

BRUIN SHOWED FIGHT.

A Party of Hunters Track and Kill an Enormous Bear.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

SCRANTON, PA., December 4.—An enormous bear, weighing nearly 500 pounds, was brought to Scranton yesterday by Charles Houck, who, with a party of hunters, dispatched the animal after a fierce struggle at Houckville, in the wilds of the Hocono mountains on Wednesday. The bear was first tracked in the snow by a lumberman named George Lobsnee, who, seeing that the foot-prints were quite recent, proceeded to examine the cover Bruin had taken. He did not go far before he was startled by a hoarse growl from a clump of bushes, and, glancing in the direction, he saw a large black bear sitting on its haunches. Realizing that it would be an unequal contest in case of a struggle, Lobsnee, whose only weapon was an ax, hastened home and gave the alarm. In a short time twelve men arrived with rifles, and, accompanied by dogs, started out after the bear. After a long search the hunting party separated into two sections, one of which was headed by Charles Houck and the other by H. A. Nicholson. In a little time Mr. Houck's dog got on the scent and led the party on a quick run through a tangle of bushes, where they came upon the bear, which immediately showed fight. He rose to his full height, uttered a loud growl, and presented a formidable appearance. As he advanced Nicolson fired, and the roar of pain which followed the rifle shot told that the bullet had not missed its mark. As soon as the smoke cleared away the bear was seen glaring about wildly for its enemy and tearing up the brush, which it flung about furiously in its rage. As soon as it caught sight of Houck and Nicolson, who were some distance ahead of their companions, it dashed at them, but as it advanced to within a few yards of where they stood, a well directed bullet from Houck's rifle brought it down, after which the triumphant hunters rushed in upon it and soon dispatched their game. The hunters say that bears have never been so plentiful on the mountains as they are this year.

THE BROOM CORN CROP.

Chicago Dealers Get a Corner on the Western Crop—Prices Advanced.

NEW YORK, December 4.—Dispatches from Schenectady, this State, say the scarcity and rapidly advancing price of broom corn are causing considerable uneasiness among the manufacturers of brooms and brushes. Last year the crop was very large and the demand light, and corn could be bought for from 2 to 5 cents a pound. This year the crop was small. The demand for manufactured goods has been very brisk and the raw materials is now worth from 5 to 10 cents a pound. Chicago dealers and speculators have bought up the greater part of the Western crop, which was also light, and are holding back for a rise. It is predicted that the price will soon advance to 15 cents. This is probably the first time that the manufacturers of this neighborhood have been compelled to get their supply of corn from the West.

THE PENNSYLVANIA'S CAPTURE.

The Baltimore and Ohio Loses the Philadelphia Midland Railroad.

PHILADELPHIA, PA., December 4.—The Philadelphia Midland Railroad, extending from Philadelphia to Westchester, which the Baltimore and Ohio Company intended to purchase and complete, has fallen into the hands of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company. The Baltimore and Ohio offered $450,000 in the stock of the Southhill River Eastside Railroad Company for the road, which was accepted, but the company would not agree to finish it to Westchester in two years, and the negotiations were declared off. It is understood that the Pennsylvania Company will complete the road. The terms of the purchase have not been disclosed.

GOODE'S LUCK.

The Murderer of Policeman North Gets a Life Sentence.

NEW YORK, December 4.—The Recorder yesterday sentenced Goode, the negro who cut the throat of Police-man North in September last, to imprisonment for life. The Recorder in pronouncing sentence said: "Had the jury brought in a verdict of murder in the first degree, I see no reason to doubt that it would have stood, and you may consider yourself a very fortunate man."

The newspapers, too, hoped the culprit would receive a new trial and a more severe sentence. The Times says: "With a verdict of murder in the first degree, he would have received the punishment which he deserves—the punishment provided for cold-blooded murder.

BROOKLYN HAPPY.

Formal Opening Yesterday of the Elevated Railroad.

NEW YORK, December 4.—The Brooklyn Elevated Road was opened to East New York yesterday, and the special train, which was to signalize the event, and among its passengers Mayor Low, Mayor-elect Whitney and ex-Mayor Howell. The legal obstacles to two other elevated railroads in Brooklyn were removed yesterday, and work will be begun forthwith.

LATEST EDITION.

A SCHOOL SCANDAL.

Serious Charges Against Principals Morgan and Sandford of the High School.

The Immediate Resignations of Both Gentlemen Demanded.

Charges of Drunkenness and Dissipation Preferred Before the Teachers' Committee—The Charges in Full—What the Accused Gentlemen Have to Say—Lewdness Alleged—Chairman D'Amour of the Teachers' Committee Makes a Statement.

Prof. Horace Hill Morgan's penchant for red neckties and red paint has gotten him into trouble. The Professor is principal of the Central High School at Fifteenth and Olive, and of the branch high in the Polytechnic Building, and for over twenty years he has had high local standing, and even some extensive outside reputation as an educator and as a gentleman of culture. His present trouble is with the teachers' committee of the Public School Board, who, after considering charges of drunkenness and lewd conduct, have requested his immediate resignation. His assistant, Prof. Wm. F. Sandford, who has charge of the branch High, is in the same boat. His immediate resignation is also wanted, and the charge against him is drunkenness. The action of the committee has been for the past few days a carefully husbanded secret with the people in and around Superintendent Long's office, and they were at last accounts trying to keep it a secret still. They shook their heads when approached by a POST DISPATCH reporter and would only say, without giving anything in the nature of positive information, that they were very sorry for Mr. Morgan and that the matter came to them as great a surprise as would be a shower of granite or a thunder-clap from a thimble. They neither contradicted nor asserted the rumor, but tsut-tsut-tsuted and shook their heads in circles in astonishment. The news was promptly arrived at, however, and the simple, unadorned fact has been already stated. Superintendent Long is waiting for Professor Morgan's resignation, and if it isn't in hand by Tuesday night he scandalous matters that led to the committee's action last Monday will be publicly aired at he Board meeting which takes place that night.

PROFESSOR MORGAN

is charged specifically with having been in a house of bad repute so mercilessly under the influence of liquor that he held possession of the house for three days, and finally lost his overcoat and fancy breastpin that he was very fond of, in the establishment. The loss of these articles stirred up the dregs of his debauch and, crowding his judgment to the wall, urged him to a pitch of recklessness which allowed him to kick up a row about the missing property. This exciting incident took place about three or four weeks ago, and the Professor had scarcely time to sober up before the story was going the rounds of his friends. With the novel speed attaching to bad news this particular installment of it reached headquarters on time and were soon put in nice shape for the exquisite ears of the members of the, teachers committee. Nobody but themselves seems to know what enjoyment the committee got out of investigation, but it is highly probable that, being human and being, full-grown men with beards and experience, they listened to the details of the story with that gusto which always appertains to recitals of this peculiar kind. They listened to the explanation of the charges and then decided to give Professor Morgan a chance to resign. The news spread to all the people connected with the Polytechnic building immediately everybody said that something of the kind was to be expected, and Professor Morgan's private life began to be promiscuously discussed in educational circles, and the misfortune that handicapped him in the shape of a disposition to drink was fully and freely ventilated. Out of this gossip grew fresh stories of the Professor's revels, and at last the accumulation of evidence buried the Professor's moral character under an ava anche of scandal that was simply appalling. Plenty of Professor Morgan's friends were surprised, and nearly everybody who had known him only as a polished gentleman and a finished scholar refused to believe the stories that were related about him. He has a great deal of sympathy in his present unfortunate position, and the comment that he will be missed from the schools, and that it will be difficult to find his like is general. He is not known to have neglected any part of his business; on the contrary, the statement made at Superintendent Long's office was that Professor Morgan was always prompt and reports and everything else he was obliged to file with Mr Long, and that he managed his school as smoothly, as successfully as any man could have done it.

BUT THE STORIES WERE AGAINST HIM;

his moral character had been dragged in the mire; he was known to have faults and habits of the most objectionable kind, and for that reason it was deemed injudicious to have him in contact with the young people of both sexes, who were on the roles of the High School.

Prof. Morgan is 46 years old, and over. His wife who had been a Miss Smith, daughter of a prominent old-time steamboat captain, died three or four years ago, leaving him an only son, now about 14 years of age. A med Eclat Morgan, who had once been after the Chancelor of Washington University, Mrs. Morgan was a great German scholar and made a reputation for her translations of Hegel Kant and other thinkers who were discussed from time to time in the Journal of Speculative Philosophy, a St. Louis monthly which closed its career in 1885. Up to the time of Mrs. Morgan's death, although the Professor drank some, no word had been breathed against his moral nature. After his wife died, though, it seems that he fell into very bad habits and gradually acquired the reputation of being a "high roller" in at least one of the dis-pu-ta-bous es of the city. He is a man of medium stature and light figure with iron gray hair, a close cut beard of iron gray, and a heavy mustache of the same quality. He makes an attempt to dress well and succeeds only to the extent of wearing good clothes and running to flashy neckties. He is a man that impresses casual acquaintances pleasantly, but it is said that he is not popular with his assistant teachers, and he has to be treated very gingerly to get along any way smooth by with him. In school he is said to be always the perfect gentleman, outside he has proved to an extent that would have raised the hair of a prude and shattered the nerves of any well regulated saint.

HIS REPUTATION AS A HIGH ROLLER

was acquired at an establishment for the promulgation of vice, run by a blonde woman, named Nellie Sandford, at Thirteenth and Pine streets. In his visits to this establishment, it appears that Professor Morgan did not attempt to veil his identity; he was known there as the Professor, and to a certain extent "owned the ranch," when he was feeling good and wanted to push his revels to the highest pitch of hilarity. He was wont—how often or for how long a time back the POST-DISPATCH reporter does not know—to walk from the High School at the close of school Friday afternoon over to Sandford's and stay there until the school bell was about to ring Monday morning. In the interval between his going in and coming out of the establishment, if all the stories told be true, he tore the lid off sheol and made things hum. He did not confine his attentions to any particular young woman, but took them as they came, and he bought wine with a lavishness that kept the landlady's heart fairly bound up with joy.

HIS BILLS

on Monday mornings after he sobered up sufficiently to go to school ranged from $100 to $200, and the lady of the house considered him "good for all the wine he could order." He was a lively customer, and when another visitor heard the furniture crashing or any of the girls shrieking with laughter the explanation was offered: "O, don't mind that; it's only the Professor." A favorite freak of the Professor's was his predilection for playing the part of an Indian chief when he was excited with liquor; at those times he wrapped the bed-clothes and dirty quilts around him and did a gorgeous war dance.

PROF. SANFORD

is a young man of bloodhound ancestors, small stature and little figure. He has been principal of the Branch High School for six years and has excellent standing as an educator.

THE ACTION OF THE COMMITTEE.

The action of the Teachers' Committee was of a peremptory nature, and it was also in the style of a star chamber trial, as far as the two gentlemen who were the objects of it were concerned. At the meeting of the committee charges of drunkenness on and off duty and of lewd conduct were brought against Mr. Morgan, and charges of intoxication and of habitual drinking on and off duty were brought against Mr. Sandford. On the charges as presented the committee decided to at once demand the immediate resignation of the two principals without further ado. In accordance with this determination and without asking the accused to appear before the committee to answer the charges the following order was drawn up and was sent to each gentleman on Tuesday, December 1, the day following the meeting:

The Teachers' Committee have instructed their undersigned secretary to inform you that they request your immediate resignation from your position as principal of the Central High School.
Respectfully JAMES Y. PLAYER.

The charges upon which the resignation was requested were not sent with this request, and the accused teachers were left to their own consciousness to learn what these charges were.

From statements made by members of the committee and the board this morning it was learned that the committee acted in this way in order that the matter might be kept as quiet as possible, and the gentlemen might be given an opportunity to retire, as if of their own motion and without publicity, as to the real cause. Neither Mr. Morgan nor Mr. Sandford replied to the request, and that as two of the committee, Messrs. Henry M. Bryon and E. M. Bushy were absent, and the whole matter was determined upon so suddenly, the committee would reconsider its action at the next meeting and nothing more would be heard from it.

PROF. LONG DECLINES TO TALK.

Superintendent Long was met this morning by the reporter as he stepped out of his office to make his daily round. "Mr. Long," said the reporter, "what action will the board take with reference to the charges made against Messrs Morgan and Sandford?"

Mr Long looked surprised for a moment and replied, "I do not wish to say a word about the matter. It will be time enough to publish this matter when the board takes action."

"Charges have been preferred, have they not?"

"I will not answer. I do not think it proper for me to answer. There are some things anyhow that I do not think right to be published. It does no good to publish them, and often does harm."

"Has not Mr. Morgan been requested to resign from his position as principal of the High School by the teachers' committee?"

"There is no need of your asking me questions about that matter, because I will not talk about it."

"His record is known, isn't it?"

"Well, if you know all about it you would make a good witness for the School Board," said Mr. Long, as he broke away and strolled down the street.

THE CHAIRMAN OF THE COMMITTEE.

Mr. O. D'Amour, the Sixth Ward Democratic School Board and a prominent and influential member of the Teacher's Committee, of which he is chairman, was seen by a POST-DISPATCH reporter this morning. He regretted that the troubles of Morgan and Sandford had turned such a step as to become public property, and thought that the publication of the charges would have a demoralizing effect upon the public schools. Mr. D'Amour is a faithful and conscientious member of the School Board, and believes in carrying the system whenever it is needed, and in bringing about such a result, even though the most heroic measures are to be resorted to. He said that the charges against Morgan were known by quite a number of the latter's friends, one of whom called on him and asked him to use his influence to keep the matter out of the newspapers.

"How did the teachers' committee find out the shortcomings of the two principals?"

"They were reported to us by Mr. Long."

"How did Mr. Long get his information, and when did he make the complaint to the committee?"

"He made a verbal statement to the committee last Monday, accusing Mr. Morgan of having drank intoxicating liquors to excess, and also charging him with lewd conduct. The charge against Mr Sandford was habitual drinking. About two weeks ago an item appeared in the papers that Mr. Morgan had been robbed of his overcoat and breastpin somewhere in the neighborhood of Thirteenth and Pine streets. Mr. Long went to Chief Harrigan and asked him if the Morgan affair was a bona fide affair. He admitted that it was, and also said that he had sent no reply. Mr. Sandford showed evidence of deep feeling over the turn the matter had taken, but did not care to talk on it. It is claimed by his friends that he has made no secret of the fact that he drinks and that he sometimes becomes under the influence of liquor with his friends, but it is denied that he is ever intoxicated on duty. It is claimed that it can be proven by his teachers and associates that he is never under the influence of liquor in school hours, and devotes himself to his duties and that he has proved thoroughly efficient in that position during his term of service. Mr. Sandford is a unmarried man and has held his present position for the last six years.

RADICAL RANCOR.

A Strong Fight to be Made on Executive Appointees.

Dick Lancaster's Record Being Looked Up—Gen. Logan Declines the Presidency of the Senate, After Being Elected by the Republican Senatorial Caucus—James W. Porch of St. Joseph, Mo., Appointed Consul-General to Mexico—Washington News.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

WASHINGTON, D. C., December 4.—Heavy arrivals this morning swelled the number of Representatives in the city to about 225, and the incoming trains this evening and to-morrow morning will probably bring at least seventy-five more. By Monday it is believed there will not be ten members missing. Most of the members of the Senate are in the city, or within easy call. From present indications the session will be one of the hottest the country has seen in years. It is now definitely understood that a hard fight will be made by Republican Senators on certain recent appointees of the President, and while some show will be made of deference to the executive's wishes in cases where vacancies have naturally occurred, no mercy will be shown offensive Democratic partisans who have been appointed to the place of offensive Republican partisans removed. Missouri will come in for a share of attentions, and it is understood that several Republican Senators have been making a special study of Mr. Lancaster's record. The fact that Mr. Wells was removed for incompetency will go a long way toward helping his successor's confirmation, but Mr. Hyde's partisan record will, doubtless, have an investigation, too.

The Republican Senatorial Caucus.

WASHINGTON, D. C., December 4.—The caucus of Republican Senators met promptly at 12 noon today, Senator Sherman in the chair, and proceeded at once to consider the question of the election of a president pro tempore for the Senate, made necessary by the death of Vice-President Hendricks.

Senator Edmunds stated that last summer, when the Republicans of the nation in their convention nominated Gen. Logan for Vice-President, he (Mr Edmunds) had thought it right toward Gen. Logan and right toward the party that he should retire from the Presidency of the Senate, and that Gen. Logan should be chosen in his place, and, as they all remembered, he had communicated that opinion and his desire to the Republican Senators in a formal way, but it was thought best at that time that the change be not made, especially as General Logan did not want it to be made. At the Presidential election General Logan had received, he believed, the votes of all Republicans who had the opportunity to vote, and came very near being the choice of the people for the office of Vice-President, which would have made him ex-officio the President of the Senate, and, under the law, charged with the duty of carrying on the Government in case of any disability of the President of the United States until an election could be had. In this state of things he thought it right that the Republican Senators should renew that expression of confidence in General Logan by nominating him for president of the Senate, and he accordingly moved that General Logan be nominated by acclamation. Several senators spoke briefly in favor of the nomination, and the question was put and agreed to unanimously.

The chairman announced the nomination of John A. Logan as the Republican candidate for president pro tempore of the Senate.

LOGAN DECLINES.

Gen. Logan said: "Mr. Chairman: From the depths of my heart I thank the Republican Senators for the confidence they repose in me, as expressed by the nomination just tendered me by acclamation for the position of temporary presiding officer of the Senate. I not alone thank them, but the people of the whole country for the desire they seem to feel that I should be given this very honorable position. I was, however, sir, not the choice of the Republican party for Vice-President, and was voted for at the last election, I was not elected. For that nomination I thanked the Republican party, and through the Senators present I again return to the Republicans of the country my grateful acknowledgment. If I thought I could better serve my constituents and my country by accepting this position, I would most unhesitatingly do so, and perform the duties to the best of my ability. I do not so think, and am sure that I can by no words necessary to be performed on committees and otherwise, do more than may be usually performed by remaining in my present position. In fact, Mr. Chairman, the position is not to my taste, for the reason that I could perform the duties in a more satisfactory manner than other Senators, which I do not, I cannot see a necessity for me to occupy the chair in the absence of my brother Senators, the Senate made so good a presiding officer in a most satisfactory manner since I have had the honor to be a Senator, as doubtless will be again by any one that may be selected. I am ready to assist in electing any one who may be selected and now my brother Senators, I want you to know that I fully appreciate your kindness, and the great compliment paid me, but you must allow me to say that after carefully considering the matter, I feel I ought to decline the nomination, and now must respectfully do so."

After some remarks made by other Senators in deprecation of the declination of General Logan, a gentleman said he had arrived at the conclusion expressed by him after full deliberation and wished it considered as final. On motion the injunction of secrecy was removed from the proceedings and the caucus adjourned until 12 o'clock to-morrow.

Minister Hanna's Thrift.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

WASHINGTON, D. C., December 4.—The Minister of the Argentine Republic has had his attention called to a recent letter of Bayliss W. Hanna, our minister to the Argentine Republic. It appears that Mr. Hanna, soon after his arrival, wrote home to one of his friends, and in his letter dwelt upon the fact that the country was full of money, and that he saw there were great possibilities for effecting riches. He said that he wished he had two or three such friends, whom he could call to, and he would make their fortunes. This letter was given by the indiscreet friend to whom it was addressed to the Chicago Inter Ocean, and was published, creating quite a humorous uproar in Indiana that the administration of the authorities there has been directed to it. The Argentine Minister understood that Mr. Hanna charged that his government was one of the most corrupt, but the published copy of the letter received here to-day and showed that Mr. Hanna simply called it the most extravagant. It is not probable that the Argentine Minister will ask the State Department to take any action, and it is not probable that the State Department will take any action independently. The letter, as published in the Chicago Inter-Ocean, is dated Buenos Ayres, October 7, and, after reading the incidents of the journey to that place, concludes: "This is a wonderful country of over 35,000 acres, and a revelation to me. There is more money here than in any place I ever saw; but just now we are having the greenback days over again, and being worth 44¢. It is the most extravagantly governed on earth. I will send you a paper containing a full account of my reception. I will be officially received next week. Tell Gen. Manson and A. F. Ramsay if I had them here now I could make them very rich. My great trouble, however, is the language. I understand nobody and nobody understands me, so I simply make signs. It is a capital country; looks like Iowa. The soil is productive and fertile. When I get settled I will write a letter giving a full account of everything, but the ship which takes this letter will move out, and I must close." The indications are that Mr. Hanna will develope into quite a shrewd diplomat.

The President's Reception.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

WASHINGTON, December 4.—The President's visitors this morning included seven Senators and twenty-nine Representatives. This afternoon at the hour for the regular reception, Mrs. Cleveland was engaged with Secretary Endicott and Attorney-General Garland, and it was after 3 o'clock when he put in an appearance in the East parlor. Meantime, the crowd that had been slowly gathering swelled to at least three hundred. Seats were in demand and in most cases were made to accommodate two, and, in some instances, even three tired mortals, while one or two specimens from the backwoods sought out a corner and sat on the floor. When the President took up his usual position there was a veritable crush, and people sent by the President, many of them without even the opportunity of shaking him by the hand.

"We waited, until the last so as to have an opportunity of speaking to you," said one sweet maiden, dressed in the height of the fashion. "We won't detain you now, we see you are so busy," she added condescendingly, as she tripped by.

Secretary Endicott watched part of the ceremony with apparent interest, and later introduced some of his friends to the President.

Geo. Chesbrough and wife of St. Louis, are registered at Willards. They are on their bridal tour.

Granite Or Other Stone.

WASHINGTON, D. C., December 4.—Assistant Secretary Fairchild to-day gave a hearing to persons interested in the construction of the new public building at Pittsburg. The question at issue was as to whether the building shall be built of granite, sandstone or limestone, and all those interested were represented at the hearing. A committee of the Pittsburg Chamber of Commerce argued in favor of the use of granite, and committees from Indiana and Ohio urged the adoption of sandstone and limestone, respectively. There is a difference of about $10,000 in the bids for granite and those for sandstone and limestone, in favor of the latter. It is stated, however, that the people of Pittsburg want granite, notwithstanding its greater cost, and will not be satisfied with either of the other species. The assistant secretary reserved his decision.

An Office Broker Exposed.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

WASHINGTON, D. C., December 4.—Mr. Brown, the chairman of the Democratic State Central Committee in Maine, has been in Washington the greater portion of the time since the 4th of March. His business here is pretty well indicated in the following letter addressed by him to a small Postmaster in Maine:

"WASHINGTON, July 17, 1885.

"DEAR SIR.—I have secured our appointment as Postmaster at your place. Your pap will be sent in a day or two. If you feel like sending a small sum to help defray the expenses of attending to our Maine matters you may do so. My mail comes to the above address. Respectfully yours,

"S. S. BROWN.

"Chairman Democratic State Committee of Maine."

It is certain Mr. Brown's career as an officebroker for his Maine friends has come to a stop, as a copy of this letter has been given to each one of the Cabinet officers with directions to look out for Brown.

Jim Burnes and Co-krell.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

WASHINGTON, D. C., December 4.—It may be safely set down in spite of his published denials that Congressman Burnes is a candidate for the Senatorship. The reasons why he should deny this candidacy are plain. To state or allow to be stated that he intends opposing Senator Cockrell would make his relations with that gentleman for the next few months rather strained. Mr. Burnes is not only understands the art of politics, and is planning for certain federal patronage, and that is another reason why he should desire to remain on the best of terms with the Missouri Senator. One of Mr. Burnes' friends, however, stated to-day that should the opposition to Senator Cockrell develop any strength, Mr. Burnes' candidacy would materialize on very short notice.

Reassuring Settlers.

WASHINGTON, D. C., December 4.—Settlers in Northwestern Nebraska have recently become alarmed by a report that Fort Robinson, on which they depend for protection from the Indians, was to be abandoned by the military. Senator Van Wyck, who has been making inquiries in regard to the matter, has received a letter from Adjutant-General Durham stating that no proposition for the abandonment of Fort Robinson had been made, and no such movement was contemplated in the War Department.

Mr. Porch's Appointment.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

WASHINGTON, D. C. December 4.—J. W. Porch, the gentleman who was to-day appointed Consul-General to Mexico, is engaged in business at St. Joseph. He has not been considered a candidate for the position until within a few days past, when the Burnes influence came to his assistance. It is claimed that Mr. Porch was selected largely on account of his business qualifications. St. Louis and Kansas City being out of the race, and St. Joseph not having received any outside favors, as yet, this appointment and that of Judge Dawson, it is said, satisfies the claims of St. Joseph and that section of the State. By some, however, it is thought that Mr. Parch's appointment is a sop to come to Senator Cockrell to develop any strength. Mr. Burnes' candidacy would materialize on very short notice.

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Del Campo's Little Rackets.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

WASHINGTON, D. C., December 4.—Senor Del Campo the young attache of the Chilian Legat on, who made a spectacle of himself a few nights since, and was arrested, has been the subject of much speculation for a long time past. His late spree was one of a series occurring at monthly intervals, all disgustingly monotonous in their details. He is always discovered from a theatre selected largely on account of his business qualifications. St. Louis and Kansas City being out of the race, and St. Joseph not having received any outside favors, as yet, this appointment and that of Judge Dawson, it is said, satisfies the claims of St. Joseph and that section of the State. By some, however, it is thought that Mr. Parch's appointment is a sop to come to Senator Cockrell to develop any strength. Mr. Burnes' candidacy would materialize on very short notice.

Logan Declines.

WASHINGTON, D. C., December 4.—At a Republican Senatorial caucus held to-day the nomination of President pro tempore was unanimously tendered to Senator Logan, but he declined the nomination, and thereupon the caucus adjourned.

Missouri Postmasters.

WASHINGTON, D. C., December 4.—The Postmaster General to-day appointed the following further assistant postmasters in Missouri. Warren's Store, L. H. Deisschmidt; Lookout, J. P. Fulkerton; Garden City, George A. Cummings.

Jim Burnes and Co-krell.

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Eph Ewing's Successor.

WASHINGTON, D. C., December 4.—The President to day appointed James W. Porch of Missouri to be United States Consul-General at Mexico, vice E. B. Ewing, resigned.

Appointed by the President.

WASHINGTON, December 4.—The President to-day appointed Nathaniel Newburgh to be Appraiser of Merchandise, port of Cincinnati, O. to.

Thomas J. Hamilton of Washington Territory to be United States Marshal for the territory of Washington.

NEW CONSUL TO MEXICO.

Sketch of J. W. Porch, Who Was To-Day Appointed Successor of Eph. Ewing.

Mr. James W. Porch, who to-day was appointed by the President to succeed Eph. Ewing as Consul General to Mexico, is a well-known and wealthy citizen of St. Joseph, Mo. He is a warm personal friend of Congressman James N. Burns, and is the man who was first indorsed by the Missouri delegation for General Dunn stating that no proposition for the abandonment of Fort Robinson had been made, and no such movement was contemplated in the War Department.

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Scruggs, Vandervoort & Barney

DRY GOODS COMPANY.

While the continued warm weather has been MOST UNFORTUNATE and DISASTROUS to the MANUFACTURERS and IMPORTERS and a DISAPPOINTMENT to most of the RETAILERS, it has proved a very fortunate advantage to the wearers of Cloaks and Wraps of all kinds. The goods are made up and must be sold—some one must stand the loss, for COLD WEATHER or LOW PRICES are the only factors that will create a demand.

Fortunately for our house, our early purchases were made with great care. While we carried a thorough and superb assortment we were very careful not to overstock ourselves, consequently we have been able to take advantage of all OVER-ANXIOUS SELLERS, and by this means we are selling Wraps and Suits at less than others who injudiciously purchased largely early in the season paid for their goods. The return of our buyer from a recent forced sale has enabled us to open up lines of Outside Wraps that are not equaled in elegance, we believe, this side of New York, and we do not believe that these prices can be duplicated within 25 per cent of what we propose to offer

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY!

Our stock is so varied we make no attempt to schedule more than sufficient to give an idea of what awaits those who may be pleased to favor us with a visit. We are showing at least a hundred different styles of garments, many of which are Novelties of the rarest beauty, and can be bought without the slightest fear of seeing a duplicate of your Garment worn by any other lady.

Colored Boucle Wraps, long fronts, Satin-lined, feather-trimmed, very stylish, $12; $18 50 has been the price.

Brown and Black Boucle Cloth, extra feather-trimmed, $15; $22 50 was what they sold for.

Fine quality Ottoman Silk, Satin-lined, feather-trimmed, all sizes, $15; $22 50 was their value.

Ottoman Silk, Fur and Tail-trimmed, satin-lined, $25; $35 was as low as the garment has been offered.

Brown and Black Boucle Cloth, Astrachan-trimmed, Fouregeurs and Medallion Buttons, $15; they are regular $25.

Lot Brocaded Velvet, short backs, long fronts, Satin-lined, feather-trimmed, $18 50; good value for $25.

Lot Brocade and Silk Combination, Satin-lined, feather and Passementerie-trimmed, $22 50; we have shown the same value at $30.

Lot Brocaded Velvet, quilted Satin-lining, fur-trimmed, $22 50. Compare them with any $32 goods in this city.

Plush Sacques 42-inches long, quilted Satin lining, Seal Ornaments, chamois pockets, $22 50, $30, $35, $40, $45 and up to $75. These are most striking value and need but to be seen to show their great cheapness.

Plush Newmarkets, 54, 56 and 58 inches long, plain and beaver-trimmed, prices from $55 to $75. Very elegant and very cheap.

Cloth Newmarkets in Beaver and Boucle Cloths, plain, astrachan, beaver, martin, lynx and feather trimmed, busts from 32 to 44-inch, prices from $6 to $30. We show these in great variety and the prices are 25 per cent less than three weeks ago.

Suits in Silk, Plush, homespun, Ladies' Cloth and Boucle, all colors, prices from $50 to $100. Great Bargains.

Children's Cloaks in all the new styles, including Newmarkets, Raglans, Coats and long sacques made in beaver, homespun and heavy Boucle, all colors, trimmed in plush, fur and cords, ages from 2 to 16 years, prices from $4 to $30.

Children's and Misses' Suits in Silk, Plush and Fancy Cloth—new assortment now opened and are cheap.

A superb lot of Ladies' Jerseys in colors, elegantly embroidered, all sizes, marked down from $18.50 to $8 50. This was the price early this season, and we will show you in our stock of made-up goods, many stacks reductions from early season figures.

A LAKE DISASTER

The Steam Barge R. C. Brittain Lost in Lake Michigan.

Belief That the Entire Crew Perished—Pieces of the Vessel Float to Shore—A Serious Freight Wreck—Explosion of a Locomotive—Killed in a Runaway—Casualties.

SAUGATUCK, MICH., December 4.—It is believed here that the steam barge R. C. Brittain foundered in Lake Michigan during the severe northwest gale that prevailed Wednesday night and that the entire crew is lost. A fair breeze has been running in all day, and just before dark last night wreckage began to come ashore. Among other things found was the door of a steamer's cabin and a wooden bucket marked "R. C. Brittain." So far, this is the only article by which the wreck can be identified. Many persons are now patrolling the beach.

The Lost Steam Barge.

CHICAGO, December 4.—The dispatch from Saugatuck last night stated that a cabin door and a pail had washed ashore there and also a quantity of lumber. On the pail was the name "R. C. Brittain," which is the name of a steam barge which plies between here and White Lake. The Brittain left Chicago for White Lake a Tuesday evening, with 8,000 bushels of corn, and as she took a course directly for the east shore and as she took a course directly for the east shore it is supposed she made free for her destination. The wind at the time was blowing a fresh gale from the southwest, but during the night the wind shifted to the northwest and freshened into a genuine fall gale. Hence, it is supposed the Brittain was driven off her course southward to Saugatuck. It is possible that the cabin door and the pail came from some steamer other than the Brittain, or that the latter vessel lost them during some previous gale, but it would seem that they would have blown ashore a long time ago. The impression prevails at Saugatuck that the Brittain, or some other steam barge, has foundered off that port, and as soon as the wind subsides a thorough search will be made for wreckage by which the unfortunate vessel can be identified. The Brittain is owned by Carl & Co. of Whitehall, Mich., and is commanded by Captain C. M. Campbell. She was built at Saugatuck in 1871, measures 147 tons and was valued at $14,000.

Killed in a Runaway.

MILWAUKEE, WIS., December 4.—A special to the Evening Wisconsin from Kenosha gives the particulars of a fatal accident near that place this morning. William Rohlfing, aged 68 years, and for over thirty year a resident of that county, and his son Charles, aged 32 years, were both killed by the running away of their team, with which they were working in a field. The dead bodies were discovered by a tramp, who gave the first information of the accident.

Walls Blown Down.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

ST. JOSEPH, MO., December 4.—The north and south walls of the Rock Island freight house, now being built, were blown down this morning. The damage cannot be ascertained, but it is slight. The wind is blowing hard now.

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our stock of made-up
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AKE DISASTER.

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W. I. McArthur's

Late spot cash purchases are now on sale at the following most astonishing low prices, which on examination will cause every one to exclaim, "How on earth can goods be sold at such prices?"

The ready cash is a wonderful lever in securing bargains, and when we get them we give them.

Note a few sample items.

HOSIERY.

Ladies' all-wool seamless at 15c, sold everywhere at 25c.

Ladies' all-wool fine cashmere hose at 25c, sold everywhere at 35c.

Ladies' fine English Derby-ribbed hose at 25c, regular price for same 50c.

UNDERWEAR! UNDERWEAR!

Men's white and gray mixed shirts at 15c, regular price 25c.

Men's scarlet all-wool shirts at 50c, regular 75c goods.

Men's all-wool scarlet shirts and drawers at $1 per garment, cannot be equaled elsewhere for less than $1 25.

GLOVES AND MITTENS.

We offer an all-wool children's mitten at 10c, would be good value at 15c. Our line of children's and ladies' mittens is superb, at prices the lowest.

We offer a Gent's Lambskin-lined Glove at 50c; same sold everywhere at 75c. Our line of Gents' Dress and Driving Gloves complete; prices below competition.

Teamsters and Workingmen will find in our stock just what they want in strong durable goods in mittens and gloves at prices lower than anywhere else.

CLOAKS! CLOAKS!

If you have one to buy see our stock.

See our great $5 Newmarket, sold everywhere at $7 50; it's a most decided bargain.

See our Shawls. See our Skirts. See our Flannels. See our Dress Goods. See our Bed Comforts. See our Blankets.

HOLIDAY GOODS.

See our Silk Handkerchiefs, Silk and Wool Mufflers.

Linen and Cambric Handkerchiefs of every description. Beautiful designs in hand-embroidered goods.

See our leather and plush goods in Purses, Pocketbooks, Bags, Satchels. Work Boxes, Glove and Handkerchief Boxes, Jewel Cases, Toilet Cases, Whisk Holders, Wall Pockets, etc. Tidies, Splashers, Table and Chair Scarfs, etc., etc. Be wise and profit by seeing how we sell goods. You can save money by buying at the Popular Store of

W. I. McArthur,

1524 and 1526 Franklin Av.

(NEW NUMBER.)

Store open till 10 o'clock Saturday night. Give us a bumper full house.

COMMERCIAL CHAT.

A Special Mail-Bag Asked for—Other News on 'Change.

The following petition was circulated on 'Change to-day and was signed extensively by exporters, importers and bankers engaged in foreign trade:

To THE HONORABLE POSTMASTER-GENERAL, WASHINGTON, D. C.

The undersigned exporters, importers and bankers of St. Louis would respectfully call your attention to the fact that many of our communications and remittances to Europe are delayed in transit from the fact that our letters are compelled to go through the New York Post Office, and, in case the train is a little behindhand, as the New York office is crowded with business our letters are delayed from two to three days, waiting for the next mail steamer. This, in our opinion, can be avoided without any cost to the Department if the St. Louis office was authorized to put up a special bag to connect with the sailings of the different foreign steamers from New York. This special bag, we are informed, can be readily made up without imposing any especial labor to these St. Louis Post Office Clerks or to the clerks in the postal service between St. Louis and New York. This matter is of consequence to us, and we ask you kindly to give it your early and favorable consideration.

The petition will be forwarded to the Postmaster-General as soon as a sufficient number of names can be had.

WANT THE TARIFF LOWERED.

Considerable dissatisfaction is expressed by shippers of corn, hay, bran, meal and oats to points south over the discrimination of rates between local points and southern shipping points. The objection made is that through rates are made by the New Gulf Line or the St. Louis, Kansas City and Meridian road on the west and the Illinois Central on the east, when the Iron Mountain road centering in St. Louis maintains its higher rates from local points. The natural result of this discrimination is a disastrous one to St. Louis as a center. What is demanded is uniform rates, whether these be accomplished by a lowering of the through St. Louis rates or a raising of the rates from local points.

TALK, SIMPLY.

Mr. Alex Smith denies in measured terms the floating reports that there is or ever was any imminent danger of the flour mills being compelled to shut down. "Because one mill is forced to stop," said he to-day, "it does not necessarily follow that all will be. Every man knows his own business best, and it is foolish to extend to all the mills the same difficulties with which one or two are laboring."

Buy Pictures for Christmas Gifts at Redheffer & Koch's, 1000 Olive street.

A POINTER FOR SAM JONES.

A Despondent Carrier's Suicide Early This Morning.

At about a quarter past 4 o'clock this morning Wm. Groson, a newspaper carrier, residing at 908 N. Nineteenth street, huddled under the feather-bed covering of his bed and sent a bullet into his brain, thus ending a life which had been robbed of its joy by the slavery of drink. The doomed man, whose life is now ebbing away on a cot in the City Hospital, was 28 years of age and resided with his mother and stepfather, a jeweler named C. Rossow, at the corner of Nineteenth and Franklin avenue. He was a carrier by occupation and had worked upon a route for the POST-DISPATCH and one of the morning papers which supplied him with a comfortable income. Unfortunately he contracted a year ago the habit of drinking to excess and recently it gained such a hold upon him that he spent nearly all of his collections in drink. After his sprees he would grow very despondent, and as each of many efforts to reform was followed by a relapse into the pernicious habit he could not conquer, he became more and more depressed and of late had frequently been heard to express the opinion that there was no hope for him and that it would be better for himself and friends if he were dead. Yesterday afternoon he started for East St. Louis with the stated intention of making arrangements with his brother, who lives there, to help him in his work. He returned home at a few minutes before 4 o'clock this morning, and, being under the influence of liquor, at once laid down on his bed and fell asleep. The papers had to be delivered shortly afterwards, and at about 4:15 his mother woke him up and reminded him that it was time to go to work. He said that he did not feel like working, and expressed great contrition for his conduct, and for the grief which he was causing his mother, adding that he wished it was all over. The old lady tried to cheer him up, and told him to get ready for work while she went down stairs and prepared him a cup of coffee. "I had just begun to make his coffee," she said to a POST-DISPATCH reporter, "when I heard a loud scream upstairs, I ran to his room, but he apparently was not there. The rest of the family came to the room and one of them lifted the bed cover, under which my boy was found lying with the muzzle of the revolver still pointed at his head." The young man had shot himself in the right temple and the ball had come out at the inner corner of the right eye, causing a wound which is necessarily fatal, the latest report from the hospital being that he was still alive, but with no hope of recovery.

A Fit in Court.

The Criminal Court had just resumed the trial of Wm. Wells on a charge of assault to kill this morning when the prisoner suddenly fell forward upon the floor. It was found that he was suffering from an epileptic fit, and Coroner Nidelet was summoned and applied the usual treatment, which revived the sufferer to consciousness in about twenty minutes. The case was then continued and the court adjourned to 2 p. m.

ABOUT TOWN.

S. A. Sheppard, formerly of the C., B. & Q. R'y, has been appointed passenger agent for the Northwest of the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific.

THE only marriage license granted to-day was to Louis P. Fisher, 24 years, residing in South St. Louis, and Emma C. Struebing, 24 years of age, residing in the same vicinity.

B. J. Fine has been appointed agent of the Louisville, New Orleans and Texas Road, in connection with his present duties. This gives Mr. Fine four lines to take care of.

THE Missouri State Horticultural Society will meet at Warrensburg, Missouri on December 9 to to December 11. Special rates will be given on all railroads running to that point, to members who may desire to attend.

MISSOURI LODGE No. 1, A. F. and A. M., met last night and elected officers as follows: James A. Harris, re-elected as W. M.; David Clegg, S. W.; Joseph Farmer, I. W. F. Vogel was re-elected treasurer and Wm H. Mayo secretary. Delegates to Board of Relief—Wm. G. Gillespie and Henry L. Rogers.

CITY PERSONALS.

Mrs. H. C. Poffer of DesMoines, Iowa, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Samuel Highleyman.

THE report of foreign shipments from New Orleans for the month of November is as follows: 1884, 142,360 bushels; 1885, 621,221, an increase of 478,861 bushels. The short crop of wheat and rye compels the compiler to report no wheat, no rye.

Real Estate Transfers.

Felix Raeman and wife to Mary C. O'Reilly, 25 feet on St. Ferdinand street, city block 3705; warranty deed	$2,300 00
Catherine Deppe et al. to John F. Scheele, 50 feet on Benton Street, city block 3049: warranty deed	1 00
Herman Gatsche to Wilhelmine Bruning, 27 feet on Penn street, city block 1799: warranty deed	513 00
Wm. Long and wife to E. N. Hand and wife, 25 feet on DeSoto avenue, city block 3357: warranty deed	250 00
John F. Scheele and wife to Catherine Deppe et al., 50 feet 5 inches on Vulcan street, city block 3049 warranty deed	1 00
M. B. O'Reilly and wife to Felix Raeman 50 feet on Evans avenue, city block 1865: warranty deed	1,750 00
Eliza J. Fisher to Ellen M. Hill, 25 feet on Minnesota avenue, city block 2914: warranty deed	350 00
G. L. C. McDonald and wife to Lina Hertter, 33 feet 4 inches on Lafayette avenue, city block 1803; warranty deed	2,500 00
H. L. Fitchenkarn and wife to Catherine O'Day, 25 feet on Garfield avenue, city block 3703; warranty deed	1,600 00

DIVIDEND NOTICE.

State Savings Association.

ST. LOUIS, November 30, 1885.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a dividend of eight (8) per cent out of the earnings of the last six months, payable on demand.

J. H. McCLUNEY, Cashier.

MONEY.

NEW YORK, December 4, 11 A. M.—There was a quiet opening on the Stock Exchange this morning, but the prices were generally ⅛ to ⅜ per cent higher, while New York Central was up ⅝. During the first hour there were steady advances of ⅛ to ¼ per cent, a small portion of which was lost shortly before 11 o'clock. The only active stock has been Lake Shore, which has gained ¾ per cent. At 11 o'clock the market is dull and strong.

NEW YORK, December 4.—NOON.—Money is nominal at 2@3 per cent. Bar silver 103. During the past hour the stock market has been extremely dull except for Lake Shore, Pacific Mail and Texas Pacific, in which a good business has been done. Prices were weak after 11 o'clock, but received most of the loss before midday and at noon the market is dull and heavy at a shade below 11 o'clock figures. Threes 103¼, 4½s 112¾, 4s 123¾, Pacific 6s of '95, 1.5¼.

NEW YORK, December 4, 3 P. M.—The stock market was firm for half an hour after noon, but then became weak and continued so until about 2 o'clock, when it became extremely dull and steady. The market closed firm at prices slightly higher than last evening.

New York Stock Quotations.

Corrected daily by Matthews & Whitaker, bankers and brokers, No. 121 N. Third street, St. Louis, Mo.

STOCKS.	Opening	Highest	Lowest	Closing
Canada Southern	42¾	43¾	42¾	43
Canadian Pacific	56¾	57	56¾	57
Central New Jersey	45¼	46¼	45¼	46¼
Central Pacific	43	....	....	43
Chic. St. P., M. & O.	41	41	40¾	40¾
St. Paul & Duluth com	36¾	36¾	36¼	36¼
Chic. R. I. & Pac.	127¾	....	....	127¾
St. Paul & Duluth Pfd	98	....	....	98
Chic., Mil. & St. P.	95¼	96	94¾	95¾
Chic. & N. W. com	113¾	113¾	113¼	113¼
Del., Lack. & W.	120¾	121¼	120¾	120¾
Del. & Hudson	97	97¼	97	97¼
Erie com	25¾	26¼	25¾	26¼
Erie, pref.	52	53	52	53
Erie 2d Mtg. Bds	89¾	89¾	88¾	89¾
Ind., B. & Western	24	24¼	24	24¼
Lake Shore	87¾	88¾	87¾	88
Louisville & Nashville	47	47¾	46¾	46¾
Michigan Central	76¼	....	....	76¼
Missouri Pacific	105¼	105¾	105	105¾
Missouri, Kansas & Texas	33	33¾	32¾	33¼
New York Central	105¾	106	105¾	105¾
Northern Pacific com	30	30¼	30	30¼
do pref.	63¾	63¾	63¾	63¾
Oregon & Transcontinental	34¾	34¾	34¼	34¼
Oregon Nav. & Trans. Co.	107¾	107¾	107¾	107¾
Ohio & Miss. com.	24¼	24¾	24¼	24¾
Pacific Mail	67¾	68¾	67¾	67¾
Ohio Southern	18¾	....	....	18¾
Texas Pacific	22	22¾	22	22¾
Texas & Pac Incomes	45¾	....	....	45¾
Union Pacific	56¾	57	56¾	56¾
Wabash, St. L. & P.	12	12	11¾	11¾
Western U. T. Co	75¼	75¾	74¾	74¾
West Shore Certificates	46	46¼	46	46
English Consols, cash	100 5-16	....	....	100 5-16
English Consols, account	100 7-16	....	....	100 7-16

COMMERCE.

IMPROVED CABLES.

Wheat Advances on Them and Storms—Other Markets Higher in Sympathy.

Special by Telegraph from Pickering & Co., Chicago, to the POST DISPATCH.

CHICAGO, December 4, 1 P. M.—A slightly better tone in cables, together with the report of a severe storm in the Northwest coming this way, has given a strong tone to wheat. Early sales were the lowest and prices gradually worked up till the close, which was strong at about the best figures of the day. The demand came largely from New York, where a much better export demand is reported. Minneapolis bought a great deal of wheat and the presence of F. C. Pillsbury added strength to the rumor that they had ordered 5,000,000 of May bought. Receipts at Western points were 888,400 bushels. It is expected that the storm will cut these down to small figures. Local operators were bears early, but soon turned, and during the last part of the day were strong bulls.

Oats were in better demand and higher, in sympathy with wheat and corn. A good demand for cash lots is reported.

Corn was active and stronger. The demand for May was very good and this delivery advanced more than the others. Year was strong, advancing to 42 cents on a demand from shorts. Lester sold freely at the advance. The market closed strong all round.

Provisions were in better demand and firm.

Estimated receipts for to-morrow were for 140 cars wheat, 230 cars corn, 120 cars oats and 25,000 hogs.

St. Louis Afternoon Board.

Wheat advanced ⅛@¼c, with good buying, and closed strong. Corn firm. Oats nominal.

WHEAT—December 95¾; January 96¾ to 96¾. May $1 04¼ to $1 04¾@1 05, closing at $1 04¾.

CORN—December 34¾ b., 34¾ a.; January 34¾ b., 34¾ a.; May 37¾.

OATS—December 27¼ b., May 31¾ b., 31¼ a.

CLOSING PRICES 3 P. M.

Reported daily by S. W. COBB & CO., 317 and 319 Chamber of Commerce, St. Louis.

CHICAGO.

	Closing Yesterday.	Highest To-day.	Lowest To-day.	Closing To-day
WHEAT—				
Dec.	87	88¾	87	88¾
Jan.	87¾	89@89¼	87¾	89
Feb	87¾@88	89¾@89¾	88	89¾
May	93¾	95¼	93¾	95¼
CORN—				
Dec	41	42	40¾	41¾
January	38¾	39¾	38¾@¾	39¾
May	40	40¾	40	40¾@¾
OATS—				
December	29¼	29¾	29¼	29¾
January	28¾	28¾	28¾	28¾ b
May	31¾	31¾	31¾	31¾ b
PORK—				
December	8 85	9 60	8 85	9 00
January	9 80@82½	9 97½	9 77½	9 95
February	9 92½	10 07½@10	9 90	10 05 b
May	10 30	10 47½	10 27½	10 45
LARD—				
December	6.00	6.02½	6.00	6.02½
January	6.10	6¾	6.07½	6¾
February	6.17½	6.22½	6.15@17½	6.20@22½
March	6¼	6.30@32½	6¼	6.30
SHORT RIBS—				
January	4.92½	4.95	4.92½	4.95 b

February	4.92½	4.9	4.90	4.95 b
March	5.00	5.02½	4.97½	5.02½

NEW YORK—Wheat—December 95¾; January 97¾ a.; February 98¾ a. March 1 00¾ a. May $1 04 a. Corn—December 52¾, January 50¾ a., February 49¾ a., May 48¾ a. Oats—December 35¾ b., January 35¾, February 37¾ a.

BALTIMORE—Wheat—December 89¾@90¾; January 91¾@92. February 94¾@¾. Corn—December 47¼@¾; January 46@¾; February 46@¾.

TOLEDO—Wheat—December 94¾; January 96¾, February 97¾, May $1 01¾. Corn—December 40, January 38¾, May 40¾.

DETROIT—Wheat—December 95¾; January 96¾; May $1 01¾.

Stocks of Grain in St. Louis Elevators.

	Wheat.	Corn.	Oats.	Rye.	Barley
To-day	2,596,902	731,134	169,384	18,294	186,966
Yesterday	2,611,365	757,225	166,192	17,865	185,018
	No. 2 Red.	No. 2 Mixed.	No. 2.	No. 2.	
To-day	2,192,714	302,155	131,214	16,231	.....
Yesterday	2,195,279	307,364	130,835	15,792	.....

The Manchester Market.

MANCHESTER, December 4.—The Guardian, in its commercial article, says: "The market is steady, but quiet. Buyers and sellers are apart. There is good inquiry for goods for India, at less than the previous prices, but producers are firm in their demands. The opinion prevails that merchants will be compelled to follow the upward movement. The home trade is a little better."

Grain Inspections.

INTO ELEVATORS — Wheat—2 cars No. 2 red winter; 6 cars No 3 do; 3 cars No. 4 winter; 2 cars rejected; 1 car No. 2 Mediterranean; 4 cars No. 3 do; 3 cars No. 3 spring; total, 21 cars. Corn—77 cars No. 2 mixed; 50 cars rejected; 2 cars no-grade; 43 cars new; 1 car No. 2 white mixed; 2 cars rejected; 1 car new; total, 182 cars. Oats—10 cars No. 2; 8 cars rejected; total, 18 cars. Rye—1 car No. 2. Total in, 222 cars.

OUT OF ELEVATORS—Wheat—7 cars No. 2 red winter; 1 car No. 3 do; 1 car No. 4 winter; 1 car rejected; 1 car No. 2 spring; total, 11 cars. Corn—30,658 bu. No. 2 mixed; 32 cars rejected; 4 cars no grade; 22 cars and 16,572 bu new; total 58 cars and 47,230 bu. Total out, 67 cars and 47,230 bu.

Movements of Wheat and Corn To-Day.

	Receipts Wheat.	Receipts Corn.	Shipments Wheat.	Shipments Corn.
St. Louis	16,643	121,180	1,057	210,377
Chicago	77,850	168,979	20,080	163,117
Milwaukee	46,920	2,460	2,16	1,500
Baltimore	10,858	47,738		
Toledo	14,925	20,762	5,106	24,496
New York	33,460	89,368		41,427
Detroit	22,590		3,659	
Kansas City	12,000	95,585	2,500	27,900
Duluth	145,000			
Minneapolis	55,440		48,680	

CHICAGO INSPECTIONS—168 cars spring wheat, 5 cars winter wheat, 230 cars corn, 135 cars oats, 14 cars rye, 82 cars barley.

Commercial Notes.

Receipts of wheat at Liverpool for the past week were 475,000 bu, but only 70,000 bu of this came from America. Receipts of corn were 166,000 bu.——Minneapolis and Duluth, it is said, bought a million and a half of wheat in Chicago this morning. As they are supposed to have covered their short wheat several days ago, their purchases must have been on long account.——The present milder and soft weather is interfering very much with the grading of corn in this market.——The country is afraid to sell corn in Chicago for the year option, fearing a squeeze if their corn fails to grade upon its arrival there. Their fears are well grounded, as Chicago is not going to a low the new corn crop to grade No. 2 for some time yet, and to sell short in that market now is taking great chances of being cornered.——"Wait until she gets down to a dollar four and I'll take all the May wheat you'll sell!" shouted Tom Woods, trying to bluff the crowd. "I'll give you a thousand dollars, if you'll say you will take all the May wheat I will sell you at a dollar four," quietly remarked Charley Albers. Then Tom found he only held a small pair and passed out.——How valuable the pointers sent here sometimes are was seen to-day. A New York man wired one St. Louis trader that late private cables were firmer, and to another he telegraphed that private cables came in not so firm and bought selling orders.——A blizzard is reported at Atchison, Kan. It ought to be along here by to-morrow.——Less than one-fifth of the total visible supply of wheat is said to be winter wheat.——R. S. McCormick & Co. received the following telegram from St. Paul: "The falling off in receipts in the Northwest is attributed to a lack of elevator room at accumulating points. Wheat on the Manitoba roads, supposed to be about 4,000,000, on investigation is about 5,500,000."——Sid Francis, whose attention has been attracted to an item in a morning paper, in which it was stated that a pool had been formed by Orthwein Brothers and Francis Brothers to hold the cash corn market down in buying for export, looked up with a smile as he got through writing, and remarked, "Well, if anyone thinks we have a picnic let them come in and buy the corn. They can get the same tonnage and freights we can, and if there is so much money in the business they had better tackle it. The article is all blank nonsense."——The local distillers appear to be trying to hide their light under a bushel for some reason or another, certainly not through any modesty they may possess. Yesterday they came on the floor after all the reporters had gone and quoted whiskey down to $1 09. Of course none of the papers or the Associated Press had this change, so what good it did the distillers no one knows. It isn't possible they are trying to work their customers is it?

St. Louis Markets.

FORENOON SESSION, CLOSING AT 1 P. M.

Wheat was traced in right well this morning, but the market had come to a halt and did not vary much in price, and ruled quite steady. There was nothing particularly new to be guessed and the situation was practically unchanged. The public cables were quiet and steady, while information regarding private cables were contradictory, some reporting a firmer and better tone, while others were said to be weak. Reports at ten points were 435,000 bu, which was fair, but their shipments only amounted to 87,000 bu. All the markets opened easier, except Chicago, which advanced, and the effect of this was to strengthen the others somewhat. In this market prices swung within a small range. May selling from $1 03¾ to $1 04¼, after opening at $1 03¾@¾ for the first half hour. Just after the first all it spurted to $1 04¾, as the result of Sid Francis' coming in and buying freely, but soon commenced to sag, and after the second call sold down to $1 03¾. A quick rally followed on a sharp advance in Chicago and May reached $1 04¾@¾, subsequently holding up well and closing at $1 04¾, which was ⅛c above the price asked at close of yesterday. December sold at 94¾ to 94¾; January at 95¾ to 96¾; February at 98 to 97¾. The cash market for grades was as dull as ever and weak, while sample lots were irregular, following very closely the fluctuations in futures. No. 2 red 94¼ in U.; No. 3 red 9.¾ bid this side; No. 4, 76 bid for C.; rejected 59¾ asked.

Corn was rejected during most of the session, and little done at any time. Very few orders were here and local traders found it more profitable to operate in wheat. The feeling was weak most of the time, but became firmer later, and closed steady. December sold at 34¾ to 34¾; January at 34¾, and ay at 37, and at close the two former were salable at 34¾ and for May 37¾ was bid. Cash grades moved actively and were principally taken for shipment, but prices were easier and lower, grades below No. 2 losing most in value. No. 2 mixed declined ¾c and sold mainly for export, the others chiefly for shipment East. No. 2 mixed 34¾ regular, 35 in A., No. 2 white mixed 34¾ bid regular; rejected do 31¾ in C. and bid for St. L.; new do 31 bid for St. L. and C.; new mixed 31¾@31¾ E. side, 32 in St. L.; rejected, 30¾ in C., 30¾@¾ in M. 30¾ E. side, 30¾ in St. L.; no-grade 29¾ in M.

Oats—Futures were entirely nominal, as not a trade was made, and no one seemed inclined to do so. May was offered at 31¾@¾, with 31¾ bid, which indicated a weaker state of affairs, but December was still salable at 27¾. The sky-scraping prices of yesterday were not obtainable, as for one thing rival elevators were not competing, but the market was weaker anyway and demand much slacker. No. 2, 30 in St. L., 27¾ bid for E., 5¾ for M.; rejected 26¾ regular, 28 in M.

Rye was firm and in demand for shipment, No 2 selling in St L. at 59¾; and rejected E. side at 56¾.

Barley showed no change, ruling dull. Quotations were as follows. Rejected 35@40, No. 3, 45@50, prime 55@60, choice 65@70, fancy 75@80, Canada $1@1 01 for No. 2, $1 09@1 09 for No 1.

Flour—Not materially or quotably changed, but the demand was of such a limited nature that when a buyer exhibited any disposition to take hold, salesmen, rather than miss an opportunity to make sales, allowed buyers to make their own terms, and a number of sales were made below quotations: xx $2 95@3 10; xxx $3 10@3 2; family $3 25@3 40; choice $3 70@3 80; fancy $4 30@4 30; extra do including favorite brands, $4 55@4 65; patent $5 05@5 40. These prices are for lots on arrival at depot and levee; order lots higher.

Buckwheat flour—Jobbing. Western $5; Eastern $5 50. Cornmeal—Unchanged at $1 60@1 85 on city orders delivered. pearlmeal and grits nominal at $2 75@3 00.

Rye Flour—Slow at $3 15@3 20.

Bran dull, but steady. Sacked sold at 54 at country point and 59 at mill; bulk at 48 at country point.

Hay was extremely dull and weak, with the single exception of choice loose-pressed timothy this side the river; this was scarce and wanted, but everything else over plenty. Common on East track was about unsalable. Market limits were: This side—Prairie $7 00@8 50 for prime to fancy; mixed $9@10 50; timothy $11 to $14 for prime to fancy East track stock sells about 50c@$1 per ton below the above rates.

Provisions—A fairly good business was transacted and steady prices were paid. Most of this trade was in filling regular orders, there being little speculative inquiry or for forward delivery. Not much up-country stuff sold, but 15-day dry salt c'ribs to arrive were fully worth 4.70 here; no fully-cured offered, as there is very little in Chicago and that is held at a price equivalent to 5.15 c. and l. here. Pork at $9 delivered for old and $10 for new standard, part of latter delivered, also; 500 brls of February sold, but terms kept private. quoted as worth about $10 10. Prime steam lard nominal at 5.90@5 95. Boxed dry salt longs sold at 4.80@4¾, c'rbs at 4.90@4.95, shorts at 5.05@5.10, and loose shorts at 5.15 f.o.b. on cash orders: $5 60 for shoulders, 4.80 for longs, 4.90 for c'ribs and 5.05 for shorts. Packed bacon longs sold at 5.55, c'ribs at 5.70 to 5¾ f. o. b. and shorts at 5¾ to 5.95. Country lard 5¾@5¾. City hams 9@11. Breakfast bacon 7@9. Beef—Family $10@13 per br., according to brand; on orders higher, $6@7 per ¼-brl dried 10@11; selected 12½ per lb. smoked tongues $5@5 50 per doz. Tallow—Prime in oil barrels, 4¾; choice do 5; No. 2 in do 4¾@4¾. In irregular packages ¼c less; tallow grease 4. Grease—Brown and yellow 3@4¼; white 4½@4¾. Salt—Domestic $1 05@1 10 per brl, as in size of lot; ground alum $1 10 per sack—small way higher.

Whisky—Cincinnati steady at $1 09, Chicago unchanged at $1 15, and Peoria firm at $1 09. Local market $1 09 for finished goods. Sales 36 brls on this basis. Spirits $1 12; accu. l value sales 15 brls.

Lead—Steady and firm; offerings small and held stiffly, some sellers asking $4 30. Sale 100 tons refined at $4 25, which chemical hard was worth, also.

Cotton.

Speculative markets were a little more active, and on the whole firmer, with a gain of 1 to 8 points at New York. New Orleans remaining generally unchanged and dull. Liverpool was also reported stronger at a 64d better than the day before. Manchester quoted stocks firm with a fair demand and yarns strong. Spots at all leading markets found but a light inquiry and were without change in value or new features of special significance. Local sales were slightly increased and amounted to 407 bales.

LOCAL SPOT QUOTATIONS—Low ordinary 7; ordinary 7 11-16; good ordinary 8 3-16; low middling 8⅝; middling 8 15-16; good middling 9 7-16; middling fair 9 15-16; stained and tinged ⅛ to ⅜ under quotations for white.

RECEIPTS, SHIPMENTS AND STOCKS.—Gross receipts today 3,366 bales, against 3,260 last year; since September, 1885, 25.,981 bales, against 145,450 same time last year; shipments to-day 2,979 bales, against 2,776 bales last year; since September 1, 1885, 1-3, 9 bales, against 112,037 bales same time last year; stocks in compresses and warehouses to-day 75,300 bales, against 31,55. bales.

CLOSING PRICES—3 P. M.

LIVERPOOL—Uplands 5 4-16d: Orleans 5 7-16d; sales 8,000 bales. Futures closed quiet and steady; December and January 5 6-64d; January and February 5 7-64d: February and March 5 9 64d March and April 5 11-64d: April and May 5 14-64d: May and June 5 18-64d: June and July 5 21-64d: July and August 5 24-64d.

NEW YORK — Futures closed quiet and steady. December 9.35; January 9.41; February 9.51; March 9.63; April 9.74; May 9.85 June 9.96 July 10.05; August 10.13, September 9.86. Sales 6(?)0 bales.

NEW ORLEANS—Futures opened: December 8.83, January 8.92, February 9.06, March 9.19, April 9.34, May 9.48, June 9.62, July 9.73, August 9.77, September 9.37. Sales — bales.

REAL BARGAINS

IN GOOD AND FINE CLOTHING.

In order to clear out our present stock prior to moving into our new house (one of the most beautiful and magnificent structures devoted to the Clothing Trade in the world). S.W. Corner Broadway and Pine Sts.—our old location—we are now offering Bona Fide BARGAINS in every Department.

Bargains in Men's Clothing!

Bargains in Boys' Clothing!

Bargains in Furnishing Goods!

The Newest Shapes, and many of the Choicest and Most Fashionable Fabrics, are shown by us. Of that you may rest assured. The following LOW PRICES, with the excellent quality, are of interest to all Clothing Buyers.

Men's and Youths' Suits, $8, $10, $12, $15, $18, $20, and up to the finest.
Men's and Youths' Overcoats, $5, $8, $10, $12, $15, $18, $20, and up to the finest.
Men's and Youths' Trousers, $2 50, $3, $3 50, $4, $4 50, $5, $5 50, $6, and up to the finest.
Boys' Long-Pant Suits, $5, $6, $7, $8, $9, $10, $12, $15, $18, $20, and up to the finest.
Large Boys' Overcoats, $4, $6, $7, $8, $10, $12, $15, and up to the finest.
Children's Knee-Pant Suits, $3 50, $4 50, $5, $6, $7, $8, $9, $10, $12, and up to the finest.
Small Boys' Overcoats, $3, $4, $5, $6 50, $7, $8, $10, and up to the finest.
Kilt Suits in handsome variety, $2 50, $3, $3 50, $4, $5, $6, $7, $8, and up to the finest.

As we are the largest manufacturers and retailers of Clothing in the United States, we know that there are no such goods as these offered by any other house in the city for such positively Low prices.

BROWNING, KING & CO.'S **GOLDEN EAGLE,** 210 and 212 North Broadway

Fashion Plates and Samples mailed free and out-of-town orders solicited.

Country Produce.

APPLES—Market steady and offerings large Geneting $1@1 50; Romanite $1@1 40; winesap $1 80@1 70; Pennocs and Baldwin $1 75@1 85 Ben Davis $1 60@2 00; Willow Twig $1 60@1 80, and Roman Beauty $1 75@2; small and poorly packed goes 2.@5c per br les.

DRIED FRUIT—Weak. Apples—Common sundried 1¾@2; good to prime quarters 2¾@2¾c; choice bright quarters 2¾, peelings and cores ¾@¾c common to good evaporated 4¾@6c, prime to fancy 6¾@7c. Peaches—Sundried quarters and mixed 2¾@3c, good to choice new bright halves 3¾@4c; evaporated: Unpeeled—Prime 8c; choice 8¾@9c; fancy 10c; peeled, prime, 8c, choice 10@11c; fancy 12c. Blackberries 8@8¾c.

VEGETABLES—Potatoes in light supply, but only a moderate demand at 4.@44 for Burbank, rose and Ohio, and 47@48 for peerless: Northern rose 48@50, and Burbank 5? per bu. Onions in small supply, firm and wanted at 75@80 for yellow and 80@85 for red per bu. 10@2 15 per bri for red.

BUTTER—Receipts 92,030 lbs. Market quiet and steady. Choice and fancy table stock the only kind wanted, and prices well maintained, a shade more than quotations being obtained in a small way; all else slow sale. We quote: Creamery—Choice at 25, fair to good 22@24c. Dairy—Choice and fancy 19@20c; fair to good 15@18c; common 8@10c; grease 4@5. Country store packed at 4@6c for common and 8@11 for choice. Roll—Near-by 11@13c for choice; Northern 14@16c for choice.

CHEESE—Wisconsin full cream 9¾@10¼c; part skims 6¾@8; Ohio cream 8@9; Young America 10@11.

EGGS—Receipts 497 pkgs Dull at 19c for guaranteed fresh; inferior cull at much less.

LIVE POULTRY—Dull and dragging; supply liberal. We quote: Choice old chickens, fancy large springs, good old and young mixed at $1 75@2—rough and poor stock 2.@50 per dozen less; small to fair sized springs $1@1 50 per dozen; turkeys 7c per lb live weight; ducks $2 50@3; geese $3 50@5.

DRESSED POULTRY—Fair inquiry for turkeys, but supply small; fair sale for chickens. We quote: Turkeys at 9 to 10@10½c per lb. Chickens at $1 50@1 75 for small, to $2@2 50 for fancy large. Ducks $3 00@3 50; geese $4@6 per dozen.

GAME—Demand good and offerings ample; prices firm: Sales ranged: Large undrawn quail $1 50, drawn $1@1 25, while there is no quotable value for small; undrawn grouse $4; drawn $3 50. Ducks—Mixed $1 25; teal $1 50, mallard $1 75; Minnesota pheasant $3; Illinois and Missouri $4; venison saddles 8@10c per lb; deer carcass 5@6c; bear saddles 8c; rabbits $1 40; jack rabbits $3 50; squirrel 75c; golden plover $1; wild turkeys 7@8c per lb.; woodcock $3; snipe 75c golden plover $1; opossum 5@10c each.

VEALS—Dull: choice fat sold at 7c, rough and thin at 5@6c, and heretics 3@4c per lb.

GRASS SEEDS—Clover rather quiet and less doing than usual. Sales small at $5 30@5 30. Timothy $1 50@1 65. Red-top 35@45c. German millet 40@60c.

FLAXSEED—$1 08 bid for car lots; small sacked lots 1@c less.

HEMPSEED—In small offering, but salable at 97½c@$1 for pure test.

CASTOR BEANS—Prime salable at $1 65.

Wool, Hides, Furs, Etc.

WOOL—Receipts, 5,829 lbs. Quiet and steady. We quote spot cash:

MISSOURI, ILLINOIS, ARKANSAS, &c.

Tub-washed—Choice	33	@34
Fair	30	@32
Low, dingy or coarse	26	@29
Unwashed—Choice medium clothing and combing	24	
Fair medium clothing and combing	21	@23
Low or coarse	17	@20
Fine—Choice, light	17	@22½
Fine—Heavy	13	@15
Hard burry, cotted and chaffy	14	@14½
Slightly do do 2@3c off: untied or broken fleeces 1@3c less.		

KANSAS, NEBRASKA, IOWA, &C.

Unwashed—Choice light bright medium	23	
Fair to good medium	19	@21
Brashy or earthy medium	16	@18
Carpet stock or low	12	@13
Fine—Choice light bright	20	
Fine—Heavy or earthy	12	@13

TEXAS, SOUTHWEST ARKANSAS, &C.

Spring clip—Choice light fine, 12 months' growth	23	@23½
Choice light medium, 12 months' growth	22	@23
Choice light medium, 6 to 8 months growth	19	@21
Choice light fine, 6 to 8 months' growth	18	@20
Sandy or burry 2@5c less. Hard burry	10	@14
Short and sandy Western	12	@16
Carpet stock and low	12	@16

For new sks 20c is allowed and for old 10c—tare 3¼ lbs.

HIDES—Steady. We quote: Green salted at 9¾ damaged 8¼c; bulls or stags 6c; green (uncured) 8c; do do damaged 6¾c; glue stock 8c; dry flint No. 1 13c. No. 2 15c; bulls or stags 10¼c; dry salted 12c; damaged 10c; glue stock 6c. Hides under 10 lbs classed as damaged.

FEATHERS—Lower. We quote. Prime live geese at 45c in large sks and 46c in small; unripe, quilty, etc., 30 to 40c. mixed 10 to 30c; tare 3 and 10 per cent.

DEER SKINS—Steady; prime No. 1 at 19c; No. 2 15c.

SHEEP PELTS—Green salted 50@75c; dry 25@60c; shearlings; dry 10@2?.

BEESWAX—Steady at 22c for choice.

FURS—Receipts small as yet, and of poor quality. Following will be about the ruling price for the first month's collection. The full-furred skins of mid winter will probably bring more. Scabs are worthless, and summer catch nearly so. Inside prices for Southern and outside for Western.

	No. 1.	No. 2.	No. 3.	No. 4.
Raccoon	40@50	30@35	15@20	5@10
Mink	20@30	15@20	8@10	3@5
Otter	4 50@5 00	3 00@3 50	1 00@1 50	25@50
Beaver	3 50@4 00	2 00@2 50	1 00@1 50	25@50
Skunk	50@60	35@40	20@25	5@10
Fox—Gray	50@60	35@40	20@25	10@15
" Red	60@70	40@50	20@25	10@15
Bear	7 00@8 00	4 00@5 00	1 50@2 00	50@75
Wolf—Timber	2 00@2 50	1 00@1 50	50@75	25@15
" Prairie	80@1 00	50@65	30@40	10@15
Badger	50@60	30@40	20@25	5@10
Wild Cat	10@25	Opossum		5@10
House Cat	10	Muskrat, fall		3@6
Civet Cat	10	do winter		6@10

10 to 20 per cent is deducted on racoon, beaver, bear wolf, badger and cats when "cased," and on all others when "open."

LIVE STOCK.

	Cattle.	Hogs.	Sheep.	Horses and Mules.
Receipts	731	7,767	1,397	90
Shipments	725	2,677	...	65

CATTLE—The market was poorly supplied and trade during the first two or three hours after the market opened was lifeless, no class of buyers being represented in any force and the demand from those present was not very extensive, but even as small as it was, considerable trouble was found in satisfying it from the fact that there were but few cattle suitable on sale. Some ten or a dozen loads of stale stock left over from yesterday and less than that many of fresh arrivals comprised the supply. Stockers and feeders were still inquired for, but transfers of any kind were few and far between. We quote:

RULING QUOTATIONS—Good to choice native shippers $4 65@5 15; fair to medium $4 25@4 50; common, $3 40@4 00; butchers' steers fair to choice $3 25@3 90; common $2 50@3 00; cows and heifers, fair to good $2 25@2 85. common, $1 75@2 00; feeding steers, $3 25@3 75; stockers, $2 25@3 00; native bulls, $2 00@2 15; good to choice wintered Texans $3 25@3 75; Indian and Texas range steers, $2 75@3 40; common do. $1 74@2 50; cows, common to good, $1 75@2 75; bulls $1 75@1 90; veal calves $5 00@9 00 per head, milch cows with calves $20 00@40 00.

REPRESENTATIVE SALES.
National Stock Yards.
Yesterday's late sales.

No.	Description.	Av.	Price.
37	native steers	1,383	$4 70
53	native steers	1,240	4 35
20	native steers	952	3 62½
4	Southwest steers	1,052	3 85
40	Southwest steers	930	3 55
17	Southwest steers	1,042	3 65
27	Colorado steers	1,112	3 40
35	Southwest stockers	747	2 60
20	native feeders	1,135	3 75
14	native cows	1,184	2 85
11	native cows and heifers	922	2 90

UNION STOCK YARDS.
Daily report of sales of cattle.

No.	Description.	Av.	Price.
24	Southwest cows	7??	2 30
10	Southwest cows	568	2 20
15	Southwest cows	666	2 60
21	Southwest cows	829	2 44
20	Southwest cows	1,019	2 72½
12	Texas bulls	1,094	2 00
10	native steers	1,185	4 20
12	native steers	1,05?	4 30
10	Southwest mixed	732	2 55

427 retailed from $2 00 to $4 00.

HOGS—Although not exactly weak this morning, the general market was slower and a disposition was shown on the part of buyers, and more especially packers, to bear prices, and for this reason there was less activity displayed. Salesmen found they could rely upon speculators and they were not worrying much, and by a little waiting they soon prevailed upon packers to take hold with their usual activity, and the prices that ruled yesterday were generally obtained this morning, packers paying from $3 70@3 85 and butchers $3 80@3 90. Speculators bought largely at $3 5 @3 75 in the extremes for mixed lots, and Eastern shippers who were at first backward came forward later and took hold actively at $3 60@3 65. Receipts were fairly liberal, but not more than could be easily handled, and an early clearance was looked for.

REPRESENTATIVE SALES.
National Yards.

No.	Av.	Price.	No.	Av.	Price.
47	286	$3 90	57	264	$3 80
70	294	3 85	30	190	3 65
55	294	3 85	70	213	3 65
48	308	3 85	78	197	3 60
62	299	3 85	72	188	3 65
53	293	3 80	61	182	3 60
58	246	3 80	67	238	3 70
49	263	3 80	23	168	3 55
27	258	3 80	65	266	3 60
32	295	3 80	55	239	3 70
60	252	3 75	55	296	3 70
65	260	3 70	70	274	3 80
65	189	3 65	102	117	3 20
56	194	3 65	82	200	3 65
71	205	3 65	68	239	3 70
72	200	3 65	56	278	3 75
89	167	3 60	77	183	3 60
68	168	3 60	49	201	3 65
40	257	3 70	52	176	3 60
18	189	3 65	27	180	3 65
35	2.5	3 80	59	254	3 75
71	179	3 60	63	257	3 75
24	188	3 65	93	183	3 60
107	240	3 75	65	276	3 75
28	219	3 65	85	263	3 75

Union Stock Yards.
Daily Live Stock Report of Sales of Hogs.

No.	Av.	Price.	No.	Av.	Price.
66	269	$3 80	87	271	$3 85
75	288	3 80	62	271	3 80
67	230	3 80	55	301	3 80
53	290	3 80	65	243	3 80
67	283	3 80	49	220	3 70
63	293	3 80	52	271	3 80
48	277	3 80	72	213	3 75
84	266	3 80	43	246	3 75
60	296	3 70	40	200	3 80
84	205	3 65	68	225	3 70
62	241	3 65	62	273	3 75
51	278	3 87½	60	2.2	3 75
57	298	3 80	56	248	3 70
54	252	3 75	55	160	3 40
67	226	3 65	56	216	3 80
85	207	3 60	55	234	3 70
59	230	3 65			

SHEEP—Good sheep wanted, but continue scarce. Common are neglected and form the bulk of the arrivals, and sell at what buyers are inclined to bid.

Union Stock Yards.
Daily Live Stock Report of Sales of Sheep.

No.	Av.	Price	No.	Av.	Price.
35	88	$1 65	24	94	$2 00
80	100	2 55	93	102	2 35
43	111	3 15	482	74	2 25
25	106	2 75	85	94	2 25

110 thin Kansas steers $1 25 per head.

Horses and Mules.

HORSES—Heavy draught, extra, $125 to $165; heavy draught, good, $110 to $125; saddlers, $100 to $140; drivers, extra, $130 to $160; drivers, good, $80 to $110; Southern horses, $65 to $95; plugs, $15 to $40.

MULES—14 hands, 4 to 7 years old, $80@$85; 14½ hands, 4 to 7 years old, $100 to $110; 15 hands, 4 to 7 years old, $110 to $120; 15½ hands, 4 to 7 years old, extra, $125 to $145; 16 to 16½ hands, 4 to 7 years old, extra, $150 to $170.

Live Stock Markets by Telegraph

CHICAGO, ILL., December 4.—Hogs—Receipts 39,000; market quiet and slow; 5 cents lower; light $3 30@3 50; rough packing $3 40@3 50; heavy packing and shipping $3 60@3 80. Cattle—Receipts 7,000; market slow and weak; good to choice $ @5 60; common to fair $3 50@4 65; butchers $1 50@4 75; butchers $1 50@3 75; stockers $2 50@$4. Sheep—Receipts 4,500; market steady; natives $2@3 60; Texans and scalawags $1 50@2 50; lambs $3@4 40.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH

NEW YORK, December 4.—Wheat opened heavy and ⅛@¼c lower, but afterwards strengthened and advanced ⅝@¾c, with a moderate trade. Receipts 33,400 bu; sales 1,104,000 bu. No. 2 red January 95¾@96¾; 416,000 bu do February 97¾@98¾; 16,000 bu do March 99¾@99¾; 248,000 bu do May $1 0¾@1 05¾; 96,000 bu June $1 03¾@1 04¾. Corn ¼@¾c higher; mixed Western spot 41@55¾; futures 48¼@58¾; receipts 89,868 bu; sales 408,000 bu. Oats a shade lower; state 37@42; Western 35@43; receipts 88,478 bu; sales 10,000 bu. Beef steady; new extra mess $10. Pork firm; new mess $9 87½@10 25. Lard dull and lower; steam-rendered 6.35. Butter firm for choice: Western 8@28. Sugar firm; crushed 7¾; powdered 6¾@7¾; granulated 6¾. Eggs — Western fresh 26@27. The imports of dry goods at this port during the past week were valued at $1,564,578, and the amount marketed at $1,513,1?3.

NEW ORLEANS, December 4.—Flour dull and easier, but not quotably lower: extra fancy $4 30, fancy $4 60, choice $4 40. Cornmeal dull at $2 95@3 Corn quiet and easy; mixed white 44, yellow in fair demand at 45. Oats firmer: No. 2, 36@36¾. Bran easy at 80@82¾. Hay firm and good demand for better grades at $17 50@18 50 prime $14 50. Provisions quiet and steady. Pork $9 62¾. Cut meats—Shoulders 3.90. sides 5¾; bacon shoulders very scarce, nominally 3¾@3¾. 6, l.c.s. at 5¾. Hams—Choice sugar cured 10@10¾. Lard—Refined tcs 6¾; packers' tcs 6¾. Whisky—Nominal. Exchange on New York $1 discount; sight nominal. Cotton—Spot quiet and easy at 8¾; net receipts 11,546 bales; gross receipts 12,443 bales.

BALTIMORE, MD., December 4.—Wheat—Western easy and dull; No. 2 winter red spot and December 89¾@90¾; January 91¾@92; February 94¾@94¾; March 97¾@98¾. Corn—Western steady and more active; mixed spot 48¾@48¾; December 47¾@47¾; January 46@46¾; February 46@46¾. Oats firm; Western white 37@38; mixed 35@36. Provisions steady; mess pork $10 25. lard refined 7¾. Eggs steady at 24@25. Coffee dull; Rio cargoes ordinary to fair 7¾@8¾. Receipts—Flour 2,340 brls; wheat 11,000 bu, corn 47,000 bu; oats 2,000 bu; rye 1,000 bu. Shipments flour 351 brls; wheat — bu; corn — bu.

CINCINNATI, December 4.—Flour steady and unchanged; family $4 10@4 35; fancy $4 50@4 75. Wheat strong; No. 2 red 95@96. Corn dull; No. 3 mixed new 38. Oats strong; No. 2 mixed 31@31¾. Rye steady and unchanged. Barley firm and unchanged; No. 2, Wisconsin spring choice 68. Provisions firm, with an upward tendency. Whisky steady; sales of 1,365 bar els of finished goods on this basis.

DETROIT, MICH., December 4.—Wheat—No. 1 white 9.¾ asked cash; 95¾ December; 96¾ January; $1 00 May. No. 2 red 95¾ cash and December; 95¾ asked January; 96¾ asked February; $1 00¾ May. No. 3 red 84 asked; receipts 22,600 bu. Corn 39 Oats—No. 2 white 34; No. 2 red 83¾.

TOLEDO, December 4.—Wheat quiet; cash 94¾@95; December 94¾ January 96; February 97¾; May $1 01¾. Corn quiet; cash or year 40; January 38¾; May 40¾. Oats dull; cash 31; May 34. Clover seed firm. cash $5 33¾ old; December $5 55 asked; January $5 60 old; February $5 70.

Oil and Petroleum.

PITTSBURG, PA., December 4.—Petroleum was fairly active and firm. Prices opened a 91¾ and advanced to 9.¾ on the short covering, but broke at 1 o'clock this afternoon to 9.¾. Trading was good.

CLEVELAND, December 4.—Petroleum quiet; S. W. 110 8¾.

WILMINGTON, December 4.—Turpentine firm at 34.

Foreign

LIVERPOOL, December 4.—Wheat and corn arrived and wheat and corn to arrive quiet, but steady. Mark Lane wheat not much doing, and corn steady. Country markets easy. Weather favorable. Wheat steady, with a fair demand; holders offer moderately; No. 2 spring 7s 4d; No. 2 red winter 7s 5d; No. 1 California 7s 5d; No. 2 do 7s 4d. Mixed Western firm, with a fair demand at 4s 7½d. Demand from United Kingdom and Continent fair for wheat and corn. Receipts wheat past week 285,000 centals, of which 42,000 were American; receipts corn 93,000 centals.

LIVERPOOL, December 4, 3:30 P. M.—CLOSE—Pork is in fair demand; prime mess Eastern 58s; do Western 40s. Lard in poor demand; spot and December, January and February at 32s. Wheat is in fair demand; new winter 7s 3½d; do spring 7s 2½d. Flour in demand and improving at 8s 4d. Corn is in fair demand; spot firm at 4s 7½d; December steady at 4s 7½d; January 4s 4½d February 4s 4d.

LONDON, December 4, 12:30 P. M.—Consols opened at 99 5-16 for money and 99 7-16 for the account.

4 P. M.—Consols closed at 99 5-16 for money and 99 7-16 for the account.

THE RIVER.

Height of water above low water mark..........8.8 ft.

Arrivals.

Bald Eagle, Grafton. Belle Memphis, Vicksburg. Spread Eagle, Grafton.

Departures.

Clyde, Tennessee River. Spread Eagle, Grafton.

Weather Bulletin

WAR DEPARTMENT, SIGNAL SERVICE U. S. ARMY, WASHINGTON, December 4, 1885.

The following observations are taken at 7 a. m., 75th meridian time:

STATIONS—	Barom.	Therm.	Wind.	Rainfall.	State of Weather.
Jacksonville, Fla	30.05	45	W	.....	Clear.
Vicksburg	29.84	50	SW	.....	Clear.
New Orleans, La.	30.10	50	SW	.....	Clear.
Shreveport, La.	29.83	51	SW	.....	Clear.
Fort Smith	29.63	43	NE	.....	Clear.
Little Rock, Ark.	29.66	53	SW	.....	Fair.
Galveston, Tex.	29.98	61	SW	.....	Clear.
Memphis, Tenn.	29.63	54	S	.....	Cloudy.
Nashville, Tenn.	29.71	44	SE	.....	Cloudy.
Louisville, Ky.	29.60	43	SE	.....	Cloudy.
Indianapolis, Ind.	29.48	38	S	.....	Cloudy.
Cincinnati, Ohio	29.64	38	S	.....	Fair
Pittsburg, Pa.	29.76	38	S	.04	Cloudy.
Chicago, Ill.	29.37	39	S	.....	Clear.
St. Paul, Minn.	29.39	27	N	.19	Lt. Snow.
La Crosse, Wis.	29.33	36	W	*	Sleet.
Davenport, Iowa	29.32	38	W	.....	Cloudy.
Des Moines, Iowa	30.51	44	N	.....	Cloudy.
Keokuk, Iowa	29.37	39	SW	.....	Clear.
Cairo, Ill.	29.52	55	S	.....	Cloudy.
Springfield, Ill	29.37	50	SW	.....	Cloudy.
St. Louis, Mo	29.37	53	SW	.....	Cloudy.
Leavenworth, Kan	29.64	30	NW	.....	Clear.
Omaha, Neb.	29.76	40	NW	.....	Cloudy.
Yankton, Dak	.....	..	.....	.....	.....
Moorhead, Minn	29.84	18	N	.06	Lt. Snow.
Bismarck, Dak	30.23	19	N	.04	Lt. Snow.
Fort Buford, Dak	30.50	..	NW	*	Clear.
Ft. Assiniboine, Mont.	.....	..	.....	.....	.....
Fort Custer, Mont.	30.59	31	NW	.....	Cloudy.
Deadwood, Dak.	.....	..	.....	.....	.....
North Platte, Neb.	29.13	38	S	.....	Clear.
Denver, Col.	30.29	28	N	.....	Clear.
West Las Animas	30.15	39	N	.....	Clear.
Dodge City, Kan.	29.99	52	N	.....	Clear.
Fort Stockton	30.06	56	SW	.....	Clear.
El Paso, Tex.	30.15	47	Calm	.....	Clear.
Salt Lake City	30.40	31	SE	.....	Foggy.

Dash(*)—indicates rain all inappreciable.

STATIONS.	Above low Beach-Mark.	Fall.	Rise.
St. Louis	8.8 ft.	0.1 in.	Clear
Hermann, Mo.	5.8 ft.	0.2 in.	Cloudy
Peoria, Ill.	8.4 ft.	0.3 in.	Clear
Warsaw, Ill	... ft.	.....	....
Kansas City	... ft.	... ft.	....

*(—) Rainfall inappreciable.

G. A. WEBER, Corp'l S. S. U. S. A.

Local Weather Report.

ST. LOUIS, MO. December 4, 1885.

Local Time	Ther.	Wind Dir.	Wind Vel.	Weather.
1:59 a. m.	48.9	S	8	Cloudy.
5:59 a. m.	53.0	SW	28	Cloudy.
9:59 a. m.	54.0	NW	28	Cloudy.
1:59 p. m.	48.8	NW	37	Clear.

Maximum temperature, 52.2.
Minimum temperature, 48.0.
River stage, 8.8 ft.; fall of 0.1 ft.

G. A. WEBER, Corporal Sig. Corps, U. S. A.

Indications

WASHINGTON, D. C., December 4.—For the West Gulf States—Fair weather; winds shifting to west and north; generally colder; rising barometer. For the Ohio Valley and Tennessee—Local rains or light snows, winds shifting to southwest and northwest; rising, followed by falling temperature in Ohio Valley, colder weather in Western Tennessee, slightly warmer in Eastern Tennessee, rising, preceded in eastern portion by falling barometer. For the Lower Lake Region—Rain and snow; east to south winds; shifting to northwesterly; slight changes in temperature, followed by Saturday or Saturday night by much colder weather. For the Upper Lake Region—Threatening weather and snow; generally colder, winds shifting to northwest; higher barometer. For the Upper Mississippi Valley—Threatening weather and snow: colder winds shifting to north and west; higher barometer. For the Missouri Valley—Local snows, followed by colder weather; northerly winds higher barometer. The rivers will remain about stationary.

River Telegrams.

CAIRO, ILL., December 4.—Arrived: Hudson, St. Louis, 6 a. m. Departed: Lowrey, New Orleans, 7 p. m.; Providence, Vicksburg, 9 Ironsides, St. Louis, 7 a. m.; Hudson, Ohio, 11. River 15 feet 5 inches and rising. Weather cloudy and cool.

LOUISVILLE, KY., December 4—NOON.—River falling; 7 feet 1 inch in the canal, 4 feet 11 inches on the falls. Business fair. Weather cloudy and mild. Locals on time.

MEMPHIS, TENN., December 4.—River falling. Departed: City of Cairo, to St. Louis, 7 a. m. Weather cloudy.

EVANSVILLE, IND., December 4.—NOON—River stationary with 11 feet 5 inches in the channel. The Golden Crown passed up at 7 a. m. with the biggest upstream trip of the season.

CINCINNATI, December 4.—River 14 feet 7 inches; stationary. Clear. Thermometer 56°. Arrived: Gaff, Memphis, last night; Andes, Wheeling.

PITTSBURG, December 4.—River 4 feet 8 inches.

Marine.

HAVRE, December 4.—Arrived: Steamer Normandie, from New York.

NEW YORK, December 4.—Arrived: Steamer Beigenland from Antwerp.

SOUTHAMPTON, December 4.—The steamer Werra, from New York for Bremen, arrived Sunday.

AMBOAT.

LOWER MISSISSIPPI.

St. Louis and New Orleans Anchor Line

UNITED STATES MAIL AND BONDED LINE.

Packets for Cape Girardeau, Cairo, Hickman, Memphis, Helena, Greenville, Arkansas City and Vicksburg leave Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

BELLE MEMPHIS..................Baker, Master

Will leave Saturday, December 5, at 5 p. m.

Packets for Ste. Genevieve, St. Mary's, Chester, Wittenburg and Grand Tower

STR. E. C. ELLIOT..................Lennon, Master

Leaves Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 4 p. m.

JOHN W. CARROLL, Agent.

St. Louis and Mississippi Valley Transportation Company.

For New Orleans — Henry Lowrey and barges, leaves Saturday, December 5, at 5 p.m. For freight rates to New Orleans and points in Texas, apply to ...P. BURDEAU, Agent.

St. Louis Post-Dispatch,

PUBLISHED BY

THE DISPATCH PUBLISHING CO.

JOSEPH PULITZER, President.

[Entered at the Post Office at St. Louis, Mo., as second-class mail matter.]

TERMS OF THE DAILY.

One year, postage paid	$9 00
Six months	4 50
Three months	2 25
One month	85
One month (delivered by carrier)	65
By the week (delivered by carrier)	15

Subscribers who fail to receive their paper regularly will confer a favor upon us by reporting the same to this office by postal card.

THE WEEKLY.

One year, postage paid	$1 00
Six months, postage paid	60

All business or news letters or telegrams should be addressed

POST-DISPATCH.
515 and 517 Market street.

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 4, 1885.

AMUSEMENTS TO-NIGHT

GRAND (Market, bet. 5th & 6th)—Woman Against Woman
OLYMPIC (B'dwy, bet. Walnut and Elm)—A Rag Baby.
POPE'S (Ninth and Olive streets)—Billee Taylor.
PEOPLE'S (Sixth and Walnut streets)—The Boy Scout of the Sierras.
STANDARD (7th and Walnut)—Nobody's Claim.
CASINO (4th, near Walnut)—Variety Entertainment.
PALACE MUSEUM (6th, near Franklin av.)—1 p. m. to 10 p.m.
PANORAMA (14th and Washington av.)—Siege of Paris.
MUSEUM OF FINE ARTS (19th and Locust sts)—Open daily.
STAR RINK—Nineteenth and Pine.
EXPOSITION SKATING ACADEMY—Thirteenth and Olive.

MATINEES TO-MORROW

GRAND OPERA HOUSE—Woman Against Woman.
OLYMPIC—A Rag Baby.
POPE'S—Billee Taylor.
STANDARD—Nobody's Claim.
PEOPLE'S—The Boy Scout of the Sierras.
CASINO—Variety Entertainment.

IT is to be regretted that Circuit Attorney CLOVER was not fined five hundred dollars, as that would have given five thousand citizens of St. Louis an opportunity of showing their approval of his offense.

WE are indebted to the Civil Service Reform Association of Missouri for a copy of the annual report of the Executive Committee for the year ending May 7, 1885. Under the circumstances such a report reads like "sarkusm."

THE only reputable interest in St. Louis which does not sympathize with Circuit Attorney CLOVER is the criminal bar. There is a deep, strong, but unspoken feeling that the speedy trial and conviction of criminals would render the exiguous emolument of these apparitors of Themis more precarious than it is at present.

THE editor of the New York WORLD has been sued for libel by Mayor GRACE for its articles on the loss of a million dollars of the money of the people in the Marine Bank. Whenever any circumstance is needed to give the expanding circulation of the WORLD a gentle acceleration Destiny kindly steps in and supplies the need.

THERE is much plausibility in the theory that the recent Missouri appointments were fixed up so as to strengthen the civil service reform idea by furnishing terrible examples of the evils of the spoils system. It is rather hard on Missouri that our State should have been selected for so painful an experiment. Why did not the President try it nearer home?

OUR Washington special says that the coming session of the Senate will be marked by a bitter contest over the federal appointments and that Missouri will come in for its share of the Senatorial scrutiny. The two Senators from Missouri are loading themselves down pretty heavily, and will get bowlegged with the weight they are carrying on their shoulders before the battle begins.

THE number of offices simultaneously filled by Pooh Bah in the "Mikado" threatens to be surpassed by the honors of Police Commissioner GOODING, who is announced as Consul-General to Mexico and Appraiser of the Port. Previous to this the best record for multifarious office holding was that of D. PITT ROWLAND, who filled the offices of Postmaster, Surveyor and Appraiser—in his eye.

FOR years the St. Louis Grand Juries have protested against the delays in the trials of criminal cases and their protests have been duly filed and pigeon-holed. Now that an officer of the court has been fined for protesting too vigorously, all the accumulated indignation of years finds expression. Such a movement is healthy. It can not fail to do good. It can profitably be kept before the people for a day or two.

TALK about disorder in Ireland, but just note the riot and bloodshed accompanying an election in "Merrie England!" Twenty Tory residences and the two best hotels in Radstock, Somerset, destroyed by mobs—one candidate dying of his wounds at Aylesbury—scores of voters bruised, banged and crippled at Worthing—fifty in the hospital at Wilton—among them the Liberal M. P. elect, who would have been thrown into the river by the mob, if a force of sixty policemen had not arrived in time to rescue and escort him to a place of safety—these are only a part of the casualties of one day, with rioting and fighting at the polls almost everywhere, and the bloody thing protracted through several weeks—and that is an English Parliamentary election among those highly civilized, mild and merciful Britons.

IN his letter of thanks to the electors of Midlothian, Mr. GLADSTONE scouts the idea of a possible coalition of Whigs and Tories, and the Radical leader, JOSEPH CHAMBERLAIN, while saying that PARNELL made a great mistake in trying to throttle the Liberal party, the only great machinery for securing justice to Ireland, expresses the opinion that there will be no permanent alienation between the Parnellites and the Liberals. As the indications now are that the Liberals will lack half a dozen votes or more of a majority over both Tories and Parnellites, and as about thirty of the Liberals are strongly pledged to real Home Rule for Ireland, there is a favorable outlook for the attainment of the object to which Mr. PARNELL and his eighty-six followers will direct all their efforts. They may not get all they would like to have—such radical progress is hardly possible under the slow-moving British Government—but substantial improvement in the right direction can hardly be delayed much longer, when even the Tory party has developed a Democratic and Home Rule wing.

MAYOR GRACE'S suit against the New York WORLD for $50,000 damages only shows how fortunate New York City is in the possession of one journal that dares give rich and powerful but badly besmirched officials a chance to vindicate their official records in court. Mayor GRACE has been rather slow about availing himself of the opportunity which the WORLD has persistently dangled before his eyes for two months past. He screwed his courage up to the sticking point, however, when the WORLD on Wednesday, in its comments on General SHALER'S fall, said:

What other results could be anticipated? At the head of the city government is a Mayor who, though enormously rich and above the terrible temptation of poverty which led to General Shaler's fall, and elected under the sham of Reform, was a sharer in transactions which have already sent two men to State prison and caused the indictment of two others.

The city of New York lost about $1,000,000 by the breaking of the Marine Bank by the firm of GRANT & WARD, and the books of that bubble-blowing concern showed payments of interest or profits to Mayor GRACE, and perhaps to other persons more or less connected with the custody and safe-keeping of the city's money. Such a remarkable state of affairs calls for a judicial investigation of some sort, and as there has been no indictment or prosecution, the WORLD has stepped into the breach and will give the lucky Mayor, who made money where the city lost, a chance to show, if he can, that his reputation as an honest man and faithful official is still worth something in current funds. ROSCOE CONKLING conducts the case for the WORLD, and the result will probably be a *cause celebre* which men in charge of city funds will not soon forget.

MEN OF MARK.

KING ALFONSO'S life was insured for $100,000.

SENATOR EDMUNDS' wealth is estimated at half a million.

THE pistol was invented in Pistola, in Tuscany, by Camillo Vitelli, in the sixteenth century.

AT A "pound party" in Augusta, Me., Mr. Blaine recently contributed a pound of silver dollars.

THE Buffalo Express says that President Cleveland has never been further West than Dunkirk, N. Y.

THE Liberals in England have sent a soap boiler to Parliament. Appropriately enough he comes from Ham.

SENATORS Blair and Frye are said to be the only members of the Upper House of Congress who are teetotalers.

THE tallest man in Washington Territory is John Hutchinson. He stands seven feet four inches in his stockings.

EX-COMMISSIONER JOHN EATON has dropped into the soft spot of President of Marietta (O.) College. His educational experience having probably fitted him for that position.

THE King of Belgium is a periodical drunkard, and always a debauchee. Recently his mistress, an Englishwoman, was ordered out of the country by the police. The King's rage was ungovernable on learning of it.

PRINCE CHARLES of Bavaria, who is an eminent practicing physician and surgeon, has gone to Paris to study M. Pasteur's hydrophobia inoculation.

KING LUDWIG of Bavaria has resumed his private operatic and dramatic performances, and the ministers who were trying to straighten out his finances are disgusted.

DR. FREIRE, the Brazilian scientist, claims to have made numerous successful inoculations for yellow fever, thoroughly testing his discovery before making or permitting the least public mention of it.

"PRINCE ALEXANDER," says a British war correspondent, "may frequently be seen in the foremost ranks of combatants, and several members of his immediate escort have been wounded."

MR. JAMES RUSSELL LOWELL gives his guests the choicest cigars, but prefers for his own smoking a common clay pipe filled with "Durham," of which he occasionally sends a bag to Tennyson, who, since he became a Baron, has advanced from clay to brierwood.

PROFESSOR FELIX ADLER, of ethical culture fame, advocates opening the theaters, museums, and public libraries on Sunday. He says that when nine persons out of eleven do not go to church there must be something wrong with the churches.

DR. SHAW of Water Gap cures snake bites by administering whisky internally and applying externally a poultice of onions, and he writes to the Medical Times that he has great success. We should say so. The combined effects of whisky and onions will break up a camp-meeting.

THE report that Senator Mahone is to be made general manager of the Chesapeake and Ohio Road is denied in Washington. The denial is based on the fact that C. P. Huntington, president of the road, has always opposed Mahone and in the campaign of 1881 contributed a handsome sum to the Democratic fund to defeat him.

THE Duke of Norfolk, an ardent Roman Catholic, or supposed to be so, has denounced Liberals from the platform for attacking "that sound bulwark of civilization, the Church of England." While most of the old Roman Catholic gentry have continued moderate Liberals, the Duke, oblivious to the fact that he owes his admission to the House of Lords to that party, has become an almost jingo Tory.

THE Andre monument affair has had the effect of putting Mr. Field before the British public in a light he may not relish. The London Echo writes of him as "an able, pushing man of business, not too scrupulous to jeopardize success, but, on the other hand, exceedingly vain and fond of associating his name with persons of eminence and rank, more especially in this country."

WOMEN OF THE WORLD.

MME. PATTI generously speaks of Nicolini's sons as "my children."

MISS LAURA BRADEN is president of the Waynesburg and Washington (Pa.) Railroad.

"SHIRLEY DARE" reappears in journalism. It is the pen name of a very capable woman writer.

Two fainting spells by Sarah Bernhardt during one performance indicates a sudden revival of her old-time dramatic talents.

THE Prince of Wales is known as "Tum" among the rather fast set he has round him. The Queen is mentioned by a so-called witty woman as "Tum's dam."

THE army of artificial flower makers in Paris is said to number not less than 30,000 souls. No country equals France in this art, and expert artificers—generally girls—can always find work at good wages.

MISS UNA SHERIDAN, daughter of Mr. R. B. Sheridan, member for Dudley in the late House of Commons, is about to become a professional actress, and certainly the success of any Sheridan on the stage would seem assured in advance by mere heredity.

NELLIE BAILEY, the Wisconsin girl who had a mania for marrying rich men, and who was tried for the murder of a wealthy Kansas banker with whom she was traveling to Texas last spring, is said to be back at her old haunts in Waukesha.

MRS. CORDELIA WATERMAN of San Francisco, who died in Bridgeport, Conn., of typhoid fever on Sunday, was the widow of the late Capt. Robert H. Waterman, celebrated in the clipper ship annals of 1849 as a severe disciplinarian. Mrs. Waterman leaves no children, but a large estate valued at several millions of dollars.

MME. MODJESKA was given a reception at the Burnet House, in Cincinnati, the other evening. There were over a thousand guests in attendance, and among the others were Mayor Smith, Mrs. Foraker, Ex-Mayor Stephens, Murat Halsted, William H. Taft, Mrs. L. A. Leonard and many others prominent in social and art circles.

AT a recent marriage in Ohio the bride, a Miss Morris, wore a dress that was imported from Paris in 1742 for a wedding, and has been in the family ever since, being used only on such occasions. It was worn again in 1776 as a wedding dress, but not again till the other day, when Miss Morris donned it. Not a stitch has been altered or added to it, and it is in almost as good condition as when new.

MRS. MARGARET RYAN of New York had her leg amputated the other day, and insisted upon its having a Christian burial in her family lot in Calvary Cemetery. A death certificate was made out by the doctor, certifying that the leg had died by amputation at the Chambers Street Hospital November 29, 1885; that it was 50 years old, married and part mother of a family. The leg was buried with all due ceremony Monday.

THE METROPOLITAN PRESS.

What the Editors of the New York Journals Are Saying This Morning.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, December 4.—The WORLD says: "One striking feature of Mayor William R. Grace's doleful complaint against the WORLD is the emphasis with which he repeats the fact that the WORLD has a large circulation, both in this city and the United States. Upon this point there is no disagreement whatever."

THE SUN.

The Sun says: "Is Brother Blaine for Logan? We shouldn't wonder if he was. It would surprise us very much to learn that Edmunds of Vermont, or John Sherman of Ohio, or Ingalls of Kansas, or even William Pitt Frye of Maine, had the benefit of such prayers as may be ascending this morning from the banks of the Kennebec, opposite the Maine State Lunatic Asylum. It is natural that Brother Blaine should stand by Black Jack when opportunity comes within reaching distance of John Alexander. Yet, with all of his fidelity to his associate in last year's ticket, can Brother Blaine help indulging in some rather unphilosophical reflection on the perverse partiality of destiny, if Logan should win in the Senate caucus to-day."

THE TIMES.

The Times says: "The Supreme Court of Ohio has before it a number of questions arising out of the contested election cases in Cincinnati, and on its decisions will depend the political complexion of the State Senate. No one can tell what is to be expected of a court which has just decided the registry law unconstitutional, on the ground that certain delinquent voters were prevented by it from casting their ballots. The whole trouble which the judges are called upon to settle was caused by fraud in the count and return of votes but these are slight compared with the frauds perpetrated by repeating and illegal voting, which a registration law is the only effectual means of preventing. That it prevents those from voting who will not take the trouble to register, or even those who fail to do so from unavoidable cases, is a small evil compared to those which it prevents, and to set it down as unconstitutional interference with the right of suffrage savors of crankiness."

THE TRIBUNE.

The Tribune says: "The Hon. Grover Cleveland has a healthy, substantial appearance, indicating a physical power that will enable him in all human probability to live out not only his time, but that of his Republican successor, if such there should be. When the close of his extraordinary career comes, we trust it will find him with silvered hair, full of years, and much more widely and warmly esteemed by his countrymen than he is likely to be unless he changes his policy and gets rid of his Cabinet carbuncles. We rejoice in his muscular activity, and, as this is a nation of free people and not of Nihilists or fire eaters, we expect to see him leave the White House with no other loss of bone and sinew than that which the fierce swarm of Democratic place-hunters, worse than the itch or the Jersey mosquito, may occasion to him. But, all the same, we want to see the honor and prestige of the Vice-Presidency go to that sterling Republican, the hearty choice of his party, John A. Logan."

THE PEOPLE'S FORUM.

A Hardship on Travelers.

VIRDEN, ILL., December 3, 1885.

To the Editor of the POST-DISPATCH:

Why do they not have in St. Louis, like in Chicago at their Union Depot, passenger instructors to call out the correct trains to the passengers and the few important cities and towns on the road, so as strangers will know what train they are taking? Last Friday night, a week ago, as I was at the Relay Depot, East St. Louis, waiting for the Chicago and Alton Chicago train. The Wabash train was called for the Chicago and Alton train, and before we knew what train we were on, we were almost to Decatur; at least we were too far from the depot to get off on our train, and were carried on to Edwardsville Junction, causing us a delay of one night and day just by being misdirected, and our fare from Edwardsville. If it had been some poor person without the means, I suppose he would have had to walk home. Railway companies ought to remedy this.

A SUBSCRIBER.

ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

BASE BALL—The lists will be published shortly in the official record.

A SUBSCRIBER—The Cattle Convention will be held in Chicago next year.

V. I. K.—W. J. Scanlan is a married man, but his wife is not an actress.

Z. X.—The official transfer was made to Postmaster Hyde on Tuesday, December 1.

J. C. FALK—Write to the Congressman from your district and he can obtain it for you.

EUREKA SPRINGS—The price of the Stephenson two-horse cars ranges from $850 to $1,100 each, according to finish.

SUBSCRIBER—The Senators and Congressmen receive $5,000 each. The Speaker of the House and Vice-President are paid $8,000.

RAILROAD MAN—The road cannot be garnisheed for your debt unless it has an office in this city. The company cannot be garnisheed for the last thirty days' wages due the debtor.

AN OLD SUBSCRIBER—It depends altogether on the agreement which you have entered into with your landlord. If you have made no agreement to the contrary, he is entitled to his rent in advance.

I. X. L.—The Survey Department of the Mississippi River Commission is in the hands of an officer of the engineer corps of the army. He appoints all his subordinates. Apply at No. 2828 Washington avenue.

S. M., [Cairo, Ills).—1. Hungary has a government of her own. 2. She cannot treat with foreign countries. 3 Hungary has no Secretary of State of her own, but has a Diet. The Austro-Hungarian Foreign Minister or Secretary of State is Count Kalnoky.

SUBSCRIBER—1. Some operators can receive fifty words in a minute, but they cannot maintain that pace very long. Two thousand words an hour is considered "gilt-edged" time. 2 Operators tell stories of men who could "copy behind" ten words, but four or five words behind is the most that you could safely wager on.

A Regiment of Brigadiers.

From the Chattanooga Commercial.

The Democratic family in Tennessee is still unhappy. There are too many cooks working away at the broth.

Ancient History in Kentucky.

From the Louisville Commercial.

The dead-heads, the drunkards and the long-winded orators killed the last Kentucky Press Association.

RAY'S REVOLVER.

A Terrible Domestic Tragedy in a New York Flat.

Charles A. Ray, a Young Mechanical Engineer, Attempts to Kill His Wife and Commits Suicide—Mrs. Ray's Confession of Infidelity—A Suspicion That the Woman Murdered Her Husband.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, December 4.—Charlie A. Ray, a young mechanical engineer, was found dead, and his wife, Marion, severely wounded, at 4:30 o'clock last evening in their room in his mother's residence, No. 1103 Madison avenue, between Seventy-seventh and Seventy-eighth streets. Nearly two hours later a messenger was sent to the Fifty-ninth Street Station House, and Captain Gunner and a policeman hurried to the house. The shooting took place in the front room of the fourth floor, which had been occupied by Ray and his wife as a sleeping apartment. The house is a four-story brown stone front residence. When the shots were heard, a maid and the suicide's mother ran to the room. Mrs. Ray was lying across the doorway and, by the blood on the lintel, evidently had fallen against the door. Ray was lying dead in the middle of the room. Mrs. Ray was only wounded. Drs. Raynor, Fulton, Hamnuh and Richardson were summoned, and it was found that the bullet had entered the woman's left cheek, and, glancing off, lodged in the muscles of the neck. It is expected that she will recover if her wound does not become inflamed, although she was very low late last night. One of the maids said that Ray entered the house about 4:30 and asked for his wife. Hearing that she was in her room he went thither, and in a few moments the shots were heard. Mrs. Ray, who is about 22 years old, said to Captain Gunner when he first entered the house that she had just returned from a visit to her sister, Mrs. Guibert, who lives in Brooklyn, and was about to remove her wraps when her husband entered. He made some remarks about the cold weather and kissed her. Then he stepped back and shot at the ceiling. She ran towards the door, when he aimed and fired at her. Then he shot himself behind the right ear. Mrs. Ray, at the same time, affirmed that her husband was jealous and was constantly thinking about it, but he had no grounds for his suspicion. The dead man was a promising young engineer, and at the time of his death held the position of superintendent of the Railway Cable Signal Company, with offices at Nos. 40 and 42 Broadway. He was an inventor and had an interest in the company. About three years ago he went to Mexico and erected for the Government the first dry dock ever seen in that country. He went to Mexico immediately after his marriage and his wife accompanied him. Nearly a year ago they returned to this city and rented the third story flat at 345 East Seventy-second street, where they lived about four months, and they then went to his mother's house. For nearly five years his mother, who, by a second marriage is now Mrs. Horace Hayden, kept a fashionable boarding house at 1003 Madison avenue. Her aged husband lived in the house. Ray was but twenty-six years old, thoroughly educated. He had trouble about getting his money from the Mexican Government, and for this reason the young couple gave up their flat on Seventy-second street. Mrs. Hayden, the mother, denies the story told by her daughter-in-law and attributes the shooting to temporary insanity, caused by business cares and his financial troubles. For some weeks past, she says, her son was quite sick with nervous prostration. At 9 o'clock p. m. Coroner Messemer arrived at the house and was met by Captain Gunner, who ushered him into the house. An officer was stationed at the door and no one was allowed to enter. The Coroner and the Captain remained in the house until after midnight and refused to answer repeated messages or to allow the reporters to see them. It was early 11 o'clock when the undertaker arrived, and he at once removed the body to the front room on the second floor, showing that a permit for interment had been granted. Coroner Messemer left the house at 1 o'clock and announced that in his opinion the woman

HAD SHOT HER HUSBAND

and then attempted to kill herself. Mrs. Ray gave the first clew to the mystery by saying that her husband was jealous of one David Wallace. After much pressing, Mrs. Ray made the following confession: "I have known David Wallace for some time. I was in his room yesterday (Wednesday) afternoon. He lives at either 32, 34 or 36 W. Twenty-second street. I was mending his clothes. We afterwards left together, walked up Broadway to Thirty-third street, and then down to Seventh avenue street and back to Twenty-third street. He kissed me and we shook hands on the corner. I stood there three or four minutes and then walked over and took a Fourth avenue car for home, arriving there at 3:30 o'clock. I saw Wallace last Friday and Saturday and very frequently afterwards. I met him three or four times a week and sometimes oftener. This had been going on for two or three months. About two weeks ago, while my husband was in the coal cellar of our house, Wallace called and came up to my room. While he was there my husband came up stairs and saw him leaning over me by the heater. He did not know at the time of our intimacy. If he had known it he would have had good grounds for killing me. I am a guilty woman. This afternoon I was in the house half an hour before my husband. I was reading in a room on the second floor when he entered. He came up and kissed me kindly. Five minutes later he asked me to go up stairs to our room. He said he had something he wished to show me. I put my hand into his pocket and found a telegram. Then he gave me a letter to read." (Mrs. Ray would not tell to what the letter or telegram referred). "My husband put a white powder in a glass and ordered me to drink it. I became frightened, for I thought he wanted to poison me. I started to run for the door when my husband shot me. The door was locked—a circumstance which never occurred before. He never locked the door of our room so early in the evening. The pistol he shot me with was pearl-handled and silver-mounted. I had never seen it before. He bought a pistol before going to Mexico, and was considered a good shot in that country. I never fired a pistol in my life."

Mrs. Ray corrected herself afterwards, and said she had used firearms before. Coroner Messemer said that on entering the room where the tragedy occurred he found two goblets containing a white powder, which he believes was arsenic. In his opinion the woman is the guilty one. He thinks she first shot her husband and then shot herself, notwithstanding her reiteration that Ray tried to kill her. The woman was placed under arrest in her room, and a policeman was detailed to guard the house. The telegram and the letter which Mrs. Ray says her husband handed her, are supposed to have criminated her, and to have been intercepted through the agency of a private detective. Mrs. Ray was in a very low condition at 3 o'clock this morning. The bullet had not been extracted and no one was permitted to see her. Mrs. Ray is 22 years old, and was born in Toronto, Canada. She is the daughter of Smith S. Halliday, of Roselle, Canada, and has three sisters and one brother, Mrs. Mattie Price, of East New York, Kate Halliday, who lives with her aunt in Rochester, and Mrs. Charles Guibert, of Brooklyn. Her brother is James Halliday, and lives in East New York. Coroner Messemer will impanel a jury to-day.

AN EDITOR'S DANGER.

The Conway Tragedy—Suspected Bank Robbers Arrested—Missouri Matters.

LOUISIANA, December 4.—J. H. Barre, a local newspaper man, was fired at on his way home last night by persons unknown. He escaped injury. A fire during the night destroyed the Frier feed store, Haler's warehouse and a blacksmith shop.

KANSAS CITY, December 4.—Thomas M. Turner has been rearrested for the murder of Mrs. Conway and her little daughter. He will be held for the Grand Jury on new evidence.

ST. JOSEPH, December 4.—Three men have been arrested on suspicion for the robbery of the Savannah Savings Bank. They are all well connected. The losses by fire at Stansberry will foot up $25,000, all the stores being well stocked. F. W. Fleming, a burglar, arrested for robbing the safe of Collins & Co., was convicted and sentenced to five years in the Penitentiary.

LEBANON, December 4.—Mrs. C. H. Corser made a third attempt to commit suicide last night by taking thirteen grains of morphine. She grieved over the death of her son.

BOYCOTTING THE CHINESE.

A Deputy Marshal Bounced—Murderer Arrested—Texas Topics.

AUSTIN, December 4.—The Knights of Labor have called upon the public to withdraw patronage from the Chinese. A fire last night destroyed the lumber yards of the Calcasieum Company.

SAN ANTONIO, December 4.—Judge Turner of the Federal Court has removed Deputy Marshal Fowle from office for acting the part of a spy against a Mexican for smuggling mescal.

CORSICANA, December 4.—Addie Lowe, a colored man, has been arrested for the murder of G. W. Hewitt. His body was discovered near a camp on the banks of the Navasota with a bullet-hole in the skull. He was last seen in the company of Lowe. Walsh H. Boyum of St. Louis has purchased the citizens' interest in the Texas Mill and Elevator Company.

CLARKSVILLE, December 4.—Two daring burglaries were committed here during the night at private residences.

FREDERICKSBURG, December 4.—Two young men stopped the mail stage from San Antonio near Comfort, and took the mail, the driver's watch and overcoat and the horses. They also cut the telegraph wires.

SHERMAN, December 4.—The trial of Newton Chance, for the murder of Julius Foster, editor of a Republican paper, twenty years ago, resulted in a verdict of not guilty.

GALVESTON, December 4.—Alderman Smith of the Seventh Ward, defaulting treasurer of the Screwmen's Benevolent Association, has been arrested under an indictment for embezzlement.

FOUND MURDERED.

A Child Burned to Death—A Youth's Suicide—Illinois Items.

TRENTON, December 4.—John Kramer, a farmer, discovered the dead body of Richard Probes, a neighbor, on the roadside. His skull was crushed in.

GALENA, December 4.—The little daughter of Thomas Beech of Monroe was burned to death, her clothing catching fire.

BLOOMINGTON, December 4.—James Carridon, a youth of seventeen, committed suicide by hanging. He had been sick for some time.

STREATOR, December 4.—Trichinosis developed yesterday and two fatal cases were reported in the family of John Feldt.

HILLSBORO, December 4.—Charles Cundiff of Fillmore has been released after a preliminary examination on the charge of attempted criminal assault upon Miss Minnie Digman, a girl of fourteen.

MURDERED FOR A LOAN.

A Fatal Street Duel Between Two Lawyers in Georgia.

MACON, GA., December 4.—Last night E. S. Strohecker met Sam H. Jemison, a lawyer. Both drew revolvers and fired several shots. Strohecker fell and died in half an hour. Jemison fell into a friend's arms, badly wounded. Jemison says he refused to lend Strohecker money, which was the cause of the difficulty.

THE DEMOCRATIC LIST.

BY THE POST-DISPATCH POET.

When it comes to office-holders of the Democratic stripe
We've got a little list—We've got a little list.
Who believe in spoiling victors, ere the victory is ripe,
We've got them on the list—We've got them on the list.
They tackled Grover Cleveland, long before he took his chair,
They followed him up alleyways and chased him ev'ry where;
They buttonholed his shadow and conversed with even that
They sang beneath his window like th' orchestral Thomas cat,
And made his daily comings and his goings very triste.
They never would be missed—They never would be missed!

There is William Hyde, the Colonel, whose chief attribute is gall.
We've got him on the list—We've got him on the list.
In the shriek for "something soft" the Colonel's barritone led all,
He's on our little list—He's on our little list.
The only claim that William had upon the party's gains
Was that he quite reluctantly withdrew from it his brains,
And promised it a future that would be henceforth its own
By letting editorial lalligaggery alone.
Bill got his little office for no twisting of his wrist.
He never would be missed—He never would be missed.

There's Richard D. Lancaster, with his mush-and-milky mug.
We've got him on the list—We've got him on the list.
He always worked a shovel when the party's grave was dug.
He's on our little list—He's on our little list.
The middle D. within his name for "darkness" is construed,
And commemorates the methods that the trickster has pursued.
With lantern dark and jimmy strong our Gloster thro' the night
Has sought politic swag, and when he got it took to flight.
The Custom House will soon disclose his fine Italian fist.
He never would be missed—he never would be missed.

There's Harry Dismal Cleveland for Appraiser's in the race.
We've got him on the list—We've got him on the list.
He's sure to help to fill the party's goblet of disgrace
He's on our little list—He's on our little list.
When Harry was a valorous commissioner of cops
He patted his own bosom and he likewise smacked his chops;
But before his chair was warmed, he got a little ring,
And when the ring was busted, so was he, poor thing.
O'Neil has traded Harrigan, and Harry gets the grist,
He never would be missed—He never would be missed.

There's Jasper Burks, the steerer for voracious Mr. Gould,
We've got him on the list—we've got him on the list.
For sev'ral weary years he's with the Bourbon party foo'd.
He's on our little list—he's on our little list.
The colonels all adore him for his rhythmic rebel yell,
And the space beneath his vest it takes a show'r of drinks to swell;
Chris Eberle and other friends he's worked to win the game,
And tho' handicaped with Gould he thinks he'll get there all the same.
The paunchy, brainless henchman of the big monopolist.
He never would be missed—he never would be missed.

The Senator whose name and figure seem to run to rest
We've got him on the list—we've got him on the best.
His brains are in his belly-band—with abdomen he's blest—
He's on our little list—he's on our little list.
When Georgie spreads his peacock legs and says the press be d——d,
His silver-lustred cocoanut gets slightly oriflammed;
And he looks for all the world like a colly-wobbled snipe,
Or old Ajax when defying Patsy Clancy light his pipe.
Poor sawed-off little chest protector, pity you enlist!
You never would be missed—you never would be missed.

NORTH ST. LOUIS.

Anchor Lodge, A. F. and A. M., meets to-night at Broadway and Benton street, for the election of officers.

Dr. Wm. C. Green, School Director of the Eighth Ward, urges the necessity of the erection of a new school house in the northern district to relieve the Clay, Webster, Blair and other institutions now uncomfortably crowded.

THE CIVIL COURTS.

A $1,500 Balm for Trifling With a Young Girl's Affections.

Judgment in the James-Glendon Breach-of-Promise Case To-Day—Judge Thayer Severs a Few More Matrimonial Knots—Lottmann's Unhappy Lot—The Lawyer and the Oyster Illustration in an Ancient Case.

Judge Thayer to-day disposed of the remaining cases on the default docket of Court No. 5, winding up the divorce business for the October term. The particulars of these cases have already been published in the POST-DISPATCH. The court granted Mrs. Olivia Saunders a decree against M. P. Saunders on the ground of immorality and failure to support. A decree was granted Mrs. Mary A. French against John French, with restoration of maiden name, Mary A. Dyer, on the ground of cruel and abusive treatment and improper intimacy with other women. A decree was likewise granted Mrs. Josephine Friends against Charles Theodore Friends on the ground of desertion, cruel treatment and failure to support. The Machacek case was continued.

Balm for a Broken Heart.

Miss Mary Ann James, a young girl of Welsh extraction, obtained a judgment of $1,500 by default against John Glendon, a coal merchant, for breach of promise of marriage. She was accompanied to court by her father and brother, but was not required to go on the witness stand by reason of the default, and the court simply heard the testimony of the brother concerning the position in life of the defendant, John Glendon. Miss James in her petition places her damages for a broken heart at $5,000. She alleged that she met Mr. Glendon in this city and that in the latter portion of 1884, he won her affections and that he faithfully promised to marry her. She was willing at all times to accept him as her husband and she confided in his promise, discouraging the attentions of other men and remaining single. At length she discovered to her mortification and sorrow that he had deceived her and had married some one else.

The brother of the plaintiff testified that Mr. Glendon was believed to possess property and a business of the value of $10,000. The court directed a judgment to be entered against him for $1,500. He is about 50 years of age and Miss James is 25 years younger.

Preferred Others' Society.

William Lottmann filed a petition to-day in court for a decree of divorce from Maria E. Lottmann. They were married in Germany in January 1865, and lived together until June 13, 1884. Mr. Lottmann alleges that his wife scandalized him in the presence of others, entertained young men who were entire strangers to him during his absence and without his permission, and that they indulged in bibulous practices and carried on shamefully. Mr. Lottmann further alleges that his wife acted in such a manner at times that he was driven from home, and she had caused his arrest more than once on false charges. There were five children by the union.

Fifteen Years in Court.

A suit illustrating the law's delay was presented this afternoon before Judge Thayer. The case was that of the public administrator in charge of the estate of Harriet Elliott, deceased, against John F. Slevin and his bondsmen. Several years ago John A. Mills died, leaving property, and John F. Slevin was appointed administrator de-bo-is-non. The will provided that the estate should be distributed for the benefit of the orphans in the care of the Catholic Sisters. Harriet Elliott and other heirs contested the will and Joseph T. Tatum, an attorney now practising in Jefferson County, was employed by Gen. Noble to represent the heirs. The will was set aside after litigation extending over fifteen years. There were three trials of the case, and finally the judgment setting aside the will was affirmed in the higher courts. An order of distribution was made in the Probate Court for the fund in the hands of the administrator, $2,447 91, among the heirs, and the administrator paid over to Mr. Tatum representing them, the sum of $1,600 77. He claimed $1,700, however, for his services, while the heirs alleged that the money should have been paid over to them, and hence the administrator is sued on his bond. The question of the value of legal services rendered cuts a large figure in this case.

An Attachment.

An attachment suit was filed to-day by Beard & Brother against Catchings & Co., to recover $1,444 14.

EAST ST. LOUIS.

A Triangular Fight at the Stock Yards—The Bowman Tragedy.

The National Stock Yards were the scene last evening of a lively fracas, in which Robert Coulter, a man named Warren and Private Watchman Patrick O'Neil were the participants, the former being badly clubbed, and also receiving a scalp wound from a bullet fired from a pistol in the hands of O'Neil. Coulter is a fireman for the East St. Louis Packing Company, and about 11 o'clock last night he and Warren engaged in a dispute and finally came to blows. Warren picked up a piece of wood, which was lying near by where they were struggling, and began to bring it down with telling force on Coulter's head and shoulders. While the fight between Warren and Coulter was progressing, O'Neil, who is a private watchman for the East St. Louis Packing Company, came up and seeing the men struggling, drew his pistol and called upon the men to desist. Warren, however, who was doing all the fighting, did not heed the warning and O'Neil fired at Coulter. The bullet struck him in the back of the head, glanced off and did not inflict a serious wound, but Coulter, who was already so weak from the blows dealt him by Warren that he was almost exhausted, sunk down to the ground as if the wound had been mortal. O'Neil thinking he had fatally wounded him, had a physician sent for and Coulter was taken to his home, which is not far from the yards. He was sufficiently strong this morning to get into a buggy and drive down town and have warrants issued for the arrest of both O'Neil and Warren. The warrants were given to a constable to serve. O'Neil was once on the police force of this city, and on one occasion particularly distinguished himself by assisting two other officers to "beat up" a St. Louis reporter.

Wm. Kennedy and Abe and Joe Ripley, the three colored men arrested a few nights ago for chicken-stealing, were given their preliminary examination before 'Squire Draggon this morning. Kennedy, who was arrested with a sack full of chickens in his possession, which were afterwards identified by Mrs. Claes of the First Ward as having belonged to her, was held to answer to the Grand Jury in the sum of $200, but the Ripleys, against whom there was no evidence except that they were seen in the immediate vicinity when Kennedy was bringing the chickens into a shanty near the Pittsburg truck to have them made ready for the market, were released.

There was a meeting of the Y. M. C. A. last evening at the Relay reading-rooms, and officers for the ensuing year were nominated. The election comes off on New Year's Day. The officers of the association, it is understood, will endeavor to prevail on Sam Jones, the evangelist, to deliver a lecture over here.

There have been no new developments in the Bowman case to-day. It is said that Mr. Stewart, a brother-in-law of the deceased, and uncle to young John Stewart, who was the first person to discover Mr. Bowman after he was shot, is to take hold of the estate, with the consent of all parties interested, who have come to the conclusion that the deceased left no will in existence, and that, therefore, the estate will have to be divided according to law.

Prof. John Zeis of St. Patrick's school is soon to lead to the hymeneal altar a young lady who resides in Collinsville.

A Shaky Whisky Pool.

The whisky pool recently formed here is in danger of going to pieces. The organization was for one year, but a well-known distiller said to a POST-DISPATCH reporter that there is no certainty of it holding out and that its dissolution any day would be considered among the probabilities. The only two distilleries shut down as the formation of the pool are located in North St. Louis and are the Teuscher and Sessinghaus distilleries, the former at Second and St. Louis avenue and the latter on Broadway near Grand avenue.

The Burton Murder Case.

NEWPORT, R. I., December 4.—The hearing in the Burton murder case was finished yesterday. The judge reserved his decision.

THE "FREAK" S

Remarkable Incr
Museum Hun
Curiosities

Extravagant Sala
Temptation to
Criminal Produc

The "Comprachicos"
--No Limit to the
ble Disfigurement
the Human Form

The Absolute Manufacture
Skeletons, Hairy Men an
and Misshapen and Dist
ies of All Descriptions
What History Says—W
Medicos of To-Day Say—
Museum Managers Will
Etc., Etc.—A Tale Sm
Horror.

Where do the dime museums
"freaks?" The "freak" is a hun
sufficiently unique in some or all of
considered a freak of nature. With
the dime museum some four years
demand in America for freaks
museums have been great financial
have spread remarkably. Hardly a
inhabitants now but has one, and
cities there are several in ho rivalry
else the museum may set forth, the
is always some freak or oddity of the
A Zulu chief is of great interest, but
skeleton man is a simon-pure freak.
With the birth of the museum the
scarce came at once into th
of enormous salaries. Althou h no
multiplied, they are still far behind
and for the rarer class extravagant s
paid. The public commonly suppose
ies to be fictitious, but they are not,
"Krao," called the "missing link," b
specimen of a strange wild tribe of N
lately exhibited in St. Louis, was a
drawing $1 000 a week salary. The
paid was $500 per week. Where the
tion she brings $700 and $8 0 a week
small cities not less than $3 0. Luc
paid $800 last spring when
kind of a good fre
from $50 a week up. The
girl does not show for less than $100, b
ally brought out by Gregory in S. Lou
week. The "midgets" a l bring enor
figures which those who are unfamil
wonderful accretive powers of the st
dime would think it impossible for a
pay. On the contrary, tattooed peop
come so common as to bring but $10 a
Circassian girls and the like, who a
"fakes," or frauds, can be had as low
In other words, human curiosities will
much money as the best talent upon
The individual who owns or

CONTROLS A FREAK

has as soft a thing as
and greediest man in the country coul
secure freaks and novelties it is need
that the word has been secured. H
is now born in the United States with
or a crooked thumb, but is offered to
manager. But the freaks of high price
will make the multitude stand aghast
scarce to bring salaries down to a rea
ure. The museums have without dou
stay, and the demand is certain to be
will, therefore, pay any man, in the rin
of the ring, to most urgently hunt for
will pay him to find one even as a
In the desperation resulting from
one, the infernal thought
come to him to produce one. For
what thoughts may not come to the m
the instincts of a criminal and the f
Italian padrone?

In this enlightened and humane cent
of distorting or disfiguring a child for
exhibition is too dreadful for contemp
yet, in the very fact that such a thi
unthinkable, and will not therefore be
lies the greatest security of the perso
it. And why is it unthinkable wh
remains that children are to-day mutil
that they may become successful b
present king, we know, has done muc
out this horror, but it yet
if the year 1885 finds a c
posely disfigured for the
gains of beggary, what fiendish acts
may not be stimulated by a surety
There is nothing that the depths of c
erty is not capable of.

And is the malforming, the ingenio
ment of the human body anything
manner of means. History is as full
dates and bloodshed, and perverted sur
than civilization. Before Christianity
Chinaman knew how to

MOULD THE LIVING MAN.

He took a child of 2 years of age a
fantastic porcelain vase without a botto
both head and feet. By day the va
erect; at night it was lain down, that th
sleep. The child grew bigger without g
and filled up the embossments of th
compressed flesh and twisted bones.
in the bottle lasted several years, a
period was without remedy. When it
that the mould had taken and the
made, they broke the vase, the child c
they had a man in the form of a quaint
would not such a dwarf bring per
American museum? And how easy,
such a malformation; performed with
instrument—nothing necessary but ca
a bottle.

From time immemorial dwarfs and
been the pets and sports of mo
courts, and great were th
to secure them. So late
seventeenth century there existed n
throughout Europe a strange, nomadic
association, or affiliation of men, call
chicos," whose business was the b
transformation or disfigurement of
and "Comprachicos," meaning "pu

IVIL COURTS.

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l Stock Yards were the scene last ening fracas, in which Robert Coulter, d Warren and Private Watchman were the participants, the former doubled, and also receiving a scalp bullet fired from a pistol in the hands ulter is a fireman for the East St. Company, and about 11 o'clock last Warren engaged in a dispute and o blows. Warren picked up a piece n was lying near by where they were d began to bring it down with telling louter's head and shoulders. between Warren and Coulter was O'Neil, who is a private watchman Louis Packing Company, came up e men struggling, drew his pistol and le man to desist. Warren, however, ue the fighting, did not need the O'Neil fired at Coulter. The bullet t the back of the head, glanced off and a serious wound, but Coulter, who o was from the blows dealt him by ne was a most exhausted, sank down as if he would bleed to death. ng he had fatally wounded him, had ent for and Coulter was taken to his ital, but is not far from the yards. He was rong this morning to get into a hickory n town and have warrants issued of both O'Neil and Warren. The of which O'Neil and Warren. The ers are given to a constable to serve, ince on the police force of this city, casion particularly distinguished ing two other officers to "beat up" eporter.

dy and Abe and Jo Ripley, the three arrested a few nights ago for chicken- given their preliminary examination Kennedy was bringing the chickens near the Pittsburg Track to have ready for the market, were released. a meeting of the Young Men's Association, officers for ensuing year were nominated. The election ast New Year's day. The officers of on, it is understood, will endeavor to Jones, the evangelist, to deliver a here.

seen no new developments in the to-day. It is said that Mr. Stewart, a w of the deceased, and made to young , who was the first person to discover h after he was shot, is to take hold of the consent of all parties interested, ime to the conclusion that the deceased s existence, and that, therefore, the ave to be divided according to law.

Zeh of St. Patrick's school is soon to musical altar a young lady who re- invisible.

A Shaky Whisky Pool.

pool recently formed here is in dan- to pieces. The organization was for s a well known distiller said to a n reporter that there is no certainty ut a deal that its dissolution any day sidered among the probabilities. The distilleries shut down as the formation of located in North St. Louis and are er and Bessemer City distilleries, the mond and St. Louis avenue and the ad near Grand avenue.

he Barron Murder Case.

R. I., December 4.—The hearing in murder case was finished yesterday. eserved his decision.

THE "FREAK" SUPPLY.

Remarkable Increase of Museum Human Curiosities.

Extravagant Salaries a Temptation to Their Criminal Production.

The "Comprachicos" Revived --No Limit to the Possible Disfigurement of the Human Form.

The Absolute Manufacture of Dwarfs, Skeletons, Hairy Men and Women, and Misshapen and Distorted Bodies of All Descriptions Possible—What History Says—What the Medicos of To-Day Say—What the Museum Managers Will Not Say, Etc., Etc.—A Tale Smacking of Horror.

Where do the dime museums get all their "freaks?" The "freak" is a human being, but sufficiently unique in some or all of its parts to be considered a freak of nature. With the birth of the dime museum some four years ago, the real demand in America for freaks began. The museums have been great financial successes and have spread remarkably. Hardly a city of 25,000 inhabitants now but has one, and in the largest cities there are several in hot rivalry. Whatever else the museum may set forth, the drawing card is always some freak or oddity of the human race. A Zulu chief is of great interest, but not a freak; a skeleton man is a simon-pure freak.

With the birth of the museum the freaks being scarce came at once into the command of enormous salaries. Although now so greatly multiplied, they are still far behind the demand, and for the rarer class extravagant salaries are yet paid. The public commonly suppose these salaries to be fictitious, but they are not. For instance, "Krao," called the "missing link," but in reality a specimen of a strange wild tribe of Northern Siam, lately exhibited in St. Louis, was advertised as drawing $1 000 a week salary. The actual sum paid was $500 per week. Where there is competition she brings $700 and $8 0 a week, and in the small cities not less than $3.0. Lucia Zarate was paid $800 last spring when here. Any kind of a good freak brings from $50 a week up. The camel-backed girl does not show for less than $100, but was originally brought out by Gregory in St. Louis for $20 a week. The "midgets" all bring enormous figures—figures which those who are unfamiliar with the wonderful accretive powers of the steady-dropping dime would think it impossible for a museum to pay. On the contrary, tattooed people have become so common as to bring but $10 a week, while Circassian girls and the like, who are generally "fakes," or frauds, can be had as low as $5 a week. In other words, human curiosities will now earn as much money as the best talent upon the stage. The individual who owns or

CONTROLS A FREAK

has as soft a thing as the laziest and greediest man in the country could wish. To secure freaks and novelties it is needless to say that the world has been scoured. Hardly a child is now born in the United States with an extra toe, or a crooked thumb, but is offered to some museum manager. But the freaks of high price, freaks that will make the multitude stand aghast, are far too scarce to bring salaries down to a reasonable figure. The museums have without doubt come to stay, and the demand is certain to be steady. It will, therefore, pay any man, in the ring or outside of the ring, to most urgently hunt for a freak. It will pay him to find one even as a gold mine. In the desperation resulting from not finding one, the infernal thought may possibly come to him to produce one. For a gold mine what thoughts may not come to the man born with the instincts of a criminal and the ferocity of an Italian padrone?

In this enlightened and humane century the idea of distorting or disfiguring a child for purposes of exhibition is too dreadful for contemplation. And yet, in the very fact that such a thing is almost unthinkable, and will not therefore be suspected, lies the greatest security of the person who does it. And why is it unthinkable when the fact remains that children are to-day mutilated in Italy that they may become successful beggars? The present king, we know, has done much to stamp out this horror, but it yet exists, and if the year 1885 finds a child purposely disfigured for the insignificant gains of beggary, what fiendish acts of surgery may not be stimulated by a surety of wealth. There is nothing that the depths of criminal poverty is not capable of.

And as the malformity, the ingenious disfigurement of the human body anything new? By no manner of means. History is as full of it as of dates and bloodshed, and perverted surgery is older than civilization. Before Christianity was born the Chinaman knew how to

MOULD THE LIVING MAN.

He took a child of 2 years, of age and put it in a fantastic porcelain vase without a bottom, exposing both head and feet. By day the vase was kept erect; at night it was laid down, that the child might sleep. The child grew bigger without growing taller, and filled up the embossments of the vase with compressed flesh and twisted bones. His growth in the bottle lasted several years, and at a given period was without remedy. When it was decided that the mould had taken and the monster was made, they broke the vase, the child came out, and they had a man in the form of a quaint pot. What would not such a dwarf bring per week in an American museum? And how easy, how simple such a malformation; performed without knife or instrument—nothing necessary but cauld, time and a bottle.

From time immemorial dwarfs and freaks have been the pets and sports of monarchs and courts, and great were the efforts to secure them. So late as the seventeenth century there existed in England and throughout Europe a strange, nomadic band, or association, or affiliation of men, called "Comprachicos," whose business was the buying-up and transformation or disfigurement of children, the word "Comprachicos," meaning "buyers of little ones." Of the now forgotten Comprachicos, that great researcher and powerful writer, Victor Hugo, has the following to say:

"The Comprachicos drove a traffic in children, they bought them, they sold them, they made monsters of them—for laughter's sake. They were bringers-up. They took a child, and they made an abortion; they took a face and they made a snout. They bent down growth; they kneaded physiognomy. This artificial production of monstrosities had its rules. It was altogether a science. Where God had placed vision, this art placed strabismus; where God had put harmony they had put deformity. The Comprachicos worked up a man as the Chinese work up a tree. They had secrets as we have said. This is a lost art. A certain fantastic stunting came from their hands. It was preposterous, but deep set. They touched up a little being with so much tact that its own father would not recognize it. Sometimes they left the spinal column straight, but they

REMADE THE FACE.

They took the mark out of a child as one takes the mark out of a handkerchief. The progeny intended for jugglers had their joints dislocated in a scientific way. Not only did they take away from the child his countenance; they also deprived him of his memory. At least they took away all they could. The child was unconscious of the mutilation that he had undergone. This fearful surgery left a trace upon his face, not in his mind. At best he could but remember that, one day, he had been seized by certain men, that he had gone to sleep, and that then he had been cured. Cured of what?—he did not know. Burnings with sulphur and incisions by steel—he could recall nothing. The Comprachicos, during the operation, deadened the little patient by means of a stupefying powder that has always been known in China, and is used there to this day. * * * This vivisection was not limited to perfecting phenomena for the public resort, buffoons for the palace and the like. It abounded in variations. The fabrication of monsters was practiced on a large scale. Under the Stuarts the Comprachicos were not in bad odor. At need, state-craft made use of them. They were very useful to James II. It was an epoch when cumbersome and refractory families thinned off, when dependents were cut short, when heirs were abruptly suppressed. The Comprachicos had one particular talent—that for disfiguring—which recommended them politically. To disfigure is more advantageous than to kill. One can't people Europe with Iron Masks whilst deformed mountebanks haunt the streets quite naturally. * * * Dr. Conquest, a member of the college in Amen sir-et, and a sworn inspector of the chemists' shops in London, has written a book in Latin on this perverted surgery, of which he gives an account. If we may believe Jusens Carrickfergus, the inventor of this surgery was a monk named Aven-More. * * * A statute of the early period of William and Mary hit hard this

ASSOCIATION OF CHILD BUYERS.

By its terms the Compraschicos, taken and duly convicted, were to be branded upon the shoulder and upon both hands."

What has been freely quoted above is only an index of what human cruelty is capable of when there is a motive for it. Kings and counts no longer require puppets, dwarfs and monstrosities, and their makers have been suppressed. Until recently the profit in such has been meagre and precarious. The freak with us has been confined to the cheap side-show which follows a circus, and in Europe to a still lower grade of penny-a-gaff shows. But now again, as in the Seventeenth Century, the freak is in demand, and he wins in America a fortune for his lucky possessor. Under such circumstances will he not again become numerous and again be made to order? Is the freak not already increasing fast, and is not perverted surgery once more at work somewhere in the world?

Consider for a moment the excessively small people that are now termed "midgets." They are not dwarfs. Tom Thumb was a dwarf; that is, a stunted man, a very small man. But the "midgets" are not diminutive men and women. They exist only as clammy-looking bits of unwholesome flesh. They are smaller than many babes at birth. They never grew, they never had growth; they are not stunted, they are little more than disgusting dabs of animated putty. Whoever looked at one without a shudder, and a creeping, unbidden feeling that it never came so by fair means? We are getting accustomed even to "midgets" and scarcely wonder at them although the first appeared hardly ten years ago. Bear in mind that medical science accounts for the Tom Thumbs, but utterly fails on these living abortions. Consider also that from time immemorial dwarfs have been in the greatest demand; that they have

ALWAYS BEEN GREAT PRIZES;

and that kings endeavored to surpass each other in the smallness of their dwarfs. Yet in all history we have not the slightest indication that a "midget" was ever seen or known. All nature and the art and surgery of thousands of years was only able to produce such dwarfs as Tom Thumb. Its it too much to suspect that the fortune that Tom Thumb made together with his wonderful reception in Europe, are responsible for the hand-length, unpleasant "midgets" of to-day? If the "midget" is a pure accident of nature, and is born without possessing the principle of growth, how does it happen that he was not born in all the centuries that preceded 1875? This is a subject upon which no physician is informed, or can give a direct opinion. He can only see the facts as the rest of us. It took hundreds of years of chemical research to discover how to work rubber. Why may we not suppose that a physiological Goodyear has discovered the secret of eliminating growth from the animal body? Certain it is that each year sees new "midgets" brought out, and the owners riding royally to wealth. The midget—well, it lives. The owner rakes the dollars.

In regard to the other curiosities and monstrosities which are now exhibited so extensively, and which are constantly being added to, it is only necessary to say that a very considerable proportion can be reproduced. The first specimen of each may have been accidental, but the accident is capable of being repeated. The knee joints of a child may be easily forced back so as to cause the leg to bend the wrong way, as is seen in the so-called camel-backed girl, and the camel-backed boy. Nobody can manufacture Siamese twins, but very many distortions may be formed at will, and far greater novelties than are now exhibited can be readily produced. The only thing that stands in the way of our believing that such work is being performed is our unfamiliarity with vice and crime, and the brutality which exists in the lowest walks of life. We are foolish enough in our kind hearts to believe that no one would hurt a child

THE MUSEUM MANAGER.

What does the museum manager say about the production of monstrosities? He says what any other interested man would say. He knows nothing of it, and he says truly. It is his business to buy any and all curiosities that come along that will pay. A ready-made tale goes with each freak, and beyond this the museum manager knows nothing and cares to know nothing. Probably he could not ascertain the real origin of any given freak if he tried ever so hard. The slums and poverty stricken villages of Europe are being ransacked for malformations. Russia and Italy being the most prolific. The freak, once discovered, is bought outright, or contracted for for a term of years. In this country it is handled by the paid agent of the European owner. By whatever foul means the abortion was produced, he assured a sweet and affecting tale will alone accompany it when it approaches the managerial office of the American Dime Museum. And the manufacture goes on, under the stimulus of enormous salaries to be had in America. The only part in the production of freaks played by the museum proprietor is the exaggeration of the freak's peculiarities. The little girl that ingenuity has made somewhat hairy, in appearance is pictured to be covered with thick fur. This is a pleasantry that attaches to all varieties of the show business and is well understood by the public.

THE DOCTORS AND SURGEONS.

What do the medical fraternity say about the production of freaks? Few or none have given the matter any thought, and not one would like to put himself on record by walking up to some exhibited monstrosity and and pronouncing it a product of malicious surgery, whoever he might privately suspect. The surgeons, to a man, are engaged in repairing malformations, not making them. Not an intelligent representative of the profession, however, but will admit that distortions are much easier made than mended. The skillful surgeons of the day know how to make a new nose when the natural one has disappeared, but he never tried to graft foreign flesh to a man's forehead that the same individual might be exhibited as "a horned man of Africa." In seeking professional information upon perverted surgery and the like, the writer met with much bashfulness on the part of prominent medical gentlemen. The point desired to be made, however, that the possible distortion of the human body is almost unlimited, met with the strongest possible indorsement.

DR. CHARLES A. TODD,

Professor of comparative anatomy at the Missouri Medical College, spoke very unreservedly and emphatically upon this point. He said in substance: "The human body, if taken sufficiently young, can be perverted to almost any extent without destroying life. Before the bones become hard they may be bent and twisted in almost any direction. The flesh and the face will also undergo a great deal of mutilation. Any surgeon could, if the motive existed, produce the most horrible distortions of body and even of head. Indeed, you may say that the malformation that may be brought about is only limited by the diabolical desires of the operator."

"Is distortion possible after the adult period is reached?"

"Oh, yes, to some extent. You have doubtless read how dervishes have in India held out an arm at right angles to the body until its position became fixed and the arm could not be bent again."

"Do you think that children are ever mutilated or deformed for a purpose?"

"Without doubt they have been so maltreated in Italy, and put upon the streets as beggars. There is much less of it than some years ago, however. It is among the Italian beggars that the most horribly deformed bodies are seen. The object is, of course, to excite pity and charity."

"Has surgery reached the point where it can really restore a nose?"

"Certainly, and even the whole scalp. The entire scalp may be removed and then replaced by pieces cut from the heads of others. The transplanted hair will grow of the same color as the head from which it was taken. By judicious selection of different colors a human head could thus be made into a checkerboard."

"By this art could not some wonderful freaks or curiosities be produced?"

"They probably could. Some years ago a French soldier in Algiers made an incision in a rat's nose and bound the tail of another rat to it. In the course of time the tail took root in the nose, and was then cut off close up to the body of the rat that owned it. The Frenchman then successfully exhibited his production in Paris, calling it the 'trumpet-nosed rat of Africa,' the tail growing quite naturally out of the nose of the rat. If so much can be done with an animal, we may believe that similar effects could be produced upon the human body."

OPINION OF A FREAK EXPERT.

Dr. George G. Shirley, who is the American manager of the freak "Krao," and whose uncle, Signor Farini, is manager of the Royal Aquarium in London, is the best informed man in this country on the subject of human curiosities. He has for years traveled all over the world in search of them, penetrating the depths of Asia and South America for specimens of curious peoples. In regard to the maiming and distorting of children he says: "There is not a large city in Europe, or in America for that matter, where this thing is not practiced. You don't believe it when it comes close home, but I tell you it is so. The vicious are capable of anything. Nothing is easier than this maltreatment of children. Any physician can, in the very act of child-birth, terribly deform the head of the child. I do not handle freaks that are monstrosities or repulsive in appearance. Without a doubt, though, deformities can be produced to any desired extent, and I believe they are produced in Europe for begging purposes. Nor is the mutilation of children confined entirely to the vicious class. There are children constantly maimed in Germany and Russia that they may always be exempt from the odious and arduous military duty exacted from all men. In such cases the deformity or mutilation is carried only just far enough to secure exemption. Almost any injury to the foot or leg that renders the walk imperfect is sufficient for this purpose. The Italian padrone, the aristocrat of beggars, has no more love for his child than for a piece of furniture, and he will maltreat it or part with it as readily." These are strong words from an educated German physician and a man familiar with every phase of the cheap show business in all quarters of the globe.

WHAT ARE WE TO THINK?

Does the writer of this affirm that any curiosity now on exhibition has been maliciously produced for pecuniary gain? No; such a specific assertion would be entirely unsusceptible of proof. But all of us may, and if we examine the whole subject must believe that such have been made, and that the temptation was never so great as now to continue the making, and to exercise the greatest ingenuity in the production of novelties. Given the pecuniary motive (and it is now at hand) and the age is capable of far surpassing the devilry of the Compraschicos and the brutality of the seventeenth century. As the surgeons inform us that there is no limit to the possibilities of the manipulation of the human form, so is there no limit to the brutality of a lazy beast who would like to draw $100 a week doing nothing. What has been done in the past is unpleasant to think upon; what may be done in the near future is too horrible to contemplate calmly. "Freak" manufacture is yet in its infancy.

A PECULIAR OPERATION.

A Chicago Hospital Surgeon Taps a Patient to Save His Life.

CHICAGO, December 4.—Dr. James M. Hutchinson, one of the surgeons at the Cook County Hospital, last Tuesday performed a peculiar surgical operation, which he thus describes: "A young man of 35 years was taken to his mother's home on Laflin street on November 4, sick in a peculiar way. On November 6 I was called to see him. He had led the rapid life of a bachelor who seldom goes home, and he had a fat, paunchy stomach on him. I made an incision and drew off three quarts of milky white fluid. I could not account for it. I could find no light in medical literature. I kept tapping him, and in twenty-seven days drew off eighteen gallons of the strange fluid. He was dropsical, but why the fluid was milky white I could not tell. I decided upon an investigation and on Tuesday I made an incision on the abdomen. I drained him out and made an opening six inches in length, laying the intestines bare. They looked natural, but I reached in after his liver and found a malignant sore—cancerous I should say. Then I went for his spleen and found it adhering to the abdominal walls. But this did not account for the milky color of the serum, and I traced up the lacteal ducts on one emptied into the left sub-clavical vein and found a rupture. The fluid, instead of going to nourish the body, had been going to color the matter in the abdominal cavity. I was satisfied. I closed up the opening in the duct, washed the man out—carbonated him—stitched up the opening, but left a vent tube and the man will get well."

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Fine Cutlery,
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SIMMONS HARDWARE CO.

A MAD MARRIAGE.

Both Parties to a Divorce Suit Claim the Husband is Insane.

BANGOR, Me., December 4.—A curious divorce case has just been heard in the Supreme Court before T. A. Emory, presiding justice. Will R. Blaisdell, brother of Dr. Blaisdell, a well-known physician of this city, for some time a prominent business man in Philadelphia and a frequent visitor at Bucksport, Me., some years ago became enamored of Miss Eldridge, his cousin, and took her, with the consent of her parents, to Philadelphia as his housekeeper. After she had acted in the capacity for three years he broke up his household in Philadelphia and with her visited Boston, New York and several places in New Jersey, in July he married her. After the marriage they lived together for two or three months at two or three places, principally in Philadelphia. They then started for Bucksport. He came with her as far as Boston and left there. She went to Bucksport and he followed her a week later. Both asked for the annulment of the marriage on the ground that, at the time of contracting the same, she was insane. She alleges in support of her petition that he left Philadelphia the first time under the impression he was pursued by policemen and detectives, and that this delusion followed him up to the time of the marriage and subsequent thereto, that after joining her in Bucksport he said he had the same delusion and armed himself with a revolver and bowie knife, finally becoming so violent that he was taken to the insane asylum in Augusta by direction of the municipal officers at Bucksport, where he remained about two years. His story, while somewhat different, is substantially the same. The decision of the court has been reserved, the puzzling question seeming to be as to whether, at the exact moment of contracting the marriage, he was competent to contract the same, one instance that he knew precisely what he was doing all that time. He is a man of wealth and high social connections, and she is a modest appearing girl of but 21 years of age. At the time of the marriage he was 67 years old and she less than 18.

CONSUL WHELAN.

The Ex-Fenian Leader Denies the Report of His Resignation.

BUFFALO, N. Y., December 4.—A recent report that James Whelan, the ex-Fenian leader, who is United States Consul at Fort Erie, Ont., had tendered his resignation in consequence of disrespect shown him by the Canadians, is said by Mr. Whelan to be a mistake. He has not tendered his resignation nor has he made any complaint about his treatment by Canadians, which, he says, has been uniformly courteous.

Restoring Rates.

NEW YORK, December 4.—The Trunk Line Passenger agents yesterday ordered East-bound rates from Buffalo and Suspension Bridge to New York to be restored to the old tariff, $9 25, the current rate being $6 50.

Holiday Books & Stationery Bargain Store,

406 N. Fourth St.

Marriage and death notices will be inserted at the rate of twenty-five cents for three lines.

MARRIED.

BAUER-GHISELIN—On Wednesday, December 2, 1885, at the residence of the bride's parents, ALFRED G. BAUER to BESSIE L. GHISELIN. No cards.

DIED.

CURRIE—Friday morning, December 4, at 8:30 o'clock, THOMAS LINDSAY CURRIE, son of T. L. and S. W. Currie, aged 3 years and 10 months.

Due notice of funeral will be given.

LEWIS—On December 3, ALICE E. LEWIS, in her 9th year.

Funeral will take place to-morrow at 10 a. m. from residence, 1429 Old Manchester road, Tower Grove station. Friends of family invited.

GEISLER—JENNIE, at 7 a. m., aged 2 months and 14 days.

Funeral from residence, 2644 Hickory street, Saturday, December 5, at 2 p. m. Friends of the family respectfully invited.

EDWARD GEISLER,
MAMIE GEISLER, nee BAGNALL.

McLEAN—Of diphtheria, at 8 o'clock a. m., December 4, SALLIE GRAD McLEAN, only daughter of Dr. James S. and Mrs. McLean, aged 3 years and 8 months.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., and Cantanooga, Tenn., papers please copy.

DOUGHERTY—December 3, KATE, wife of Wm Dougherty, age 25.

Funeral from residence, 1113 Vandeventer av., to-morrow at 1:30, to Rock Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery. Friends invited.

MASTERSON—At 10:05 this morning, MARY, beloved wife of Thomas Masterson, after a lingering illness.

Due notice of funeral will be given.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

THE undersigned Incorporators of the Continental Insurance Co. may have applied for a charter to organized a Joint Stock Fire Insurance Comp ny with a paid up capita. of $2.0.0. Subscriptions to the capital stock may be sent to either of the incorporators, or to A. A. Carpenter, secretary Manufacturers' Mutual Fire Insurance Company, 306 N. 3d st., St. Louis, Mo.

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Saturday Matinee and Night and Sunday Matinee—"The Boy Detective," Sunday night, Dec. 6, The White Slave

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To-night, grand double bill.—Miss Hattie Harvey in her unrivaled specialties, and grand farewell bicycle race between Prince and Eck—five miles.
Saturday, December 5—Miss Hattie Harvey in her grand shadow dance and shower of bouquets.

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A RAG BABY,
By CHAS. HOYT.
Sunday, December 6—McIntire and Heath's Grand Spectacular Minstrels.

POPE'S. Lillian Russell Opera Co.
ALL WEEK.
MATINEE SATURDAY. In BILLEE TAYLOR.
Sunday, Dec. 6 COULDOCK. Edward Solomon, Composer and Director Special—Saturday matinee an autograph cabinet photograph of Miss Russell will be presented to every lady purchasing a reserved seat. Remember, Miss Russell will write her own name on each and every photograph.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE.
This evening at 8 o'clock,
THE FAVORITE OF THE FIRESIDE,
EFFIE ELLSLER,
In the Hit of her Life,
Woman Against Woman.
Matinee Saturday Only.
Sunday, December 6—Kate Castleton in Crazy Patch.

CASINO— ADMISSION 20c and 30c.
FIRST-CLASS VARIETY ENTERTAINMENT!
By an entire NEW COMPANY,
Matinees Sunday, Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday.

STANDARD THEATER.
NOBODY'S CLAIM.
Matinee Wednesday, Saturday and Sunday.
Next week—Prof. Morris' Equine and Canine Paradox.

BROADWAY & TREYSER'S
Palace Museum,
North Sixth Street, near Franklin Av.
JAMES A. BARNES - - - - Sole Manager.
PRINCESS LUCY
AND
ENTIRE NEW STAGE SHOW.
TEN CENTS. ONE LITTLE DIME. TEN CENTS
Admits to Museum, Menagerie and Theater.

GRAND EX SKATING ACADEMY
Exposition Building
MISS HATTIE HARVEY.
PROGRAMME.
Wednesday Evening—Clog, Railroad, Drum Corps, Highland Fling, Yankee Doodle and Ship Hops.
Thursday Matinee—Souvenir cards for each lady, and above programme.
Thursday Evening—The famous Shadow Dance with colored lights effects.
Friday Evening—Regular programme.
Saturday Matinee—Souvenir cards and programme.
Saturday Night—Great Shadow Dance and shower of bon bons.

LODGE NOTICES.

ST. LOUIS LODGE, No. 3, I. O. O. F.—Regular meeting Saturday, December 5. Bro. Jas. Carr, P. G., will deliver an interesting lecture on "The Principles of Odd Fellowship," and there will be important business. A full attendance is requested. Visitors cordially invited. E. C. FRANKLIN, N. G. Thos. H. Courson, Secretary. s33

KILWINNING ROYAL ARCH CHAPTER No. 0 will hold a special convocation this (Friday) evening, at 7:30 o'clock, for work in the Mark, Past and M. E. M. degrees. Visiting companions are fraternally invited. C. D. KELLY, M. E. H. P. Attest: J. T. McCoy, Secretary. f33

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

Clerks and Salesmen.

WANTED—Situation by young married man in any kind of clerical position; can give good ref. P 57, this office. s37

BOOK STORES! CLOTHING HOUSES!

A young man in good standing, speaking English and French, desires a position in a book and stationery store, or in a ready-made clothing house; salary not so much an object as a good opportunity to learn either branch of commerce. Address O. P., care Lock Box 73, Columbia, Mo. w37

WANTED—Young man of 20 wishes a situation in a wholesale grocery, drug or commission house to learn business; best city ref. Address M., 5039 Chestnut st. f37

The Trades.

WANTED—Situation by licensed steam engineer; competent to set up and run any kind of steam machinery, or foreman of large works; best city ref. 4618 Delmar av. f38

WANTED—A situation by a practical fireman; good ref. given. A 61, this office. f38

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—By young married man (colored) situation as coachman or houseman; can furnish first-class city reference. Address W E., 1420 Michigan av. f43

WANTED—Situation by a Swede, good hostler and can make himself generally useful around the house; can furnish references. Call or address 609 Market street. f43

WANTED—Work by a young man willing to do anything; am handy with carpenter's tools. Ad. G 59, this office. f43

WANTED—Young man wants position of some kind, driving team preferred; willing to work cheap; can give good reference. J 60 this office. f43

WANTED—Situation by January 1, by a middle aged German as watchman or janitor; good waiter; best city refs. of 1? years. Ad. 411 N. 4th st. s43

HELP WANTED—MALE.

Clerks and Salesmen.

Machine Shorthand.

The machine system of shorthand equals the best pencil systems, and can be learned in less time. The machine and pencil systems are both taught at the Bryant & Stratton College, corner Market and Fifth streets; also bookkeeping, business writing and all other studies included in a thorough commercial education Students of this school are preferred by business men, who are constantly calling at the college office for stenographers, clerks, etc. For circulars, address Dr. W. M. Carpenter, President. 54

THE National Cash Register is in use in over 25 leading business houses in St. Louis. Send for circulars. W. C. Kennedy, agent, 1110 Pine st. 54

WANTED—I want a live agent in East St. Louis and one in Belleville to sell the National Cash Register. W. C. Kennedy, 1110 Pine st. 54

WANTED—A large importing New York tea house wants a live man to represent them in St. Louis, selling retail trade, also in adjacent States; broker or party could handle with another line; only one knowing trade and familiar with teas wanted. S 61, this office. f54

The Trades.

WANTED—A man that can make cores and work in foundry. R. S. Harmany, Joplin, Mo. f58

WANTED—A barber for Saturday and Sunday. Call before 9 o'clock Saturday. J. C. Schottler, 3828 Easton av. f58

Boys.

WANTED—A smart boy about 14 years old living with parents to learn wood engraving. Ad. K 61, this office. f61

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—Two more gentlemen in our office to learn shorthand and typewriting and qualify for situations paying $75 to $100 per month. Apply at Telegraph Office, 102 N. 3d st. Take elevator. 62

WANTED — To-day, three young men to learn telegraphing on our lines and qualify for sure positions paying good salaries. Apply immediately at Telegraph Superintendent's office, 102 N. 3d st. Use Elevator.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

Stenographers.

*Sten*ographers need not sob,
Advertising finds a job.

WANTED—Shorthand clerk desires position; writes legible hand and thoroughly acquainted with shorthand and telegraphy. T 56, this office. f45

Dressmakers and Seamstresses.

WANTED—All kinds of mending and sewing. Call at 1236 Clark av Mrs. Dorsey. f46

General Housework,

STOVE REPAIRS!

For every stove or range made in the United States, to be had at A. G. Brauer's, 219 Locust st. 48

WANTED—Situation by German girl to do general housework in city or country. L 61, this office. f48

WANTED—A girl wants a situation for general housework in small family. Call at 2326 Biddle st., down stairs, for two days. f48

WANTED—Situation to do light housework. C 61, this office. f48

WANTED—Situation by a country girl for housework and assist with sewing. Call or ad. 2118 Cass av.

Laundresses.

Girls who wash or cook or iron
Should advertise and get the hirin'.

WANTED—By a competent woman, washing for Monday and Tuesday. Address T 60, this office. f51

Miscellaneous.

TO THE LADIES

A cordial invitation is extended to visit our repository of fine goods for the table and examine our stock, which has no equal in this city as regards quality, and it will afford us pleasure to show you our selection whether you purchase or not. All will be welcome. March & Adams, the cash grocers, 203 N. 6th st. Sixth and Pine. 52

WANTED—Situation by a girl of 22 to do any kind of work; object, a good home. O 61, this office. f52

WANTED—Two German girls wish situations, both in same house, near west end. Call 1401 Olive st., Branson's confectionery. f52

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

Stenographers.

WANTED—A young lady, between 16 and 20 years old, who is a good shorthand and type-writer, to go to Atlanta, Ga.; good pay. Address R 61, this office. f64

General Housework.

WANTED—Good girl for general housework; must be able to cook. 1011 Morrison av. s66

WANTED—A good girl for general housework. Apply 910 N. Broadway. f66

WANTED—Girl for general housework at 1554 Papin st. f66

WANTED—A competent girl for general housework; two in family. Call at 3655 Finney av. f66

WANTED—Two German girls for general housework; small family. 1624 Morgan st. f66

WANTED—First-class house girl, one who thoroughly understands the business; none other need apply. 1430 Mississippi av. f66

WANTED—Girl for general housework. 3017 Clark av. f66

WANTED—Good German girl, in small family, who can wash and iron. Apply at 1309 Franklin av.

Laundresses.

WANTED—Washer and ironer for two days a week. 3809 Washington av. f67

Cooks.

WANTED—At 805 S. 18th st. a woman to cook, wash and iron in family of four; nine children. f68

713 MOUND ST.—A good cook wanted in a private boarding house. f68

WANTED—Cook at 911 Pine st. f68

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

Nurses.

WANTED—A good strong nurse girl, 16 to 18 years. Apply at once at 1152 Leonard av. s70

WANTED—A small girl to nurse and make herself useful. 2619 Stoddard. s71

WANTED—A situation as wet nurse in private family, or to take child home. Apply 2231 Lucas av. 50

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—2 more ladies in our office to learn shorthand, typewriting and qualify for situations; pay $75 to $100 per month. Apply at Telegraph Office, 102 N. 3d st. Take elevator. 71

WANTED— To-day, 3 young ladies to learn telegraphing on our lines and qualify for sure positions paying good salaries. Apply immediately at Telegraph Superintendent's office, 102 N. 3d st. Use elevator.

WANTED—Girl to work in kitchen, age 20 to 30. Call at 2706 Lucas av. f71

WANTED A good German girl to help in store. 710 Franklin av. f71

WANTED—1 strong girl. Mrs. Hays, 511 St. Louis av., East St. Louis f71

WANTED—Ladies to work for us at their own homes. $7 to $10 per week can be quietly made. No photo painting; no canvassing. For full particulars please address, at once, Crescent Art Co., Boston, Mass, Box 5170. 71

WANTED—At 1324 Olive st., immediately, a good girl to do dining-room and up stairs work s71

WANTED—Ladies and gentlemen in city or country to take light work at their own homes; $3 to $4 a day easily made; work sent by mail; no canvassing. We have a good demand for our work, and furnish steady employment. Ad., with stamp, Crown Mfg. Co., 294 Vine st., Cincinnati, O. 71

DRESSMAKING.

WANTED—All in need of first-class dressmaking to call at 1806 Olive st.; all work guaranteed. f73

AGENTS WANTED.

WANTED—A few good canvassers, ladies or gentlemen; something new. Apply 406 Franklin av.

WANTED—Agents; any man or woman making less than $40 per week should investigate our easy money-making business. We offer energetic persons the best chance on earth to make money. $4 samples free to those meaning business. An agent writes: "Your plan brings the money quickest of any I ever tried." Address with stamp for papers B. E. Merrill & Co., Chicago, Ill.

BOARD AND LODGING WANTED.

WANTED—Board, by two young gents; home comforts; terms moderate; private family preferred; ref. Ad. F 61, this office. f20

HOUSES, ROOMS, ETC., WANTED.

WANTED—Two completely furnished bed-rooms; also, unfur. room for kitchen, must be within six blocks from 4th and Chouteau av.; rent not to exceed $15 per month; references exchanged. Address E 61, this office.

WANTED—To rent, furnished or unfurnished flat, near Garrison and Easton avs. Ad. W 57, this office. s2

WANTED—A furn. dining-room and kitchen where there are boarders. Ad. T 60, this office. f26

Rooms and houses greet the eyes
Of the folks who advertise.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

WANTED—Will pay spot cash to any one leaving the city for a snug little home. State price and address N 60, this office. w22

WANTED—To buy for cash; must be a great sacrifice; a lot 50 or 100 feet front, of good depth; or a small 4-room brick house on 50 foot lot. Ad. O 54, this office, giving price, location and description. s22

WANTED—TO EXCHANGE.

WANTED—To exchange good cylinder desk for Appleton's Encyclopedia or good music box. D 61, this office. s24

LOST AND FOUND.

STRAYED—Two pug dogs, male and female; reward given by returning to John W. Loader, 3419 Chestnut st. f30

I EMPLOY no agents to sell club tickets. I offer better work at less price than those who are sending out agents. The quality, style and finish of my work acts as my agents. I have the finest operators in the city. Open on Sunday. PARSONS, 1407 Market st. 30

LOST—December 4th, 10:15 a. m. between 7th and 10th on Hickory st., a gold breast-pin with locket and tamborine bangle. Liberal reward. Return to 923 Hickory st. f30

LOST—Between 15th and 17th, Washington av., open-faced silver watch, Elgin movement; liberal reward will be paid for return of same to 2d and Washington av., car stables f30

LOST—$5 reward.—A breast pin, black or jet center; a mark in the middle; black and gilt border. By bringing or returning to Mrs. Heimer, 706 S. Broadway, or send a postal, will receive the reward. f30

LOST—Left in the Post Office, a small pocket diary. Finder will please return to A. Speer, 1124 Locust st. f30

LOST—Brown setter dog, mixed with water spaniel; had on chain. Return 2914 Market and receive reward.

LOST—Saturday, November 28, at 4:45 p. m., Wabash-Warrington express, a gold watch and chain marked C. K. L.; also pocket book containing small sum of money. A suitable reward will be given if returned to 710 Pine st. s30

LOST—Reward for return of Irish setter dog "Pat," or for information leading to his recovery. Dr. Funkhouser, 2650 Olive st. s30

EDUCATIONAL.

MARTIN'S Shorthand and Type-writing College, 613 and 620 Olive st., established 1876. Trial free. 29

BOOKS.

BOOKS WANTED—Bring your old books and magazines to the Book Exchange, 313 N. 9th st. New books sold at auction prices. 28

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

Rats is never yelled at those
Who in our "Wants" their wants disclose.

THEATRICAL.

WANTED—Twenty ladies and gentlemen for dramatic opera; few good amateurs accepted. Ad. F 56, this office. s75

ALL SORTS.

FIRE.—Hickman Trunk Co., are selling trunks, valises, hand bags and shawl straps, slightly soiled by water, by the late fire at factory; these goods must be sold. 2031 Morgan st. 32

BOWERS is making the finest retouched cabinets in the city for $2 per dozen; 1 painted with every dozen, 816 and 818 N. 6th st., opposite museum. s32

JAMS and Preserves. Anderson's celebrated jams, jellies and mince meat; John Moir's & Sons imported jams, preserves and fresh fruits; Snider's preserves and tomato catsup. MARCH & ADAMS, Grocers, 203 N. 6th st., 6th and Pine. 32

WANTED—Pupils in Kensington painting, also painting on moleskin. 1627 Washington av. 32

ASHES hauled reasonable. See 1116 Carr st. m32

MATHEW FRANZ, dealer in sewing machines of all kinds; attachments fur., repairing. 1407 Franklin av.

MONEY TO LOAN on jewelry, guns, pistols, clothing, trunks, valises and all goods of value, in sums from $1 to $10,000; low rate of interest. S. Van Raalte; 12 and 14 S. 4th st. 32

A THOUSAND chromo cards, envelopes or bill heads for 90 cents. Howard Scott, printer, 1712 Franklin av.

HIGHEST cash price paid for gents' cast-off clothing; Call or address D. A. Pareira, 614 Morgan. 32

STORAGE.

STORAGE.

Furniture, Pianos, Trunks, Boxes, Etc.,

Stored on the best of terms; cheapest, safest, best and most convenient in city; an itemized warehouse receipt given; money advanced if desired; packing and shipping furniture, pianos, pictures, glass and queensware a specialty; moving done at low rates, with care, at our large fire-proof warehouse. WM. O. LANGAN & CO., 1003 and 1005 Morgan st. 81

STORAGE—1005 OLIVE ST.—For furniture, pianos, household goods, trunks, etc.; inspection invited; very clean, dry; lowest rates; itemized receipts; money advanced when desired. Careful moving, packing, etc. Estimates given. 81 R. U. LEONORI, JR., & CO.

BEST storage for furniture; clean, dry and lowest rates Brolaski & Voorhis, 111 N. 6th st.

FURNITURE, pianos, etc., stored; money advanced when desired; packing and shipping a specialty; moving with care. C. F. Betts, 308 N. 8th st. 84

PROFESSIONAL.

DR. K. MORGNER, office No. 405 S. Broadway, treats private and chronic disease; hours 10 to 1 and 2 to 4.

DR. J. L. FITZPORTER—Office No. 827 S. 7th st. and 305 N. 14th st. Female complaints a specialty. 84

PERSONALS.

Advertisements under the head of "Personal" are received subject to revision or rejection entirely. The money paid for rejected advertisements will be refunded when address is given, or by calling at this office with ticket. All personals not of a business nature ten cents a line.

PERSONAL—C. S.; Yes. D. f1

PERSONAL—A drummer 29 years old and often in city, would like to form acquaintance of some nice young lady or widow not over 26 years old; object, social amusement; give full address and name. G 61, this office. f1

PERSONAL—E. D.: Letter received; have not moved. A. G. s1

PERSONAL—Liddia L.: Letter in Post Office for you. M. R. f1

PERSONAL—West End: Meet me at 8 p. m. Saturday evening. 21st and Franklin av. s1

PERSONAL—L. N. B.: Letter in Post Office for you. I. B. C. f1

PERSONAL—Eureka: Letter received: I was in the wrong; meet me Sunday at 6 p. m. at the usual place. Night Hawk. f1

PERSONAL—Madame Moore Sisters give new treatments; massages luxurious baths. 1216 Pine st. w1

PERSONAL—Young gentleman of means is desirous of making the acquaintance of some respectable and wealthy young lady, or widow, with a view to matrimony. Ad. G 60, this office. f1

PERSONAL—Rebecca L. Ady, M. D., 1422 Olive st., electro magnetic hand baths. See Personal Sundries.

PERSONAL—Cosby Restaurant, 808 Olive st., opposite Custom House. Dinner 25 cents; oysters, New York counts, 25 cents per doz., any style. Open day and night.

DANCING.

PROF. W. S. CLISBEE'S

North St. Louis Dancing Academy, corner 20th and Salisbury sts. Second term commences Friday evening, December 4, at 8 p. m. Classes every Tuesday and Friday.

BUSINESS FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A 1 route on Post-Dispatch, centrally located and in good condition; pays $12. Apply to Supt. of Carriers. s4

FOR SALE—A grocery store; good for a small family; rent for store and dwelling $15 per month; cash, $250. J 61, this office. f4

FOR SALE—Corner saloon cheap; good business; opposite A. Miller, beef canner, East St. Louis, Ill. s4

GOOD general grocery store for sale. Apply at 2214 N 3d st. f4

FOR SALE.—A good, first-class restaurant, 1528 N. Broadway, and doing a good business cheap. s4

FOR SALE—A good, first class meat-shop at No. 2622 N. 10th st. m4

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

CABINET Photos equal in every way to the best in the city, $2 per dozen. We are now turning out 5,000 cabinets per month, which is more than any other gallery in the city. Good work at popular prices is my agent. Open on Sunday. PARSONS, 5 1407 Market st.

20 BUSHELS COAL

for $2 20, and delivered in your shed or cellar. See 1116 Carr. t5

NEW Orleans molasses and syrups. MARCH & ADAMS, 5 The Cash Grocers, 203 N. 6th st., 6th and Pine.

LYDIK'S SOUVENIR!

Finer than any that has been given away, at Fourth and Morgan closing out sale, or at my new location, 718 Olive; the stock must be sold at Fourth and Morgan. M. E. Lydik. 5

CHEAPEST clothing in the city. Dunn's loan office, 912 Franklin av.

FOR SALE—Furniture, carpets, etc., at 24 S. 20th st. f5

COAL—10 bushels for $1; 21 bushels for $2 by the load 9½c. T. F. Carroll, 2021 Franklin av.; send postal. t5

Spectacles To Suit All Eyes

from $1 up. Solid gold spectacles sold for cash or on time payments; eyes tested with the finest test case in St. Louis. Store open from 7 a. m. to 9 p. m. Send postal. S. S. Dreifus, 1726 Franklin av. 5

COAL MARKET—Hall & Co., 2137 Morgan st.—10 bus. $1, over 20 bus. 9½c per bu., direct from cars; postal.

TIME PAYMENTS—Houses and rooms furnished complete at lowest cash prices on easy payments. Geo. W. Jones & Co. 1202 Washington av. 5

HEATING stoves, cooking stoves and base burners at cost. 4-Shaw, 1417 Franklin av. 5

HEATING stoves, cooking stoves and base burners at cost. 4-shaw, 1417 Franklin av 5

PARTIES wishing to sell their furniture, carpets or household goods of any kind can obtain the highest cash prices by sending same to 1005 Olive st. 5 R. U. LEONORI, JR., & CO., Auctioneers.

PARROTS, African and South American singing birds, imported English pugs and pet poodles. A. Bonne, Taxidermist, 102 N. 6th st.

FOR SALE—One good fire-proof safe, 31 inches high, 20 inches wide, $28. No. 17 N. 2d st 5

HEATING stoves, cooking stoves and base burners at cost. 4-Shaw, 1417 Franklin av.

BOARDING.

11 S. HIGH—Fur. front room with or without board; suitable for 3 gents. s18

1023 SELBY PLACE—Furnished third floor front room, for one or two gents, with or without board. s18

1114 PINE ST.—Boarders by the day or week; day board $2 50; regular board $4 50. t18

1125 WASHINGTON AV.—Handsomely furnished second-story front room, with board; f18

1307 CHESTNUT ST.—Furnished rooms with or without light housekeeping. m18

1424 WASHINGTON AV.—Handsomely furnished rooms for families or gentlemen, with excellent day board. s18

1504 POPLAR ST.—Board and lodging; $3 50 per week; also room for light housekeeping.

1505 WASHINGTON AV.—Large rooms, well-furnished; bright, cheerful; excellent table. s18

1700 CHESTNUT ST.—Nicely furnished room, with fire and board for two gents; cheap.

1702 CHESTNUT ST.—Nicely furnished rooms, with or without board. s18

1705 PARK AV.—Nice rooms and board at reasonable price; near Lafayette Park. C. Offerman. 18

1718 OLIVE ST.—Large, nicely fur. front room, with board; also, connecting hall room if desired. s18

1831 OLIVE ST.—Pleasant rooms, nicely furnished, with board; terms reasonable. s18

1834 LUCAS PLACE—Pleasant rooms, well furnished, with board. s 8

2107 WALNUT ST.—Second-story front room, furnished or unfurnished, with or without board; also third-story front and other rooms. s18

2618 LOCUST ST.—Large front with connecting back room; table unexcelled; two or three table boarders accommodated. s18

2626 OLIVE ST.—Handsomely fur. 2d-story front room; also suite of rooms; first-class board (optional). m18

2736 MORGAN ST.—Nicely furnished front room with board for two gentlemen. :18

2814 CHESTNUT ST.—Elegant newly-furnished rooms, in private family, with first-class board; references given and required. t18

2816 OLIVE ST.—Handsomely furnished front room with first-class board; table boarders accommodated. s18

3119 CHESTNUT ST.—Handsomely fur 2d-story room with board, single or en suite; large back yard; southern and eastern exposure. 18

WEST END—Large 2d-story front, furnished or unfurnished, with board for two adults; closet, bath hot and cold water; cars pass door; southern exposure; terms moderate. Address A 56, this office. f18

FOR RENT—Fine fur. first story front room for two gents; with or without board. 200 S. 14th st. f18

WANTED—By a young lady, a comfortable room with board; terms moderate. Address B 61, this office. s18

WANTED—By a young man of good habits, a roommate; must furnish references; good board at reasonable figures. 2932 Thomas st. s18

WANTED—Boarders in private family; moderate price. 1421 Gamble st. f18

FURNISHED HOUSES TO LET.

FOR RENT—A twelve room house, furnished or unfurnished, in desirable location; terms reasonable. Address P 61, this office. f15

FOR RENT—7-room house and furniture; rent cheap; locality, 20th and Chestnut sts. Address H 61, this office. f15

FOR RENT—Furnished or unfurnished house, on s. w. cor. Grand and Page avs., at low rate, to good tenant. Delos R. Haynes & Co, 211 N. 8th st. 15

*Fur*nished houses you can get
If you advertise; you bet.

TO LET—FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES

DRUGGISTS, grocers, notion and meat store men, look at stores corner Morgan and Vandeventer terminus of Cable road, for rent.
17 JAS. M. CARPENTER & CO., 306 N. Eighth st.

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

29 S. SIXTEENTH ST. — Three nicely furnished rooms for light housekeeping s13

111 S. FIFTEENTH ST.—One or two very desirable rooms fur. for housekeeping, with use of laundry. s13

201 N. TWELFTH ST.—Two nicely furnished front rooms; so. ex.; bath and all conveniences. s13

201 S. FOURTEENTH S .—Furnished rooms for light housekeeping or for gentlemen. s13

206 S. SIXTEENTH ST.—Furnished, partly furnished or unfurnished, for housekeeping; rent low. f13

208 N. TWELFTH ST., near Olive.—Two nicely furnished front rooms, for two gentlemen, cheap to let. s13

216 S. SIXTH ST.— Neat furnished room for two gents, with fire. s13

504 MARKET ST.—Large furnished room for 2; $12 per month; small room $5. f13

603 WALNUT ST.—Nicely furnished second floor front room; also unfurnished room. s13

702 N. JEFFERSON AV.—2 nicely furnished rooms, also 2 rooms unfurnished, for light housekeeping. f13

703 PINE ST.—Two rooms; will rent to a nice colored family. KEELEY & CO., 703 Pine st.

710 PINE ST.—Small fur. room. $10 per month, with fire and warm bath. f13

715 N. FOURTEENTH ST.—One nicely furnished front room, near to Exposition. f13

812 S. SIXTH ST.—Back parlor and basement, unfurnished. f13

932 N. FIFTEENTH ST. —Nicely fur. 2d-story front room; suit 2 or 3 gents, or rooms for light housekeeping; private family; ref. required. s13

1031 SELBY PLACE—Three large rooms, with hall, laundry, cellar and yard; water free. See them. f13

1131 LEONARD AV.—One large room in nice neighborhood; private family. s13

1216 CHAMBERS ST.—A pleasant furnished room; rent $6; reference required. s13

1223 WASHINGTON AV.—Nicely furnished 3d story front and hall rooms, with fire; board if desired. f13

1225 ST. CHARLES ST.—Nicely furnished front rooms for gents or light housekeeping. f13

1300 WASHINGTON AV.—Handsome fur. front parlor, 2d-story front room, also one small room, with fire. s13

1304 CHOUTEAU AV—Second floor, fur. or unfur; also 3d floor. s13

1310 OLIVE ST.—Furnished front rooms, with use of piano; gents only. s13

1322 OLIVE ST.—Furnished rooms for light housekeeping or gents. s13

1322 CHESTNUT ST.—Unfurnished rooms; 3 on second, 2 on third floor. f13

1424 MORGAN ST.—Well fur. 2d-story room, wardrobe and stove, $7 per month; handsome residence. f13

1513 WASHINGTON AV.—Nicely furnished large front room; southern exposure; fire and gas; for three or four gents; terms, $5 each. 13

1605 CHESTNUT ST.—Wanted, a room mate. s13

1618 WASHINGTON AV.—Desirable, nicely fur. front room; private family; prices moderate to gentlemen. s13

1812 CASS AV. (rear)—Nicely furnished rooms, for one two gents; references required. s13

1918 SULLIVAN AV.—4 elegant rooms; hall, bath, laundry, etc.; cheap rent. s13

2011 AND 2013 CHESTNUT ST.—Desirable furnished rooms for rent. s13

2027 PINE ST.—One large front room well fur. fire, gas and bath. s13

2030 CHESTNUT ST.—Nice furnished room for one or two gents with all accommodations.

2110 OLIVE ST.—Handsomely fur. front and back room adjoining; first class appointments an attention. s13

2120 OLIVE ST.—One or two handsome rooms for gent and wife, or gentlemen; private family. f13

2329 OLIVE ST.—Four nice rooms on 2d floor, bath, water closet, etc., $30 per month, unfurnished; also 3 on the 3d floor; $11 per month; private family. t13

2625 BALDWIN ST., continuation of Clay av., second door from Montgomery st., three rooms. s13

2630 CHESTNUT ST.—Handsome furnished room for gentlemen only. s13

2706 LUCAS AV.—Nicely furnished room for rent; hot and cold water; $7 each. f13

2730 GAMBLE ST.—Neatly furnished front room in small family, for two or three; cheap. f13

2735 OLIVE ST.—A couple of furnished rooms with every convenience. 13

2753 ALLEN AV., near California av.—A comfortable fur. room. s13

2811 MORGAN ST.—Suite of handsomely fur. 2d-story rooms; good board near. street cars.

2814 OLIVE ST.—Third-story rooms, single or en suite; fur. or unfur. to permanent parties; refs. ex. s13

HOTEL GILLHAM, northwest cor. 5th and Market sts., elegant rooms by the day, week or month. W. E. Gillham. 13

FOR RENT—Clemens Flats, northeast corner 11th and Howard sts., nice suite of 4 rooms on either 1st or 2d floor, at $16; water, etc. free. BERGMANN & CORNET, 13 N. Eighth st.

FOR RENT—In the new row, 2 or 3 rooms, at 1606, 1608 and 1610 Cass av. Apply at 1401 N. Broadway or on premises. m13

NEATLY furnished front room for a quiet lady. 216 S. 6th st. s13

FOR RENT—In western part of the city, 2 rooms for light housekeeping, water and bath-room included. Address H 60, this office. f13

FOR RENT—A large, nicely furnished front room, near Union Depot, in a private family, with all conveniences, suitable for two gentlemen; price $10 a month. B 59, this office. f13

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms; transients accommodated. F 60, this office. f13

FOR RENT—Nicely fur. room; back and front. 1208 Chouteau av. s13

FOR RENT—One furnished front room; desirable locality. Inquire at 1735 Lucas av. m13

FOR RENT—Four rooms; rent $15; with hall, gas and water, situated on the s. e. cor. of Elliot av. and Mill st. Inquire next door. 13

FOR RENT—DWELLINGS.

2120 WAVERLY PLACE—South side of Lafayette Park—Almost new two-story brick house of 7 rooms, hall, bath, gas; hot water; choice neighborhood. s14 KEELEY & CO., 703 Pine st.

2744 ALLEN AV.—Brand new two-story brick house of seven rooms, hall, bath, gas, hot water; two blocks south of Lafayette and two blocks west of Jefferson and five blocks west of Lafayette Park. Rent low. s14 KEELEY & CO., 703 Pine st.

3328 LOCUST ST.—Six rooms and bath room; all conveniences; suitable for two families; $30. M. A. Wolff & Co., 105 N. 8th st. 14

NEW houses and have nice yards, only one block from Water Tower; one for $10, one for $11 and one for $12; houses for sale monthly; payments or for cash. Phil. E. Green, 4105 East Grand av., near Water Tower. 14

FOR RENT—2919 Lucas av., 10-rooms, stone front. Apply to S. Simmons, 620 Chestnut st. 14

IMP'D CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—On monthly payments of $25 per month, house and lot, No. 817 Madison st., two-story brick of 6 rooms. Price $1,600. Nothing need be paid down. 7 KEELEY & CO., 703 Pine st.

FOR SALE—On monthly payments of from $40 to $50 per month, house and lot No. 3025 Rutger st., two-story brick house of 8 rooms; lot 29x120 feet. 7 KEELEY & CO., 703 Pine st.

FOR SALE—Or exchange, my residence, 3132 Lucas av., in complete order ten rooms, all modern improvements. C. R. Stinde, 404 N. Broadway. f7

Flats are now what the people build;
Advertisers keep theirs filled.

FINANCIAL.

$15,000 TO LEND for a term of years. Ad. M 61, this office. f31

$1 600 Can be had on good real estate. Ad. N 61, this office. f31

BREMEN Building and Loan Association, 8 shares of stock for sale. Apply to C. H. Smith, 1107 S. 10th st.

A GENTLEMAN wishing to invest some surplus funds will loan $25 and upwards on household furniture and other security. Parties wishing advances will be treated fairly and can secure loans on satisfactory terms. Call at 1015 Morgan st. 31

HOUSES BUILT on city real estate on monthly payments, at cash prices F. H. GOSS, 31 1091½ N. Sixth st.

MONEY TO LOAN on jewelry, guns, pistols, clothing, trunks, valises and all goods of value, in sums from $1 to $10,000; low rate of interest. S. Van Raalte, 12 and 14 S. 4th st. 31

$25 TO $500 loaned on furniture, pianos, etc., without removal; also on horses and wagons; weekly payments taken and interest reduced in proportion; lowest rates; no commission. F. W. Peters & Co. 701 Pine st. m31

FURNITURE LOANS.

$25 and upwards to loan on furniture at residence without removal; lowest rates; business strictly confidential. C. F. Betts, 308 N. 8th st. 31

MONEY LOANED—On furniture in residence; business confidential; no charge for making loan. Brolaski & Voorhis, 111 N. 6th st.

LOANS made on furniture in residence, city real estate and all good securities, on fair and reasonable terms; no commission charged. Any amount advanced and loans completed in a few hours. Room 2, 904 Olive st

MONEY TO LOAN.

$100,000, $10,000, $20,000, $6,000, $4,000, $2,500 on city and county real estate at 6 per cent. JOHN LADY, 31 904½ Olive st.

ST. BERNARD DOLLAR STORE CO.

The Wonder of the Nineteenth Century.

NOTHING LIKE IT EVER SEEN! NOTHING LIKE IT EVER HEARD OF!

ACRES OF TOYS! MILLIONS OF DOLLS!

Don't fail to see this Museum of Attractions. Everything beautiful, everything attractive, everything cheap. We have made terrific reductions on the prices of all our goods, as we are determined to do the Holiday Trade of this city.

Come and see the Most Beautiful Store in the City

Send stamp for Illustrated Catalogue. Country Merchants, visit our Wholesale Department before buying.

416 and 418 NORTH FOURTH ST.

MUSICAL.

WANTED—Situation by first-class tuner who can play cornet in orchestra; have good collection of music for orchestra and brass band; married. Address E. Westbrook, Burlington, Kan. s27

WANTED—Pupils; piano for practicing free; special attention to beginners; terms reasonable. Mrs. Inman, 1604 Olive st. f27

HORSES AND VEHICLES.

Wanted.

WANTED—By a responsible gent, the use of a horse and buggy for the winter in the city; good care, etc. Ad. J 58, this office. s11

WANTED—To buy a 2d-hand surrey, buggy top cart or phaeton; must be little used. W. W., 219 N. 4th st., room 2. f11

For Sale.

FOR SALE—Cheap—1 bay mare, 15½ hands high; good for heavy work. J. J. Wharton, 2416 Wright st. 12

$40 WILL buy a first-class road wagon. 2944 Thomas st. 12

FOR SALE—One mare, 5 years old, gentle in every way; can work double or single. Address 3217 Kittemiener av. f12

FOR RENT—December 1, stable room for two horses and two vehicles; dry and good ventilation. Apply at 1021 N. Comp on av. w17

PERSONAL SUNDRIES.

CASSILLY, photographer, 421 Franklin av., opposite Crawford's, is giving a handsome frame with every order of photos; fine cabinets, $2 per doz., the cheapest large photos in the city. 74

I WILL make a 14x17 superior finished photo, in solid walnut frame, or handsome gold frame, $12. Having the largest copying house in the West, I can furnish crayons, pastels, India inks and water colors at less than any other photographer. I furnish the work for most photographers in the South and Southwest, who take the orders and send to me for execution. PARSONS, 74 1407 Market st.

HICKMAN TRUNK CO. are selling trunks and valises at a sacrifice, that are slightly damaged by water from the late fire at factory, goods must be sold. 2031 Morgan st. 74

WANTED—Every person afflicted with fits of any kind to call at 107 N. 8th st., and be cured. A cure guaranteed. s74

MATHEW FRANZ, dealer in all kinds of sewing machines sold on time payments; also, we make a specialty of repairing machines. 1407 Franklin av.

UNA F. SILVA, the clairaudiant medium, gives sittings daily at 1240 Franklin av., upstairs. t74

FAIR DEALING!

DR. W. B. TUTHILL of 918 S. Fourth st., St. Louis, Mo., will pay to the Treasurer of the St. Louis Provident Association $200 (two hundred dollars) on failing to produce indisputable proof of the safe removal and permanent cure of stricture or urethral obstructions. A discovery made by him in October, 1879, the first ever known on earth. Investigation is in order, and solicited from the most eminent from all parts of the country. It is among the most simple to perform; no loss of time; no cutting; no burning by caustic, nor dilation the balance of life, calling it a cure. It has no effect upon healthy tissue or membrane, but death to parasitic or fungus growths, ulcers, ulceration of rectum, uterine diseases, etc. Fire guaranteed and paid from any part of the United States or Canada to and from this city on failing to produce the specimens and substantiate the same. The respectable indigent treated free of charge. 74

PERSONAL—Rebecca L. Ady, M. D., 1422 Olive st., treats with magnetism, electricity and baths, medicated and vapor, for ladies and gentlemen. Magnetism is the chief feature of my baths; hence patients have preference of male or female assistants. m74

R. SABINE'S Matrimonial Agency, 813 N. 16th st., bet. Morgan and Franklin av. 74

MRS. ROSINE SABINE, the great fortune-teller, gives advice in matters of business, love and matrimony; she unites friends and lovers in nine days, causes speedy marriages, recovers stolen, mislaid and buried property, and cures drunkenness in one week. 813 N. 16th st. 74

CAST-OFF clothing bought by N. Barnett, 319 Locust st. Send postal card. 74

CITY REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—House No. 2830 Ohio av., 6 rooms, bath, hot and cold water, with or without furniture; part monthly payments; lot 15x128; price, $1,800 without furniture. Chas. H. Franke, No. 718 Chestnut st. m8

DOCTOR WHITTIER

617 St. Charles St., St. Louis, Mo.

A regular graduate of two Medical Colleges, has been longer engaged in the special treatment of CHRONIC, NERVOUS, SKIN and BLOOD DISEASES than any other Physician in St. Louis, as city papers show and all old residents know.

Nervous Prostration, Debility, Mental and Physical Weakness; Mercurial and other Affections of Throat, Skin or Bones, Blood Poisoning, old Sores and Ulcers are treated with unparalleled success, on latest scientific principles. Safely. Privately.

Diseases Arising from Indiscretion, Excess, Exposure or Indulgence, which produce some of the following effects: nervousness, debility, dimness of sight and defective memory, pimples on the face, physical decay, aversion to the society of females, confusion of ideas, etc., rendering Marriage improper or unhappy, are permanently cured. Pamphlet (36 pages) on the above, sent in sealed envelope, free to any address. Consultation at office or by mail free, invited and strictly confidential.

A Positive Written Guarantee given in every curable case. Medicine sent everywhere by mail or express.

MARRIAGE GUIDE,

260 PAGES, FINE PLATES, elegant cloth and gilt binding, sealed for 50c. in postage or currency. Over fifty wonderful pen pictures, true to life; articles on the following subjects: who may marry, who not, why; manhood, womanhood, physical decay, effects of celibacy and excess, the physiology of reproduction and many more. Those married or contemplating marriage should read it. Popular edition, same, paper cover, 25c. Address as above. Dr. Whittier.

OUR NEIGHBORS.

Items of Interest and Gossip From the Adjacent Towns.

Special Correspondence of the POST-DISPATCH.

Alton, Ill., December 4.—Great disappointment is felt here over the location of the Soldiers' Home at Quincy.——The hunters to secure game for the Turner hunters' ball are now in the American Bottom.—— It is threatened that resistance will be made in the next Council meeting to the payment of expenses of the Soldiers' Home Committee. ——The street and alley appropriation is almost exhausted. It is expected to last during the winter, however.——Central Park has been graded down on the Eastern half and work has been commenced on the Western half.——The mate of the Spread Eagle, Jeff Brown, was arrested here last night on the charge of assaulting a roustabout.

Jerseyville, Ill., December 3.—Hon. G. W. Herdman is home from Kansas.——Hon. H. O. Goodrich was in St. Louis Wednesday.——Dr. C. A. Edgar and wife left for Shell City, Mo., their future home on Wednesday.——Miss Irene Timmons of this city, and W. Redlick of St. Louis were married at the bride's home Monday night, Rev. Van Treese officiating.——Will Ricards is home from his visit in Missouri.——Dr. DuHadway and Charlie Neumeyer and wives are in Southern Kansas visiting.——Miss May VanHorne visited in St. Louis this week.——Will Egelhoff is in Nebraska.——Hon. O. A. Snedeker and wife were visiting in Godfrey Thursday.

Examine the Dodd Collection of paintings before the sale next Monday at Potter' Galleries, Sixth and Olive.

A RATTLING MILL.

A Couple of Boys Pummel Each Other With Kid Gloves.

After Several Attempts, They Succeed in Outwitting the Police—The Local Billiard Match—Sporting Notes and Gossip.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, December 4.—The prize fight with kid gloves between Johnnie Farrell of this city, and George Williams of Rahway, N. J., took place early yesterday morning on the turf at Millville, in Westchester County. Eight rounds were fought according to London prize ring rules, and then Williams' second threw up the sponge, the New Jersey pugilist being whipped into insensibility. Farrell did not receive a bruise. For weeks sporting men talked of little else than the meeting of these fighters, and a large number paid $5 each for tickets entitling them to witness the mill. A well-known sporting resort in Harlem was the appointed meeting place. As early as 9 o'clock Wednesday night a crowd assembled. It had been arranged that the crowd should be taken up the Long Island Sound, and that a steamboat should leave Harlem Bridge Dock at 10 o'clock. That hour passed and another, and the early morning arrived. Then it was whispered that, owing to an accident to the steamboat, carriages would have to be taken to New Rochelle, near which place the men would fight. Coaches were ordered, and parties prepared to go to the fighting ground.

The first parties to go over the Harlem Bridge were promptly arrested. They were taken to the station house, where they gave their names as Thos. Danforth, Philip Riley, Billy Kinney and James Roberson, and all said that they were returning from a ball. They were allowed to go, and returned to the rendezvous to warn others. Then scouts were sent out, and they returned with the information that Superintendent Murray had ordered out the reserves, and that the third and fourth bridges and the Macomb's Bridge and Riker's Island, in the Sound, which had also been named as the fighting ground, were all patrolled by policemen, and that the police boat patrol was in the river. The sports were all disgusted. About 100 of them cashed their tickets and returned home. About 100 more insisted on having a fight.

At 5 o'clock in the morning scouts reported that the bridges were clear. Eleven coaches formed in a line and were promptly filled. The coach conveying Farrell, his backers and seconds and a WORLD reporter went over Macomb's bridge, up Central avenue to Tremont and then across to the battle-ground, and was the first to arrive. Fifty minutes later the others arrived and the crowd took possession of Devine's tavern, taking edibles and drinks with perfect freedom and to the alarm of their host. In the meantime the backers of the men inspected the turf, and agreed on a level piece of ground in a little hollow about 300 yards from the Westchester road. At that point another hitch occurred, it being discovered that they had no gloves. Several of the party had kid gloves and gave them to the referee, who selected two pairs.

At 7:30 o'clock the men entered the ring. Farrell is 18 years old, 5 feet 5 inches tall and weighed 129 pounds. He won the amateur featherweight championship of America in 1883. Williams is 19 years old, 5 feet 6 inches tall and weighs 126 pounds. The referee and time-keeper are well-known sporting men. The toss for corner was won by Farrell. He chose the westerly corner of the ring, having little higher ground, and being sheltered from the wind by the crowd. They then shook hands and time was called.

They were very cautious and sparred warmly for an opening. Farrell looked the picture of a fighter, but Williams stood awkwardly and his guard was low. It had been rumored that Williams was none other than Tom Stock, the new arrival from England, but all doubts on that score were dispelled by his amateurish pose and carriage. Williams attempted to lead, but Farrell got out of range and rushing in again planted a solid left-hander on the stomach. Williams attempted a cross counter and fell short. Then Farrell sent in left on the stomach again, knocking Williams backward and he fell. He rose and resumed the battle and Farrell got home on the mouth. Then Williams led and was short, and Farrell countered on the eyes with the right. The blow was a terrific one and cut open Williams' left eye and sent him to the ground in a lump. First blood and first knockdown were allowed Farrell. Farrell had Williams at his mercy, and in the seventh round laid on the chest and mouth with his left and on the jaw with his right. The latter blow sent Williams to the ground again. The last blow sounded like a whip snap and all present thought Williams' jaw was broken. The fight lasted eleven minutes and twenty-five seconds, and although short was on the part of Farrell one of the most scientific and punishing ever fought. After the fight a hurried trip to the city was made, and the fight was soon the talk of the town.

The Billiard Match.

A rather small audience was present last evening in the Mercantile Library Hall to witness the first game of the Vignaux-Slosson-Schaefer billiard tournament. Contrary to the expection of many the game was won, not by Vignaux, but by Slosson. Mrs. Slosson, Mme. Vignaux, Mrs. Wayman McCreery, Mrs. Heywood and Mrs. G. B. Allen were the ladies who looked on from the gallery. Beginning the game, Vignaux chose the black ball, the first run he made being 17. The features of the game were Vignaux' fancy playing in the seventh inning, in which he made an extremely difficult masse which was loudly applauded by the audience, and the strong play of Slosson in the twelfth. In the twenty-sixth inning Vignaux increased his score, which stood 332 at the end of the twenty-fifth, by 19. In the last inning Vignaux counted 32 and Slosson easily made his six remaining points and won the game.

The three highest runs made by Vignaux were 64, 66 and 94 and by Slosson were 50, 101 and 145. Vignaux' total was 448. Vignaux' average was 15 13-29 and Slosson's 20 20-29. The game lasted one hour and five minutes. George Wolfe acted as referee and Robert Staley marked the game. Vignaux and Schaefer will play this evening.

Sporting Sundries.

The Board of Review of the National Trotting Association adjourned at New York yesterday till May next at Chicago.

Races were won at the Blood-Horse Association meeting yesterday in San Francisco as follows: First race, Moonlight, time 1:06; second, Estill, time 1:51½; third, Marie Daly, time 53¼, 53; fourth, Duke of Monday, time 1:50.

The committee of the National Base Ball League will limit the number of clubs in the League to Chicago, St. Louis, Detroit, Philadelphia, New York and Boston. The schedule for the season will consist of 300 games, the clubs to stay in each city visited two weeks.

Examine the Dodd Collection of paintings before the sale next Monday at Potter' Galleries, Sixth and Olive.

O'NEILL'S MISTA[...]

How a Congressman's [...] Failed Him On an Impo[...] Point.

Senator Vest's Support o[...] Burks—His Reply to a C[...] of Harrigan's Friends—[...] Cockrell for Ab. Edwards [...] shal—The West End Pos[...] Political Notes.

[illegible]

A QUEER RUMOR.

JOHN CARROLL'S INDORSEMENT.

DICK'S CALLERS.

MR HYDE

THE SOUTH ST. LOUIS POST OFF[...]

Amusement Notes.

Messrs. Kennedy and Jarvis, repres[...] White Slave," which comes to the P[...] week, are in the city.

The musical and specialty progra[...] Casino is affording excellent entertainm[...] audiences.

N. S. Wood, in "The Boy Detective," [...] matinee attraction at the People's [...]

That veteran artist, C. W. Couldock[...] company, will be at Pope's next week a[...]

The first Musical Union Concert [...] Hall last night, the rehearsal of wa[...] described in the Post-Dispatch [...]

At the matinee at Pope's to-morrow [...] each lady present will receive a card [...] photograph of Lillian Russell [...]

Mr. Charles H. Hoyt arrived from [...] yesterday, where "The Soldier" is no[...]

The audiences at the Grand have incr[...] ly as the week advances [...] "Woman Against Woman." [...]

Kate Castleton, whose charm, vivacit[...] cleverness is too well known [...]

STORE CO.

th Century.

KE IT EVER HEARD OF!

S OF DOLLS!

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Store in the City

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O'NEILL'S MISTAKES.

How a Congressman's Memory Failed Him On an Important Point.

Senator Vest's Support of Jasper Burks—His Reply to a Committee of Harrigan's Friends — Senator Cockrell for Ab. Edwards for Marshal—The West End Post Office—Political Notes.

Between his anxiety to convince people that he had not deserted Chief Harrigan for the United States Marshalship and his anger at even the bare suspicion of such a thing, Congressman O'Neill in his interview in yesterday's POST-DISPATCH made several indiscreet disclosures pertaining to political affairs, and some statements which look very queer. For instance, Mr O'Neill, in speaking of Burks' chances for appointment as Marshal, made use of the following language: "No city in St. Louis wants him for Marshal" and again, "Neither one of the Senators can go before the President and ask for his appointment." The remark about the Senators is said to be untrue by prominent men who are generally considered friendly towards both Harrigan and O'Neill. If the Congressman's memory doesn't fail him he will recall the fact that early in the fight for the marshalship Mr. Harrigan requested one of his friends to call on Senator Vest and ask him to support his application. The Chief's friend did so. Congressman O'Neill, Maj. C. C. Rainwater and Mr. James Bannerman were present at the time, and the Congressman earnestly seconded the appeal of Harrigan's representative. In reply Senator Vest said: "I promised Jasper Burks some time ago that I would support him for something. He has selected the United States Marshalship and I intend to keep my word to him and do all in my power to help him get the appointment." The Senator further stated that he had always entertained a high regard for Maj. Harrigan, and that if he had not promised to support Burks he would have indorsed Harrigan. Such a public declaration for Burks, followed up by his indorsement at Washington by Senator Vest, makes it evident that Congressman O'Neill forgot all about his call on Vest, as detailed above.

THE FIGHT

over the Marsh ship was in the last two days has developed, among other things, that Sena or Cockrell has resisted all appeals to support either Harrigan or Burks, and that if he has any voice in the appointment at all, it will be for State Senator Ab Edwards. Cockrell informed an intimate friend when asked what he thought that Burks' chances were, that he would do nothing for him, but he won't know anything about the contests, the wishes, courts and prisons. He will know nothing of the outlying districts from which the chief witnesses are recruited. So it is regarded as the granting of these superficial observations result in people being brought here in the belief that it is a great progress affair. Many come and find that others have placed themselves under influences of which they knew nothing.

The wrath of God has destroyed wicked cities whose lily-covered mountains of sin rose to the throne of the omnipotent power of God. In the country we have not lived long enough to see such ruins, we do not give much thought to the wrath of God being visited upon us. Let us remember, however, we have no continuing city. To what shall we trust? To that city whose foundations are laid by God—to the new Jerusalem—to the city of God. If we would save unto ourselves the things of the future, we must seek the city of God. We cannot seek it by putting the temporal things above the spiritual. When we come here and ask why the city of St. Louis is so ungodly, we can be told there are more saloons than churches. Let the Christians say that the prison is fuller than asylums. The reason why St. Louis' godliness is stifled at and made a laughing stock is because the family altars are not built and the knee bowed. Let the young people go out in the morning without any spiritual instruction or religious atmosphere; because your prayer meetings are cold; because you will and your church members at the theaters, where things are said and done to debauch the people.

THE THEATERS.

One of your city papers took occasion to criticise what I said once in another city against theater, and yet take our pages and see what the plays are like. Only the actresses of theaters and playwrights are invading the sanctuary and vocabulary of religion for their plays. We see on a billboard "Saints and Sinners" and the "Wages of Sin." And what is the latter? Simply an effort to show that the wages of a woman's sin was a repentance on her husband's part and her elevation to a higher place in society.

DOWN ON DANCING.

And the parents send their children to places where they can be taught dancing and deportment. God pity parents tha have to send their children to a dancing school to learn deportment! I am not preaching sermons. Innocent amusements You must first show me that an amusement is innocent before saying that I am preaching against an amusement that is strong. Why, a Catholic Bishop of New York told an assembly that the confessions showed that nineteen out of every twenty fallen women were brought there by dancing.

BAD SUITORS.

We are admitting into our households men whose character, if known, would cause a father to kick him out of the house when he called on his daughter. When parents have to leave the city to save their spotless daughters and sisters from the influences of the city authorities have to step in to save our young, it is time to look forward and see above the broken, blackened ruins of our city the word "Ichabod" written forever. Let us seek the city that continues forever.

Sam Jones then closed the service with a few remarks. No exhortation was made to sinners.

A BELLIGERENT MILLIONAIRE.

The Residents of Aristocratic Mount Vernon Place Undergoing a Big Scare.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

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CARONDELET JOTTINGS.

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The pavements in the neighborhood of Loughborough avenue, between Broadway and Mobile avenue, are in any thing but a good condition. Making walking dangerous for pedestrians at night, from the latest operatic successes. Miss Castleton will sing several of her best songs, which never fail to delight her audiences. She will be assisted by a carefully selected company of comedians.

FRIDAY'S FIRES.

Destruction of Daily's Woolen Mills—A Church in Ashes.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

PEORIA, ILL., December 4.—The woolen mills of Peter Daily at Canton, Ill., burned at 1 o'clock this morning. The loss is $10,000; insurance small; origin of fire unknown.

A Church Burned.

MACON, GA., December 4.—Fire broke out last night in a dwelling in the rear of the First Baptist Church. The fire extended to the church and destroyed it. The church was recently built, of brick, at a cost of $35,000, and the interior was unfinished. The insurance on the church is $10,000. The tower and side walls only were saved.

SMALL'S SAY.

Sam No. 2 Has a Tussle With Theaters To-Day.

He Says They Are Debauching the People—A Cold Meeting and No Enthusiasm—The Attendance Smaller Than Usual.

Although Sam Jones asked for 100 converts for last night's meeting at Centenary Church he only got about twenty-five or thirty. The hard work of yesterday must have had a fatiguing effect on the church workers, as the audience this morning at Centenary Church was not up to the usual size. The first few minutes of the hour were taken up with a season of experiences, conducted by Rev. W. A. Black of the Lucas Avenue Presbyterian Church, after which the regular services was begun with a prayer by Mr. Jones. On the platform with the evangelists were only Rev. Dr. Lewis, Rev. T. H. Haggerty and Rev. W. H. Black.

The sermon of the day was again preached by Sam Small, who took for his text the fourth verse of the thirteenth chapter of Hebrews. He alludes to professors who, on account of the yearning desire of the young to leave the country and seek the city. A traveler in Europe goes to see the great cities, the judges of the character of the people from the character of their great city. A person going away from here sits all around the parks, theaters and billboards, but he won't know anything about the churches, asylums, courts and prisons. He will know nothing of the outlying districts from which the criminal classes are recruited. So it is regarding the granting of these superficial observations result in people being brought here in the belief that it is a great progress city. Many come and find that others have placed themselves under influences of which they knew nothing.

The wrath of God has destroyed wicked cities whose lily-covered mountains of sin rose to the throne of the omnipotent power of God. In the country we have not lived long enough to see such ruins, we do not give much thought to the wrath of God being visited upon us. Let us remember, however, we have no continuing city. To what shall we trust? To that city whose foundations are laid by God—to the new Jerusalem—to the city of God. If we would save unto ourselves the things of the future, we must seek the city of God. We cannot seek it by putting the temporal things above the spiritual. When we come here and ask why the city of St. Louis is so ungodly, we can be told there are more saloons than churches. Let the Christians say that the prison is fuller than asylums. The reason why St. Louis' godliness is stifled at and made a laughing stock is because the family altars are not built and the knee bowed. Let the young people go out in the morning without any spiritual instruction or religious atmosphere; because your prayer meetings are cold; because you will and your church members at the theaters, where things are said and done to debauch the people.

THE THEATERS.

One of your city papers took occasion to criticise what I said once in another city against theater, and yet take our pages and see what the plays are like. Only the actresses of theaters and playwrights are invading the sanctuary and vocabulary of religion for their plays. We see on a billboard "Saints and Sinners" and the "Wages of Sin." And what is the latter? Simply an effort to show that the wages of a woman's sin was a repentance on her husband's part and her elevation to a higher place in society.

DOWN ON DANCING.

And the parents send their children to places where they can be taught dancing and deportment. God pity parents tha have to send their children to a dancing school to learn deportment! I am not preaching sermons. Innocent amusements You must first show me that an amusement is innocent before saying that I am preaching against an amusement that is strong. Why, a Catholic Bishop of New York told an assembly that the confessions showed that nineteen out of every twenty fallen women were brought there by dancing.

BAD SUITORS.

We are admitting into our households men whose character, if known, would cause a father to kick him out of the house when he called on his daughter. When parents have to leave the city to save their spotless daughters and sisters from the influences of the city authorities have to step in to save our young, it is time to look forward and see above the broken, blackened ruins of our city the word "Ichabod" written forever. Let us seek the city that continues forever.

Sam Jones then closed the service with a few remarks. No exhortation was made to sinners.

A BELLIGERENT MILLIONAIRE.

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The Very Life Wrung Out of High Prices---Most Astonishing Values Ever Offered Before in St. Louis.

We are still the leaders in Overcoats. We are the only ones in St. Louis that sell a Boy's Good Overcoat for 98c; a Child's Suit for 79c; a Man's Heavy Overcoat for $1 24; a Man's Durable Worsted Suit for $2 45. Remember, we have

Thousands of Men's Suits and Overcoats at $3 50, $4 50, $7 50, $10, $12 50 and $15.
Thousands of Children's and Boys' Suits and Overcoats at $1 50, $2 50, $3 50, $5, $7 50 and $10.

Our thousands of customers already know that when we advertise bargains we advertise facts, and to those who have not patronized us as yet we will say that an investigation will readily convince them that they can save from $2 50 to $5 on every Suit or Overcoat by buying at the

GLOBE, 705 to 713 Franklin Avenue, Largest and Cheapest One-Price Clothing & Shoe House in the West. Open until 9 p. m.; Saturdays until 11 p. m.

THE SECOND WEEK OF

OUR GRAND AUCTION SALE

AT 414 N. FOURTH ST., BETWEEN LOCUST AND VINE STS.,

Begins To-Day. A great many goods have been disposed of at ridiculously low prices, but the sale is steadily going on, and the assortment being replenished as fast as possible. The surplus stock MUST be sold. New attractions for visitors in preparation.

TWO SALES DAILY—11 A. M. (Instead of 10:30 as heretofore,) AND 2:30 P. M.

E. JACCARD JEWELRY CO.

CONSIDERABLE INTEREST IS SHOWN IN

Our GREAT SACRIFICE SALE

CORNER FIFTH AND OLIVE STREETS.

The reductions we made cover every article of our stock. A considerable saving to buyers of HOLIDAY PRESENTS. We say to our patrons: "DON'T DELAY MAKING YOUR SELECTIONS."
Our stock of CHRISTMAS and NEW YEAR CARDS is very large, and in LOW PRICES eclipses any other assortment.

E. JACCARD JEWELRY CO., COR. FIFTH AND OLIVE.

TRY THEM QUICKLY.

What the People of St. Louis Say About the Murderers.

Letters and Interviews Which Call for Speedy Trials and Few Continuances in Murder Cases—The Post-Dispatch Dime Fund to Pay Circuit Attorney Clover's Fine Growing Rapidly—What the Public Say on the Subject.

If public feeling has undergone any change in regard to continuances in criminal cases since the last issue of the POST-DISPATCH was published the change has been in the nature of a stronger demand than ever for the speediest trial possible in murder and other criminal cases. The letters and interviews given below show that the people of St. Louis are fully alive to the danger incurred by delay in such matters, and that they will demand in every way possible some protection for the existing state of affairs. Continuance after continuance is granted in the case of the $50 fine inflicted upon Circuit Attorney Clover by Judge Van Wagoner came in in great numbers to-day. The fund will be completed early to-morrow morning.

What the People Say.

The following solid business men of this city, a few of whom have served on grand juries and are therefore familiar with the subject in question, spoke very freely when asked for their opinions by a reporter of the POST-DISPATCH:

JOHN NICKERSON,

cashier of the St. Louis National Bank: "My opinion is that continuances are very bad things all around. Of all the crimes in the catalogue murder is one which should be followed up, prosecuted promptly and punished quickly, and yet it seems that it is this very crime on which it is hardest to convict. I hope the POST-DISPATCH will stir the people up on this question and awaken them to a realization of the actual state of affairs."

S. H. LAFLIN.

"I firmly believe that Judge Van Wagoner is a good judge and an honest man. Besides, he is a personal friend of mine, and I can say truly that I think he is the best criminal judge we've ever had yet. At the same time I would like to see crime, and particularly murder, prosecuted and tried more promptly. Continuances are bad unless they are granted for good and sufficient reasons."

N. G. PEARCE,

secretary Samuel Cupples Woodenware Company: "Continuances are of no good whatever, except to the criminal himself. It strikes me that murder cases should be pushed vigorously. Continuances in the case of Cole and Hall have been a disgrace to the State. I am glad that the POST-DISPATCH has taken up this matter, and will keep right on doing the good work it has begun."

F. O. SAWYER

of F. O. Sawyer & Co.: "I certainly do not believe that continuances, as a general thing, are good. I am a little familiar with certain phases of crime, having had opportunities to thoroughly investigate it, and I am convinced that delay in trying murderers is the cause of much crime itself. These delays are of no earthly good except to feed and lodge a few criminal lawyers. I approve."

WILLIS J. POWELL.

"All such cases should be tried as soon after the deed is done as is possible. This could be in justice to everybody concerned. Continuances and delays are not only expensive to the State, but they work clearly to the benefit of the rascals."

"What do you think of the Clover-Van Wagoner incident?"

"Failing that Clover had not only a right to expect that that offense trial should come off, but that it should have been granted to him in justice to himself as Circuit Attorney."

LOUIS SCHAEFFER.

"I think it is wrong to load up the jail with murderers. They should be tried and disposed of quickly. I was reading in the paper the other day that one of those Chinamen was getting fat and rosy in the Jail, living off the fat of the land. Now that is rightly. It is people who are feeding these cut-throats. Let them get a satisfactory interpreter in seven months now are they going to get one in three weeks? Looks funny, doesn't it? You can put me down for 10 cents in your room and use my name, too."

JACOB FURTH.

"To put the matter in the fewest possible words: I am on the side of Clover all the way through."

JUDGE A. W. ALEXANDER

said: "As a rule my professional training leads me to support a Court, but in this instance I must support the Circuit Attorney. The public are not aware of the enormous and needless expense produced by continuances in criminal cases. This acts of swindlers in administering criminal justice is to be deprecated. I am glad that the Circuit Attorney is intent upon correcting the evil and I regret in the present instance that in so plain a case he is talked by the Court."

JAMES BANNERMAN

said: "So long as the Jail contains so many murderers it will be hard to persuade the general public that there is any sense in these continuances, which appear to be granted on the flimsiest pretexts. The Court should not be influenced, of course, but the Circuit Attorney had reason to feel indignant at the prospect of a long delay in a case for which he had fully prepared."

MR. J. D. LAWSON

said: "I do not agree with Judge Van Wagoner in his position that the refusal of a continuance would have been an error on his part. The custom of granting continuances has been carried too far. Too many of them are granted altogether, and there are too many murderers in the Jail. But at the same time I believe Judge Van Wagoner was right in fining Mr. Clover for the language used. It was not respectful and was not right. There must be some head to a court, and it is not safe to encourage anything like Mr. Clover's defiance of that head."

MR. MARQUIS T. MILOWA

of "Famous" said: "I think that the evil of continuances is one of the greatest blots upon the administration of justice in our criminal courts. A continuance should be granted only for extraordinary reasons, and then should not be for any length of time. I think the laws ought to be framed so as to compel the parties to proceed to trial. In a murder case the prosecutor, the people, the law seem to receive most careful protection. All, of course, should receive exact justice. A fair and impartial trial should be given to every criminal. But there should be an end put to such cases as we every day see going on in our criminal courts. The whole machinery of the law seems to be thrown out of gear instead of against violators. The judges do not deserve all of the blame, but the greater part must rest on them, as they seem to refuse all such continuances, as the one just granted. Public opinion is all at unanimously on the side of Mr. Clover, ready to overlook the nasty words he may have uttered, if indeed, any stretch of charity can say so could be construed into contempt of court. Let the people speak in no uncertain way their opinion of such a burlesque on justice."

DR. W. H. R., Nat. M. D.

ANOTHER DIME.

ST. LOUIS, MO., December 3, 1885.

To the Editor of the POST-DISPATCH.

Enclosed please find 10 cents for which I send to you for the Clover coon which you have inaugurated. Hoping you will get the fifty more dimes to pay for the one of one of our future judges. Respectfully,

IOUI.

A FRIEND OF SPEED.

ST. LOUIS, December 4, 1885.

To the Editor of the POST-DISPATCH.

Here is my little 10 cents for the support of Prosecuting Attorney Clover in the stand he took in the Chinese cases a few days ago. Wishing the latter when running him for judge of the Criminal Court next election. The above 10 cents represents one vote for him. Keep booming this fund until enough has been subscribed.

CLEAR THE DOCKET.

The Dime Contributions.

The endorsement by the citizens of St. Louis in a substantial way of the protest of Circuit Attorney Clover against continuances of murder cases has been general and liberal. The total amount of subscriptions to the fund to pay his fine amounted up to yesterday afternoon to $17 20.

The following additional subscriptions were received to-day:

Total of yesterday,	$17 20		
Citizen	10	John Le Roy	10
F., E. and B.	50	Old Lawyer	10
Dr. W. B. M.	10	Nat. M. D.	10
I O U	10	T. E. Flandt	10
Two lovers of Justice	20	Captain Tyre	50
Sophia E. York	50	Joseph Lefford	25
M. Hanahey	10	Stephen Gass	10
H. B. Wurms	10	J. A. St. John	10
E. A. Drury	10	C. R. Peirce	10
Carl St. John	10	W. H. Peirce	10
Chas. W. Drury	10	H. G. Peirce	10
T. W. Humphrey	10	Harvey Willard	10
Eugene Hinds	10	Fred Adams	10
Harry Lewis	10	M. Noble	10
Pat Foyer	10	Louis Hadley	10
E. C. Chase	10	K. L. H. Son, Ben.	10
D. Motz Svenson	10	ton, Mo	
Thos. N. Harrington	10	Fred H. Chase, Ben	10
E. B.	10	ton, Mo	10
W. S. Abbott	10	R. J. Henry	10
J. J. Frederick	10	Annex	10
Barney Franz	15	Henry Vander Au	10
H. Bachmann	10	Chas. Beyer	10
Oscar Hoefer	10	Mrs. Oscar Hoefer	10
Two admirers of justice	10	Two ardent young lady admirers	20
Willis J. Powell	10	Cash	10
Cash	10	Louis Schaeffer	10
F. J.	10	Cash	10
Kelly R. Chandler	10	Henry Burz	10
A. N. Eaton	10	Paul A. Fuse	10
Jas. S. McClellan	10	Eugene De zeloz	10
Geo. T. King	10	J. F. Bruening	10
Kate R. Chandler	10	A. N. Eaton	10
Jas. S. McClellan	10	Geo. T. King	10
J. F. Bruening	10	Henry Burz	10
Paul A. Fuse	10	Eugene De zeloz	10
C. H. Brown	10	Contributed to dimes	
A. Y. Ferguson	10	fund by the cotton and	
George Meyers	10	Mercuants' Exchange	14 80
John L. Miller	10	Cash	10
Cash	10	Charles Thurber	10
A ex Graham	10	Frank Zurich	10
Joseph B. Britt	10	H. G. Dammer	10
Total			$40 75

COMMISSION MERCHANTS CONTRIBUTE.

To the Editor of the POST-DISPATCH.

ST. LOUIS, December 4 1885.

We the undersigned commission merchants of St. Louis, realize that the continuances and other legal trickery practiced by our courts, ha now reached a point where any and all murderers are sure of escape, and realizing also that the recent action of our criminal court is formidable to murderers and criminals only, desire to express our admiration of Prosecuting Attorney Clover, by the following contributions to pay the fines imposed upon him.

Anxious to Help Ashley.

The public generally seems to be thoroughly aroused on the subject of unnecessary continuances in murder cases. The following correspondence, referring to the Clover 10-cent boom, was received at this office to-day.

SMALL STRIKES BACK.

The Evangelist Contradicts David Gibson's Card.

The card of David Gibson in last night's POST-DISPATCH has called out a positive denial from Sam Small. The card stated that Sam Jones was badly misinformed when in a statement the other evening he alleged that the suit for $93 was begun against three men, Messrs. Taylor, Ramsdell and Small. Mr. Gibson's card also stated that the Mr. Sims referred to by Mr. Jones as Gibson's attorney, was unknown to him.

Mr. Small to-day to a POST-DISPATCH reporter said that he had telegraphed to Atlanta immediately after seeing Mr. Gibson's card. The following was the telegram of Mr. Small in answer of Mr. Gibson's card. The following was the telegram of Mr. Small in answer of Mr. Gibson's charges against me. Another fact I want to state and publish is that I have been subpoenaed to testify in Gibson's favor."

THE POLISH CHURCH WAR.

Two Newspaper Reporters Roughly Handled by Infuriated Women.

DETROIT, MICH., December 4.—St. Albert's Polish Catholic Church remained closed this morning, and no trouble occurred there. About daybreak the women turned out to the number of about 500, and said their morning prayers kneeling on the steps and in the yard. They went home quietly. Soon afterwards a newspaper reporter, whose account of the trouble has not given satisfaction, was met by a large number of them, and driven from the neighborhood. John P. Gaspard, a correspondent, was attacked last night while leaving Father Kasmanski's house, and roughly handled. His injuries were not serious. No trouble is expected on Sunday. The Poles insist on having mass that day with Father Kasmanski, unless the bishop has ordered Father Dombrowski to officiate.

A GOOD INSTITUTION.

The Incorporation of the Turkey Hill Grange Society.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

SPRINGFIELD, ILL., December 4.—Certificate of incorporation was issued by the Secretary of State to-day to Peter Miller, J. P. Smith and W. J. Miner who propose to incorporate the Turkey Hill Grange Society at Smithton Township, St. Clair County, without capital stock, for the purpose of erecting a building for social, religious and educational purposes.

A GENUINE BLIZZARD.

Snow Driven in Blinding Sheets at St. Paul, Minn.

ST. PAUL, December 4.—A genuine blizzard set in here about 10 o'clock this forenoon. The snow was driven in blinding sheets through the streets. No reports have been received from points west of here, but the indications are that the storm is general throughout the Northwest.

EXTENSIVE SWINDLERS.

Bogus Advertising Solicitors Swindling Merchants in the West.

CHICAGO, December 4.—Rand, McNulty & Co., publishers of this city, are in receipt of information from Western States say ing that parties representing themselves as advertising solicitors are swindling merchants and others, soliciting money on bogus contracts and drafts in their name. They appear to use very extensively

Examine the Dodd Collection

of paintings before the sale next Monday at Pettes' Galleries, Sixth and Olive.

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Gen. Shaler Indicted.

NEW YORK, December 4.—The Grand Jury to-day presented an indictment for bribery against Gen. Shaler.

THE LIBERALS LEAD.

Continued Losses Make the Tories Feel Very Despondent.

To-Day's Returns of the Parliamentary Elections—A Conference of the Powers to be Held at Berlin Regarding the Balkans War—Suspension of a Turkish Paper—Foreign News.

Special Cablegram to the Post-Dispatch.

LONDON, December 4.—The counties continue to play up for the Liberals, who now have a majority of forty-nine over the Conservatives, and only lack five of a majority over the Tories and Parnellites. The astounding fact has just transpired that the Tories furnished £340 to two prominent members of the Social Democratic Federation, avowed revolutionary socialists, to induce them to contest two seats, and thus split the Liberal vote. This doubtless, is not an isolated instance of the Tory tactics. At 2 p. m. the poll stands: Liberals, 267; Conservatives, 218; Parnellites, 54.

A NEWSPAPER SUSPENDED.

CONSTANTINOPLE, December 4.—The Journal Tarik has been suspended by the Government for speaking of Lord Salisbury's policy as serving the interests of Russia.

A CONFERENCE AT BERLIN.

PARIS, December 4.—The Journal Des Debats states that it is proposed to hold a conference of the Powers at Berlin to delimit the Servian-Bulgarian frontier.

England.

TORY DESPONDENCY.

LONDON, December 4.—The Standard gives up all hope of a Tory majority. Its sole comfort is the reflection that Mr. Gladstone's majority will not be sufficient to enable him safely to handle the Irish question.

THE LIBERALS AHEAD.

The total returns from the elections for members of Parliament received up to 2 o'clock this afternoon show that 274 Liberals, 215 Conservatives and 58 Nationalists have been elected.

PROSECUTING A SHERIFF.

Mr. John O'Connor, Nationalist, elected for the East Division of Tipperary, has charged the Sheriff of the county with showing partiality towards his opponent, Colonel Barton, Loyalist, and with libel. The offense is punishable with two years in prison or the corrupt practices act, and Mr. O'Connor intends to test the efficiency of the act.

MORE LIBERAL GAINS.

In Tipperary, East Division, Mr. John O'Connor, Nationalist, is elected. In Gloucestershire, Forest Dean Divis on, Mr. T. Blake, Liberal, is elected over Hon. J. Plunket, Conservative. The latter is First Commissioner of Works.

A BRITISH SHIP SUNK.

The British ship Magician, Captain Hastings, from Cardiff, October 29, for San Francisco, has been sunk by a collision with the British ship Ben Dauran, Captain Andrew, from San Francisco, September 4, for Queenstown. Part of the crew and passengers of the Magician have arrived at Fernandina in the ship's boats. The Ben Dauran has also arrived there. She is badly damaged and was compelled to jettison 350 tons of her cargo.

France.

PURCHASING SUPPLIES ABROAD.

PARIS, December 4.—A committee of the Chamber of Deputies has been appointed to examine the proposition to prohibit the purchase of Government supplies abroad. It is understood that a majority of the members of the committee favor the proposition.

OVER PRODUCTION TO BLAME.

The Cabinet has decided to oppose the raising of duties on cattle and corn on the ground that imports have already sunk to a low ebb, and that over-production is the cause of the depression.

China.

ROMAN COINS UNEARTHED.

SHANGHAI, December 4.—A quantity of Roman coins, of the periods between the reign of the Emperor Tiber as down to that of Aurelianus, have justbeen discovered in the inland provinces of Shansi.

Germany.

THE RUSSIAN EXTRADITION TREATY.

MUNICH, December 4.—The Chamber, by a large majority, has expressed the hope that the King would modify the extradition treaty with Russia.

WITH GIANT POWDER.

The Private Bank of Bentel & Co., Freedom, Pa., Robbed of $12,000.

PITTSBURG, PA., December 4.—About 4 o'clock this morning the private bank of Bentel & Co., at Freedom, Pa., twenty-eight miles west of Pittsburg, was robbed of $12,000 in cash and securities. The robbery was committed by four men, who exploded the safe with giant powder, shattering the windows and walls. There is no clew to the robbers.

Railway Mail service.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, D. C., December 4.—The Superintendent of the Railway Mail Service has ordered the following service discontinued: Illinois route, 28 08, Junction to Mound City, from December 1, 1885.

The Week's Failures.

NEW YORK, December 4.—The business failures occurring throughout the country during the last seven days, as reported to R. G. Dun & Co., number; For the United States 218, and for Canada 32, or a total of 250, as against 216 last week, and 240 the week previous. There is a considerable increase noted in the Southern and Western States.

MILK THE Largest Retailers of Pure Illinois Milk in the city. Telephone No. 122. **BOWMAN & CO.,** 818 and 820 Morgan st.

TRONY's Oyster House, 512 Pine street, serves oysters raw, stewed, fried, pan roast, 25 cents per dozen. Families supplied with bulk or cans. Shell oysters and clams, 25 cents per dozen.

CITY NEWS.

KEEP your eye and mind on the new tailoring department of D. Crawford & Co., and make it your business, if requiring a new suit, to leave your measure at this store for one. They knock all competition endways, and guarantee perfect satisfaction or no sale. Their prices on clothes to order are just about half what you have been in the habit of paying. Fine domestic tweed suits made to measure at $25 to $29. Finest imported French, English and German tweed suits made to measure from $30 to $40. Imported Bannockburn and Auchtermuchty tweed suits made to measure, and up to the Queen's taste, at $35, $37 50, $40 Overcoats to measure from $25 to $40. All above are just about half the prices you have to pay elsewhere.

THE only Complexion Powder in the world that is without vulgarity, without injury to the user, and without doubt a beautifier, is Pozzoni's.

TURKISH BATHS reduced to 75 cents. Tickets sold at liberal rates at Lindell Hotel and 1117 Olive street.

Dr E C. Chase,
817 Olive street. Set of teeth, $8.

PRIVATE matters skillfully treated, and medicine furnished. Dr. Dinsbeer, 814 Pine street.

DR. WHITTIER, 617 St. Charles street, cures diseases of indiscretion, excesses, indulgencies. Call or write.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

William Quinn was stabbed by Ben Johnson at South Pittsburg, Tenn., yesterday.

The cruiser Dolphin is to make its final trip in a few days. No one knows where she is going.

Charles H. Scott, county clerk at Denver, Col., has been detected in forgeries for large amounts.

Queen Regent Christina of Spain, yesterday, at a Cabinet meeting, recommended a general amnesty.

The Knights of Labor in Tennessee have begun boycotting. The Stetson Hat Company is the first victim

Governor Martin of Kansas has issued a proclamation calling for an extra session of the Legislature.

The Northern Cheyenne Indians in Montana are starving, owing to the smallness of the rations issued to them.

The municipal authorities of Paris are seeking to replace the Sisters of Mercy in the hospitals by secular nurses.

Allison Saunders, a young lad, committed suicide at Akron, Ohio, yesterday, by shooting himself through the head.

The town of Duncan, on the Southern Pacific Railroad, in Arizona, was attacked by Indians, and one man was killed.

George B. Simpson, a noted land swindler, was arrested yesterday at Las Cruces, N. M., and a few moments later escaped.

Both branches of the Cherokee Council have passed the bill providing for the disbursement of $300,000 to citizens by blood only.

Greece has replied to Turkey's expulsion of the Greek Consul from Crete by ordering the expulsion of all Turkish Consuls from Greece.

The order for the expulsion of German-Americans from the Island of Foehr, Germany, has again been suspended, owing to Minister Pendleton's intervention.

The tug boat Dorie Emory exploded her boiler in New York harbor yesterday afternoon. Her entire crew of firemen was killed, and the boat totally destroyed.

Baltimore society is all torn up by the discovery that millionaire Henry Jones is to donate his mansion, which adjoins that of Robert Garrett, for the use of colored orphans.

The National Assembly of the United States of Colombia was inaugurated at Bogota yesterday with Juan de Dios Ulloa president, in the midst of great public rejoicing.

General Schofield, commanding the Missouri Division, in his annual report speaks of the excellent equipment of the Indians and makes a plea for an army of 50,000 men.

Col. Hervatovitch has been appointed commander-in-chief of the Servian forces. Bulgaria has sent another circular letter to the Powers, pointing out the moderation of the Bulgarians.

The young Queen Mercedes, daughter of the late King Alfonso of Spain, is said to have developed scrofulous debility and lung disease, the legacy of her father, which will unfit her for the throne.

General Crook, commanding the Arizona Department, in his annual report attributes the outbreak of the Chiricahuas to the want of harmony between the agents of the Interior Department and the military.

Six children were bitten by a supposed mad dog in Newark, N. J., yesterday. Twelve dogs were also bitten, of which eight were killed. It is probable that the children will be sent to Dr. Pasteur in Paris for treatment.

Mandalay was plundered the other night by Dacoites. Queen Victoria has sent a letter of thanks to General Prendergast, commander of the Burmese expedition. A temporary government will be formed in Burmah.

An unknown negro entered the house of Joseph Manany yesterday while the latter was away, and seriously wounded Mrs. Manany, and after attempting to outrage Miss Manany stabbed her in the thigh, probably inflicting a fatal wound. He escaped, but if the crowd in pursuit catches him he will be lynched.

"The Slough of Despondency"

in which you are wallowing, on account of some of those diseases peculiar to you, madame, and which have robbed you of the rosy hue of health and made life a burden to you. you can easily get out of. Dr. Pierce's "Favorite Prescription" will free you from all such troubles, and soon recall the rose-tint of health to your cheek, and the elasticity to your step. It is a most perfect specific for all the weaknesses and irregularities peculiar to your sex. It cures ulceration, displacements, "internal fever," bearing-down sensations, removes the tendency to cancerous affections, and corrects all unnatural discharges. By druggists.

Election of Exposition Officers.

The new Board of Directors of the Exposition held their first meeting last evening and effected an organization. The official returns of the election for directors were read. Joseph Specht and D. Crawford had received the highest number of votes. Mr. Joseph Franklin read a letter to the Board requesting the acceptance of his resignation as a director, assigning as a reason that in the election for directors one of the greatest interests, the railroads, had been overlooked. The resignation was accepted and Capt. R. S. Hayes elected in his place. Samuel M. Kennard was then elected president by a unanimous vote, and other officers were elected as follows: First vice-president, E. O. Stanard; second vice-president, John T. Davis; secretary, L. Methudy; treasurer, R. M. Scruggs; general manager, J. H. Johnston. The office of assistant secretary was created and L. B. Pierce elected to the position.

Remember, we give the best guarantee and the greatest values in solitaire diamond ear-rings and lace pins. See what we offer at $25, $30, $35, $40, $50, $65, $75, $90, $100, $125, $150, $200, $250, $300, $400 and $500. Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Co., Fourth and Locust.

A Queer Bet Decided.

A very amusing scene was enacted in Justice McCaffrey's court this morning which involved a bet of $50, and the merits of 5 cent fighting whisky and 10 cent plain, ordinary conversation whisky. Samuel Schramm walked into George F. Dicker's saloon, and after having had a drink of punch made with 10 cent conversation whisky wanted a pony of the same for 5 cents. Dicker told him he would not sell such fine liquor for 5 cents. Schramm bet him $5 that he did sell the liquor for 5 cents, and the bet was taken and promptly increased to $150. Mr. Stahl was appointed stake-holder, and, becoming disgusted with the dispute, laid the stake, which consisted of $100 in money and $200 in promissory notes, on the counter. Schramm, it is alleged, snatched them, and told Dicker to get it the best way he could. Justice McCaffery listened with some impatience to the testimony, and finally asked the defendant if he got the $50 in money, and on receiving an affirmative reply rendered judgment for the plaintiff for $50 and costs.

THE CHURCHES.

Doings of Interest in the Realms of Local Religion.

Sam Jones and His Tobacco—Sam Small to be at St. Paul's—A Pastor on Trial at Westminster Church—Notes and Personals.

Father Daly is again seriously ill.

A Catholic magazine is projected for this city.

Father Driessen of St. Charles is visiting at the St. Louis University.

Sam Small will preach at St. Paul's Southern Methodist Church Sunday.

Sunday special communion services will be held at Memorial Tabernacle Church.

Yesterday was the Hebrew feast, for the children particularly, of Hanukah.

Rev. Mr. Knox will assist Rev. C. M. C. Mason of All Saints' Parish during the Advent season.

Rev. S. H. Green of St. John's Episcopal Church has been considering a call received from Chicago.

Father Charles is succeeded as Superior of the Passionists' Monastery in this city by Father Felix.

Sunday Rev. I. H. Ford will preach at the formal dedication of the new Central Baptist Church, Memphis.

The Boy Preacher recently made 100 converts in three weeks at the M. E. Church in Council Bluffs, Iowa.

Some East St. Louisans, with becoming humility, think Sam Jones could find a very large field over there.

Services will be held this evening at Second Presbyterian Church, preparatory to communion on Sunday.

A revival in the M. E. Church at Farmington, Mo., has brought in 70 conversions and 74 accessions.

The revival labors at the Memorial Tabernacle Presbyterian Church resulted in some fifty conversions.

Mrs Robinson, the evangelist who held meetings in this city a year ago, is successfully laboring in Colorado.

Bishop Bowman presided at the conference of the Presiding Elders of the M. E. Church at New York this week.

The Christian Evangelist says: "We regard Sam Jones as an important figure in the crusade against sectarianism."

Father Meyer, Provincial of the Jesuits, and Father Stuntebeck, S. J., returned yesterday from St. Mary's, Kan.

Miss Mattie Dowling, organist of Central Christian Church, has gone to Boston to continue her musical education.

And now Sam Jones has an organ. At least the Southern Evangelist of Atlanta, Ga., claims to be "Sam Jones' paper."

Father Schapman, S J., will deliver the panegyric of the saint at St. Xavier's celebration Sunday at the College Church.

In the absence of the pastor, Rev. J. E. Wheeler will fill the pulpit of the Washington Avenue Presbyterian Church Sunday.

The annual pew renting of the First Congregational Church realized $6,500, about 20 per cent increase over last year's.

Presiding Elder Corrington of the M. E. Church holds quarterly conference at Gatesville and Marble Hill to-morrow and Sunday.

Judge J. G. Irwin of Edwardsville, Ill., contributes a long article to Dr. Cooper's Evangelist on "The Genesis of Prohibition."

Rev. Dr. J. H. Brookes of the Washington Avenue Presbyterian Church is away at St. Paul, Minn., lecturing in behalf of the Y. M. C. A.

The W. C. T. U. had a fine reception at the residence of Mrs. F. H. Ingalls last evening. A souvenir cup and saucer was given to each guest.

After a month's waiting the Central Christian Advocate at last has received and published a little weak reply to Professor Super's article on "Suicide."

The generosity of Sam Jones is proverbial at his old home. He thinks nothing more of giving dollars to the needy than others do of giving cents.

The St. Louis Presbytery will meet Monday morning, the 14th, to dissolve the relations of Rev. W. B. Minton, as pastor of the Glasgow Avenue Church.

Mr. C. R. Garrison, the evangelist, will preach at the Chouteau Avenue Methodist Church Sunday on the subject, "Praise, an Element of Power in the Church."

In town yesterday to hear Sam Jones were Rev. J. W. Westcott of Xenia, Ill., and Rev. W. F. Bell, presiding elder of St. Charles, Mo., both Southern Methodists.

Next Wednesday the conference of the St. Vincent de Paul Society of the northern portion of the city will begin their annual retreat at St. Lawrence O'Toole's.

The Jesuits have abandoned several of their missions in the interior of the State as the priests can not be spared. Some of those given up were said to be flourishing.

Father Hughes, on leaving the position of assistant at the Cathedral, was presented with a fine watch and an address by the young ladies of the Sacred Heart Sodality.

The usual meetings at the Y. M. C. A. to-morrow and Sunday will be omitted in order that the members may have an opportunity of co-operating in Sam Jones' meetings.

The cry of reform is not confined to Washington, but is heard in church circles, and in deference to it there will be but two priests at St. Patrick's Catholic Church hereafter.

At the North St. Louis Christian Church, Eighth and Mound streets, Rev. W. W. Hopkins' subjects for Sunday will be: Morning, "Reason in Religion;" night, "Religion in Reason."

Although the next meeting of the Evangelical Alliance will be its last for this year, the present officers will hold over until the January meeting, when the election will take place.

Rev. W. T. Tibbs, formerly pastor of the First Christian Church of this city, is still in feeble health, and has gone to Los Angeles, Cal., with a hope that the change of climate may be beneficial.

The Women's Guild of All Saints' Episcopal Church is making extensive preparations for the third of a series of literary and musical entertainments which will take place in the near future.

The Methodist bishops at their recent meeting in New York, appointed on the commission on lay delegation Rev. Dr. Fuy and F. G. Niedringhaus of St. Louis for the eleventh and twelfth districts respectively.

Rev. Mr. McDonald of Kentucky, who has been invited to preach at Westminster Presbyterian Church with a view to taking the pastorate if every thing is agreeable, will fill that pulpit Sunday morning and evening.

Bishop Robertson returned this week, but leaves to-night for Kansas City, where he will officiate at three churches during Sunday. He has at last received all the testimony in the Jardine affair, and will surrender his final decision.

Yesterday was the feast of St. Francis Xavier, and special masses were celebrated in the church and chapel of that name. Sunday there will be the solemn celebration with special music at the church, Ninth street and Christy avenue.

The young ladies of the Third Baptist Church will give a "Quaker Tea," in the parlors of the new church, Grand, between Washington and Lucas avenues, on December 17 and 18, and a candy-pulling Saturday afternoon, December 19.

Fathers Damen and Van der Eerden will begin a mission at Sedalia Sunday, and on their return the former will pass the holidays at the Jesuit Church on Grand avenue, a fact which gave rise to the supposition that he would stay there permanently.

The Christian Evangelist, the leading organ of the Christian faith in the West, comes out enlarged and beautified this week. In its improved columns it starts out by condemning the liquors on the bill of fare at the Cattlemen's banquet in East St. Louis.

The fair at the residence of Mrs. Bishop Robertson, the proceeds to be applied to the purchase of the school property of the Sisters of the Good Shepherd, at 2039 Park avenue, was held successfully, Wednesday and Thursday, a good sum being realized.

To-night the last of the services preparatory to communion on Sunday will be held at the Webster Groves Congregational Church, Dr. Masden of Union M. E. Church preaching the sermon. Dr. Pot preached there Wednesday night and Dr. Boyd last night.

The new Third Baptist Church on Grand avenue cost, without the organ, about $61,000, and yet that sum has already been raised, so that there will be no debt-raising on Dedication Sunday, the 13th. Dr. Judson will not be able to preach the sermon, contrary to expectation.

Rev. C. F. Soon, a Chinese Missionary who came over from Shanghai, China, five years ago to get theologically trained and since then has spent the time at Trinity College, North Carolina, and Vanderbilt University, was in the city yesterday on his way to China to begin active work.

Although the Glasgow Avenue Presbyterian Church is now pastorless, having accepted Rev. W. B. Minton's resignation, it is by no means cast down, but on the contrary is going to some expense in making improvements, such as purchasing new carpets, repairing the furnace, etc.

Dr. Edward Cooper, editor of the Presbyterian Evangelist, on the subject of infant damnation, says he has not as sure a hope for the children of Godless parents as for those of pious parents. He emphatically utters a sweet and tender protest against the dogma of universal infant salvation.

Next Sunday is the feast of the Immaculate Conception, a day of obligation with Catholics. A novena of preparation has been in progress this week at the church, Jefferson avenue and Lucas place. Instruction and benediction are given at 3:30 p. m. Special services will be held Sunday, Monday and Tuesday.

It is quite amusing to pick up a copy of the Christian Evangelist that calls skating rinks emissaries of the devil in one column and then in another column find an illustrated advertisement of roller skates. The girl that wants to skate will be between two very funny fires if she reads the Evangelist.

The course of lectures at Union M. E. Church is drawing large houses. Dr. Boyd's sermon last Sunday, like Dr. Fulton's the week before, filled the house. Sunday evening Rev. Dr. J. G. Merrill of the First Congregational Church will preach on "God in History," the two congregations uniting.

The sudden death of Rev. Dr. J. W. Adams of Lebanon, Ill., removes one of the most eloquent and powerful Methodist preachers of the West, and one whose ministrations were repeatedly but vainly sought for this city. He died while talking to his child, evidently of heart disease.

It may not be generally known, but Rev. Geo. H. Williamson, now at the McCausland Avenue Presbyterian Church, came very near being pastor of the Glasgow Avenue. He was recommended strongly by a number of his brethren in the ministry, but being opposed by a few in his proposed new charge did not take it. He is now doing very well at his present post.

Following the example of Rev. Mr. Brandt, who suspends the meetings at Memorial Tabernacle during the Jones revival, Messrs. Garrison and Gary have done the same with theirs at the old Y. M. C. A., so that there may not be the slightest appearance of opposition to Mr. Jones' work. This sacrifice on their part is in keeping with the broad character and unprejudiced feeling of those young evangelists.

The Third Baptist Church, who have been worshiping in the United Hebrew Temple, Twenty-first and Olive streets, for eleven months, on the occasion of leaving it this week, presented their obliging Jewish brethren with evidences of their appreciation in the shape of a case of elegant silver table ware for Rabbi Messing, and a similar gift for A. Gershon, one of the Temple's officials. Resolutions of thanks from the Baptist congregation accompanied the presents.

The fresh air cranks ought certainly to be happy now, considering the thorough ventilation Sam Jones is giving the churches. But another sort of ventilation is needed, too. Pilgrim Church has a ventilating committee, but the latter must have been asleep or absent Thanksgiving night, as the first tenor of the Temple Quartet told a POST-DISPATCH reporter when they were nearly through that they would find it hard to conclude as the heat from the gas was so oppressive—and the people in the gallery generally held the same opinion.

Prof. C. P. Morrison of Washington University has charge of the musical arrangements for the Sunday-school congress to be held in the Exposition small Hall the 15th, 16th and 17th inst., and is drilling a chorus of 300 voices for the services. The first rehearsal of the chorus choir will be held at First Presbyterian Church, Sunday afternoon. The sessions of the congress will number seven, beginning Tuesday evening and running through Thursday evening. All topics of interest to Sunday-school workers will be discussed, the leading speakers being Rev. E. A. Dunning of Boston, and Mrs. W. F. Crafts. Over $400 has been raised for the expenses of the congress.

Sam Jones has found in his tobacco a very bitter cud for reflection. A few days after his arrival here, two prominent members of Centenary Church, consecrated earnest young men, wrote a letter to Mr. Jones, entreating him to give up the use of tobacco, signing their names to the petition. They employed the evangelist's own tactics and embodied in the letter such questions as this: "You ask how Christ would look on a theater or a ball-room, and we ask how Christ would look smoking a pipe or cigar or chewing the filthy weed." This purifying work of the young men was evidently called out by the fact that the odor of tobacco has saturated Sam and stands out around him like the perfume of a wooden Indian before it is aired in the morning. In this connection the story should be repeated of how an old deacon down South said: "Brother Jones, why do you chew tobacco?" "To get the juice out," was the quick reply.

Nearly $300,000 of the finest qualities of diamond ear-rings, finger-rings, studs, sleeve-buttons, collar-buttons, bracelets, lace pins and scarf pins, will be sold at SUCH EXTRAORDINARY LOW PRICES during this month by the Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Co., Fourth and Locust, as must insure their sale to all intending buyers. If interested, call and see.

CITY NEWS.

A musical and literary entertainment is to be given at the Pickwick Hall this evening, by Valley Council, 438, of the Royal Arcanum.

C. J. Garrett, a brakeman on the 'Frisco Line, tried to jump from a moving locomotive at Rock Springs, but, missing his footing, was run over and killed.

A. D. Mayo of Boston read an interesting paper last evening at Washington University to a large audience, on "The New Education in the New South."

John Fulz, a workman at Wainwright's brewery, fell from a scaffolding yesterday afternoon and injured his back so badly that he was sent to the City Hospital.

Joe Leonarda, a machinist at Campbell's furniture factory on Twelfth street and Cass avenue, had his hand caught in a lathing machine yesterday afternoon and horribly mutilated.

Frank and Joseph Bengal, brothers, quarreled with each other last evening on Seventh and Wash streets, and Joe struck Frank on the head with some blunt instrument, injuring him severely.

Mr. Nathan Coronna, one of the oldest cotton buyers of St. Louis, died at an early hour this morning at his residence on Second Carondelet avenue. The deceased was stricken with paralysis only several days ago, while sitting in his office.

The Southern Historical Society met last night. Messrs. B. B. Porter and T. W. Rosque were elected members. A vote of thanks was tendered Captain Boyce for the donation of a valuable scrap book. The annual meeting will be held on the first Friday in January.

The Lands and Leasing Committee of the School Board met last evening. The resolution of Dr. Green to purchase a site and erect a school building to relieve the Ames, Irving, Webster and Blair schools was laid over until the next meeting. Considerable business was transacted.

The Western Athletic Club has reorganized and opened club rooms at 4205 Easton avenue. The officers are G. W. Swarting, president; M. Koehler, vice-president; E. F. Niehaus, treasurer, and G. W. Galloway, secretary. On the night of December 8 they give an entertainment at Ellearsville Hall.

The party given by A. Hobusch on the 28th inst., at his new residence, King's highway and Natural Bridge road, proved a success. Among those who took part in the musical performances were the Moakley sisters, Gorman sisters and brothers, Miss L. Beyert, Miss C. Geiser, and also Messrs. Shilling and Lederla.

Dave Dryden, a colored man, quarreled with a negro woman named Susan Colman, who lives in the rear of 817 Biddle street, yesterday afternoon, and cut her in the back, inflicting a wound sixteen inches long. Dryden was captured some time after the cutting by Officers Fitzgerald and O'Leary. The woman may die.

Charles Pohlman, a German 38 years of age, who, until a short time since, kept a grocery store on Eighth and O'Fallon streets, attempted suicide at his residence, 1220 N. Sixth street, last evening, by shooting himself in the right ear. Dr. Carlock, who was called in, pronounced the wound very serious and probably fatal. Financial embarrassment is given out as the cause of his act.

PUBLIC speakers and singers find B. H. Douglass & Sons' Capsicum Cough Drops a sure remedy for hoarseness.

THE CONSTELLATION TAURUS.

Prof. Barnard Discovers a New Comet, Faint and Small.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., December 4.—Prof. Barnard of Vanderbilt University, Nashville, Tenn., announces to Director Swift the discovery of a new comet in the constellation Taurus. It is faint and small. Its position is as follows: Right ascension, 4 h., 21 m., 57 s.; declination north, 4 deg., 45 m.; daily motion northwest, 35 m. This makes the fifth prize of $200 won by Prof. Barnard for the discovery of comets. Dr. Swift saw the Paris comet last evening through the sixteenth-inch Warner telescope and reported it as being very faint.

DON'T IRRITATE YOUR LUNGS with a stubborn cough, when a pleasant and effective remedy may be found in Dr. J. H. McLean's Tar Wine Lung Balm. 25 cents a bottle.

"RESOLVED,"

"Gentlemen," observed the Chairman as the committee gathered around the stove, "I see there is a slight fall in the mercury this morning, but it's a delusion and a snare got up by that gigantic fraud, the WEATHER CLERK, to r is the hopes of pork packers and clothing men. Now this thing has been going on right straight through November, and there is a big howl all over the West. Even the coal men are kicking, and the enterprising individual who sells hot wiener-wurst on the corners has made an assignment for the benefit of his creditors, the sausage makers. Now this is all on account of the WEATHER CLERK, who, in point of veracity, is only a shade behind Eli Perkins. I make a motion that this committee rise as one man and club him to death."

The motion being carried unanimously, the committee adjourned to "Famous" to lay in a supply of

SUITS AND OVERCOATS!

in anticipation of a change in the temperature, which will occur on the sudden removal of the weather clerk.

Men's Overcoats	$3 50 to $50 00
Men's Suits	5 00 to 35 00
Boys' Overcoats	3 00 to 8 50
Boys' Suits	3 50 to 22 50

Big drives in Winter Caps, Shoes, Cloaks and Underwear.

FAMOUS,

BROADWAY and MORGAN,

Leading Clothiers, Shoers, Hatters and Furnishers, Cloaks, Millinery and House Furnishings.

Cuts used in our illustrated advertisements for sale cheap.

REAL ESTATE.

Dullness the Rule in all Branches of the Business.

During the past fortnight the real estate market has been characterized by an increasing dullness, which during the last few days has been markedly apparent in all branches of the trade. It is generally hoped, if not expected, that business will brighten a bit before the close of the year, but if the feeling which at present prevails is not improved upon, the year will not go out in a blaze of glory, as far as real estate is concerned. Selling, loaning and renting are alike very quiet at present the result being a general feeling of disappointment, which, however, a revival of interest on the part of buyers, borrowers and renters would soon remove. Among the several real estate men called upon yesterday not one had the courage to boldly claim that he had done a satisfactory week's work, and it is a very cold day when a walk among the agents is not rewarded by the discovery of at least one or two Mark Tapleys.

Rutledge & Horton reported that the market was, on the whole, a quiet one. They sold a thirty-foot lot on Lafayette avenue, near California avenue, at $50 a foot, to George Yaeger, who intends to build himself a house upon it; also a fifty-foot lot on Laclede avenue, east of Boyle avenue, at $42 50 a foot, to C. W. Barnes. They found renting and loaning both very dull.

J. M. Carpenter & Co. found business dull in all its branches. Since their last report they sold a sixty-five-foot lot on Delmar avenue, east of Vandeventer avenue, estate of R. B. Wane, to Mary E. Sanders, for $5,525, and a thirty-five-foot lot adjoining the above, Mary E. Flamm to the same, for $2,800, being an average of a trifle over $80 per foot for the property. Three three-story ten-room residences will be erected upon it by the purchaser.

W. C. Wilson & Co. reported the following sales: One hundred and thirty-five feet on Russell avenue, northwest corner of Oregon avenue, Wetmore heirs to James W. Grant for $3,000 cash, the purchaser assuming taxes and cost of sewer now in process of construction. These lots are about eight feet above grade.

A couple of lots in Rogers' sub-division of Benton place at satisfactory prices to parties who will improve them.

They stated that renting had been very fair and that collections had been quite satisfactory. The demands for loans had been very limited, but on the whole business had been very good for the time of year.

Farrar & Co., had found business dull in all its departments. They offered for sale at auction yesterday a lot of 676 feet on the northwest corner Market and Ninth streets, but they withdrew the property on finding that only $225 per foot was offered for it.

M. R. Collins, jr., & Co. reported that very little business had been doing. They had received several applications from buyers, but nothing had resulted from them. There was quite a steady demand for West End property, and there seemed to be a good prospect for transactions in that line of real estate before the close of the year.

Taaffe, Emerson & Co., sold 50 feet on the east side of Channing avenue between Laclede avenue and the Manchester road, at $28 per front foot, from James E. McCann to John White, who will improve his purchase.

Marcus A. Wolff & Co. sold a thirty-foot lot on Seventh street near Utah for $750, and a house and twenty-five foot lot on Cook avenue, east of Vandeventer for $4,000. They made three loans, aggregating $8,500, at 6 per cent and $1,500 at 7 per cent.

Cavender & Rowse made a number of small sales and loaned about $11,000 at 6 per cent. They found renting dull and collections very fair. They considered the state of the market as very satisfactory except in the renting department, which they reported duller than is usually the case at this time of year.

Valat & Vogel reported that they had several sales in view, some of them quite large ones, which would be consummated very shortly. They had been very successful in renting. Money had been in fair demand with a prospect of an early livening up on the demand for loans.

Solitaire diamond rings, collar-buttons and studs—we show an enormous stock at $10, $12, $15, $18, $20, $25, $30, $35, $40, $50, $60, $75, $90, $100, $125, $150, $175, $200, $250 and $300, guaranteed the finest qualities and greatest values that can possibly be obtained. Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Company, Fourth and Locust.

AN INSANE WOMAN'S FRENZY.

Mrs. Anna Smith's Desperate Attempt to Murder Her Brother's Children.

CHICAGO, December 4.—Mrs. Anna Smith, a Swede, aged 27 years, was released from the Insane Asylum at St. Peters, Minn., a few days ago. She was pronounced cured. Her husband hoped that she would be benefited by a visit to her brother, Emil Olsen, who lives at 25 Hunt street. Last evening she suddenly became insane again. Catching her brother's two small children, aged 1 and 2 years, she ran into the yard and began choking them. It required several men to tear the almost dead children from her grasp. The frenzied woman turned on Olsen in another attempt to kill his babies, and drove him into the house. He fastened the doors and left his frightened family locked up for an hour, when a policeman arrived and arrested the woman.

Northern Pacific Earnings.

NEW YORK, December 4.—The Northern Pacific gross earnings for November were $1,257,062, an increase of $134,638 over the corresponding month of last year.

BOYS' and CHILDREN'S CLOTHING.

Boys' Cutaway Suits,

Fancy Cassimeres and Corkscrews, of all shades, for $15, $18, $20, $22 and $25.

Boys' Sack Suits,

Corkscrews, Fancy Worsteds and Cassimeres. Prices, $7 50 to $22.

Boys' Long-Pant School

SUITS, sizes 9 to 12, for $5, $6 50, $7 50, $8, $8 50, $9 and $10. These Suits are worth double the money.

Children's Suits,

Sizes 4 to 8, Fancy Cheviots, Fancy Cassimeres and Corkscrews, for $5.

Children's Norfolk Suits,

Sizes 4 to 14.
For : : $4 and $5.

Children's Odd Pants,

Sizes 4 to 8 years (All Wool), Cheviots and Cassimeres, for 75c, $1, $1 25, $1 50, $1 75, $2, $2 25, $2 50.

F. W. HUMPHREY & CO.,

Clothiers, Hatters and Furnishers, Corner Broadway and Pine.

Send for our Illustrated Catalogue.

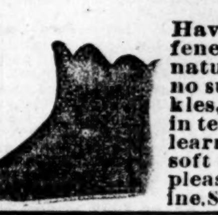
You Cannot

Be Too Careful

When you first teach the little ones to walk At that time they contract habits of gait that continue through life. Sometimes the ankles are too weak to support the weight of the body, and the strain upon them results often in an awkward walk, and sometimes in absolute deformity.

JOEL SWOPE & BRO.

311 N. Fourth Street,



Have Shoes with the ankles stiffened expressly to counteract this natural weakness. Even if there is no such weakness in a child's ankles, these Shoes are a great help in teaching them ease and grace in learning their first steps. They are soft to wear and occasion no unpleasant feelings. Call and examine. Send for Illustrated Catalogue.

TIME PAYMENTS

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CASH PRICES!

NO CHARGES!! NO INTEREST!!!

FURNITURE, CARPETS, STOVES

—AND—

Housefurnishings Generally!
Cheapest in the City!
For Cash or on Time!

ACCOMMODATION FURNITURE STORE,

806 N. SIXTH STREET. 806

PAID THE PENALTY.

The Execution of Marshall Clements, the Colorado Double Murderer.

LAGAUCHE, COL., December 4.—Marshall Clements, the double murderer, was hanged here yesterday. He showed no signs of nervousness, and while on the scaffold preserved a firm, easy bearing. His neck was not broken by the fall, although he died easily. For the past few days he has been preparing what he called his dying confession, and yesterday, after having sworn to it, handed it to the Sheriff. In this confession he exonerated his father and two sisters from having had any share in the murder, and took all the blame upon himself. He states that the murder grew out of family troubles, and that his brother's wife was the main factor in the contentions which arose. Clements' crime was the murder of his brother, Thomas Clements, and the latter's wife, Susie. John D. Clements, father of the two men, and his two daughters, Nann and Kate, are held as accessories after the fact. The Clementses all lived on a ranch, Thomas and his wife living in a separate cabin on account of the trouble she made. The couple disappeared on August 17, and suspicion having been excited, search was made. On September 20 Marshall Clements was arrested and confessed that he had accidentally killed his brother and buried him. He then told Susie her husband wanted to see her, and when she reached the spot he shot and killed her and buried her beside her husband.

HICKMAN TRUNK COMPANY FIRE—Trunks and valises will be sold at a sacrifice, slightly damaged by water. 2031 Morgan street.

FOR THE IRISH CAUSE.

Organization of a Branch Irish-American League in New York.

NEW YORK, December 4.—About 200 Irishmen assembled last evening in St. Agnes' Church, Lexington avenue, in response to an appeal made from the pulpit on Sunday, by the rector. Father McDowell said it was his desire that the Irish and Irish-Americans of his parish should form a branch to further the objects of the Irish-American League, which were to obtain for the Irish people national and local self government, land reforms, the extension of the Parliamentary and municipal franchises, and the encouragement of Irish industrial interests. Gen. James R. O'Beirne and Dr. W. B. Wallace, also addressed the meeting. Seventy-five of those present joined the League and paid subscription as members.

Horsford's Acid Phosphate.

Marked Benefit in Indigestion.

Dr. A. L HALL, Fair Haven, N. Y., says: "Have prescribed it with marked benefit in indigestion and urinary troubles."

ORDERED TO SEA.

The Dolphin Disabled While Making Ready for a Sea Trip.

NEW YORK, December 4.—A special order was received at the Brooklyn Navy Yard yesterday, directing that the Dolphin be equipped as a man-of-war and fitted up for a trial trip of six weeks at sea. While her anchor was being hoisted a rope slipped and the fluke struck the side of the vessel, breaking one of the iron plates. This will cause a delay of several days. She had been provisioned for two months. She will be under the command of Capt. R. W. Meade

THE SHAKSPEARE SOCIETY.

A Deed Signed by Members of the Immortal Bard's Family.

NEW YORK, December 4.—Appleton Morgan presided at a meeting of the Shakspeare Society in Columbia College, last night, W. W. Nevins read a paper written by J. Vining, of Chicago, on "The Time of Hamlet." A deed, 200 years old, with signatures of members of the Shakspeare family, was shown. The committee to ascertain the genuineness of the autograph of Shakspeare, owned by Mr. Gunther, of Chicago, reported progress.

THE ACTORS' FUND.

Important Meeting of the Board of Trustees—The Report.

NEW YORK, December 4.—A regular meeting of the Board of Trustees of the Actors' Fund took place yesterday. The reports showed that during the last three months the fund had given relief to forty-nine persons and buried twelve. Ten lots in Evergreen Cemetery had been purchased, and ten more would be in the near future.

MALARIA

Enters the system from unknown causes, at all seasons. Shatters the Nerves, Impairs Digestion, and Enfeebles the Muscles.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS

QUALITY P PURITY NOT QUANTITY. Trade Mark. On Every Bottle.

THE BEST TONIC

Quickly and completely cures Malaria, and Chills and Fevers. For Intermittent Fevers, Lassitude, Lack of Energy, it has no equal. It enriches and purifies the blood, stimulates the appetite, and strengthens the muscles and nerves.

It does not injure the teeth, cause headache, or produce constipation—*all other iron medicines do.*

FATHER T. J. REILLY, the patriotic and scholarly Catholic Divine, of Arkansas, says:

"I have used Brown's Iron Bitters with the greatest satisfaction for Malaria, and as a preventive of Chills and like diseases, and will always keep it on hand as a ready friend."

Genuine has above trade mark and crossed red lines on wrapper. Take no other. Made only by BROWN CHEMICAL CO., BALTIMORE, MD.

LADIES' HAND BOOK—useful and attractive containing list of prizes for recipes, information about coins, etc., given away by all dealers in medicine, or mailed to any address on receipt of 2c. stamp.

ELECTION NOTICE.

OFFICE ST. LOUIS GAS LIGHT COMPANY,
511 Olive street, St. Louis, Mo., Nov. 30, 1885.

THE annual meeting of the stockholders of the St. Louis Gas Light Company for the election of four (4) directors to serve for the ensuing two years, will be held at the office of the company, in the city of St. Louis, Mo., on Monday, December 7, 1885, between the hours of 9 a. m. and 2 p. m. By order of the Board of Directors.

GEO. M. PASCHALL, Secretary. SOCRATES NEWMAN, President.

ELECTION NOTICE—ST. LOUIS, November 2*, 1885.—The annual meeting of the Stockholders of the Laclede Gas Light Company, for the election of seven directors to serve for the ensuing year, will be held at the office of the company on Wednesday, December 9, 1885. Polls open from 12 noon to 1 p. m. J. D. THOMPSON, Secretary.

ELECTION NOTICE—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Carondelet Gas Light Company for the election of three (3) directors to serve for the ensuing two (2) years will be held at their office No. 7606 S. Broadway, Carondelet, now St. Louis, on Monday, December 7, 1885, between the hours of 9 a. m. and 2 p. m. By order of the board of directors. JOHN R. LIONBERGER, President.

HENRY C. SCOTT, Secretary.

SHAREHOLDERS' NOTICE OF ELECTION—A meeting of the shareholders of the Ninnescah Cattle Company will be held at the company's office, room 43, Turner Building, in St. Louis, Mo., on Monday, the 14th day of December, A. D., 1885, for the purpose of electing a Board of Directors to serve until the next regular election.
HENRY C. WILSON, President.
WM. F. LEONARD, Sec'y and Treas.
St. Louis, November 27, 1885.

OFFICE ST. LOUIS AGRICULTURAL AND MECHANICAL ASSOCIATION, NO. 718 CHESTNUT STREET, ST. LOUIS, December 4th, 1885.
Election notice—The regular annual election [illegible] teen directors of this association, to serve during [illegible] ing year, will be held on Saturday, the 12th day [illegible] ber 1885, at the office of the Association, 718 Chestnut [illegible] Polls open from 9 o'clock a. m. to 1 o'clock p. m.
FESTUS J. WADE, Secretary. CHAS. GR[illegible], Pres.

LARGEST E[illegible] IN THE UN[illegible]

VOL. XXX[illegible]

THE B[illegible]

HARPER'S MAG[illegible]

PRESS NOTICES.

BOUND VOLUMES

We have barg[illegible] WATCHES. They [illegible] uses in which close[illegible] Prices range from

$12.

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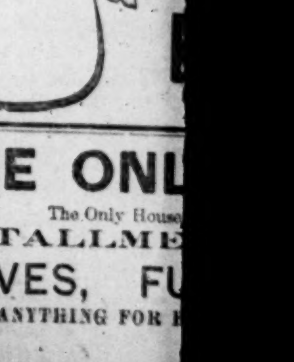

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